

February 13, 2024

Weslaco City Hall
Office of Public Works
255 South Kansas Avenue,
Weslaco, TX 78596

Re: City of Weslaco – Wastewater Renewal Application, Draft Permit, and Facts Sheet
for Permit No. WQ0010619003

Dear Lucy,

RSB has contacted Weslaco City Hall on February 13, 2024, regarding placing the document in this package for 40 days open for public comments and review.

We would appreciate your assistance in doing so.

If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact us at (832) 291-3473.

Thank you,

Hani Said
Environmental Scientist
RSB Environmental
Corporate Office: 6001 Savoy Dr., Ste. 110
Houston, Texas 77036
Office: 832.291.3473

RECEIVED

FEB 22 2024

BY: _____

Your Environmental Business Partners

WASTEWATER PERMIT RENEWAL APPLICATION, DRAFT PERMIT, AND
TECHNICAL SUMMARY

TO THE

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

FOR

City of Weslaco

WQ0010919003

August 2023

Prepared for:
City of Weslaco
255 S Kansas Avenue
Weslaco, TX 78596
Phone: (956) 968-3181

Prepared By:



6001 Savoy Drive, Suite # 110
Houston, Texas 77036
Phone: (830) 291-3473
www.rsbenvironmental.com



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
**DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATION
 CHECKLIST**

Complete and submit this checklist with the application.

APPLICANT: City of Weslaco

PERMIT NUMBER: WQ0010619003

Indicate if each of the following items is included in your application.

	Y	N		Y	N
Administrative Report 1.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Original USGS Map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Administrative Report 1.1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Affected Landowners Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
SPIF	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Landowner Disk or Labels	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Core Data Form	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Buffer Zone Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Public Involvement Plan Form	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Flow Diagram	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Technical Report 1.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Site Drawing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Technical Report 1.1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Original Photographs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Worksheet 2.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Design Calculations	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Worksheet 2.1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Solids Management Plan	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Worksheet 3.0	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Water Balance	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Worksheet 3.1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
Worksheet 3.2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
Worksheet 3.3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
Worksheet 4.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Worksheet 5.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Worksheet 6.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Worksheet 7.0	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			

For TCEQ Use Only

Segment Number _____	County _____
Expiration Date _____	Region _____
Permit Number _____	



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
**APPLICATION FOR A DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT
 ADMINISTRATIVE REPORT 1.0**

If you have questions about completing this form please contact the Applications Review and Processing Team at 512-239-4671.

Section 1. Application Fees (Instructions Page 29)

Indicate the amount submitted for the application fee (check only one).

Flow	New/Major Amendment	Renewal
<0.05 MGD	\$350.00 <input type="checkbox"/>	\$315.00 <input type="checkbox"/>
≥0.05 but <0.10 MGD	\$550.00 <input type="checkbox"/>	\$515.00 <input type="checkbox"/>
≥0.10 but <0.25 MGD	\$850.00 <input type="checkbox"/>	\$815.00 <input type="checkbox"/>
≥0.25 but <0.50 MGD	\$1,250.00 <input type="checkbox"/>	\$1,215.00 <input type="checkbox"/>
≥0.50 but <1.0 MGD	\$1,650.00 <input type="checkbox"/>	\$1,615.00 <input type="checkbox"/>
≥1.0 MGD	\$2,050.00 <input type="checkbox"/>	\$2,015.00 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Minor Amendment (for any flow) \$150.00

Payment Information:

Mailed Check/Money Order Number:
 Check/Money Order Amount:
 Name Printed on Check:

EPAY Voucher Number:

Copy of Payment Voucher enclosed? Yes

Section 2. Type of Application (Instructions Page 29)

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> New TPDES | <input type="checkbox"/> New TLAP |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Major Amendment <i>with</i> Renewal | <input type="checkbox"/> Minor Amendment <i>with</i> Renewal |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Major Amendment <i>without</i> Renewal | <input type="checkbox"/> Minor Amendment <i>without</i> Renewal |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Renewal without changes | <input type="checkbox"/> Minor Modification of permit |

For amendments or modifications, describe the proposed changes:

For existing permits:

Permit Number: WQ000010619003

EPA I.D. (TPDES only): TX0052787

Expiration Date: 11/06/2023

Section 3. Facility Owner (Applicant) and Co-Applciant Information (Instructions Page 29)

A. The owner of the facility must apply for the permit.

What is the Legal Name of the entity (applicant) applying for this permit?

City of Weslaco

(The legal name must be spelled exactly as filed with the Texas Secretary of State, County, or in the legal documents forming the entity.)

If the applicant is currently a customer with the TCEQ, what is the Customer Number (CN)? You may search for your CN on the TCEQ website at <http://www15.tceq.texas.gov/crpub/>

CN: 600520969

What is the name and title of the person signing the application? The person must be an executive official meeting signatory requirements in 30 TAC § 305.44.

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): Mr.

First and Last Name: David Suarez

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.):

Title: Mayor

B. Co-applciant information. Complete this section only if another person or entity is required to apply as a co-permittee.

What is the Legal Name of the co-applciant applying for this permit?

N/A

(The legal name must be spelled exactly as filed with the TX SOS, with the County, or in the legal documents forming the entity.)

If the co-applciant is currently a customer with the TCEQ, what is the Customer Number (CN)? You may search for your CN on the TCEQ website at: <http://www15.tceq.texas.gov/crpub/>

CN:

What is the name and title of the person signing the application? The person must be an executive official meeting signatory requirements in 30 TAC § 305.44.

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss):

First and Last Name:

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.):

Title:

Provide a brief description of the need for a co-permittee:

C. Core Data Form

Complete the Core Data Form for each customer and include as an attachment. If the customer type selected on the Core Data Form is **Individual**, complete **Attachment 1** of Administrative Report 1.0.

Attachment: A

Section 4. Application Contact Information (Instructions Page 30)

This is the person(s) TCEQ will contact if additional information is needed about this application. Provide a contact for administrative questions and technical questions.

A. Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): Mr.

First and Last Name: Hani Said

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.):

Title: Environmental Scientist

Organization Name: RSB Environmental

Mailing Address: 6001 Savoy Dr, #110

City, State, Zip Code: Houston, TX 77036

Phone No.: 832-291-3473 Ext.:

Fax No.:

E-mail Address: hani@rsbenv.com

Check one or both: Administrative Contact Technical Contact

B. Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): Mr.

First and Last Name: Hani Said

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.):

Title: Environmental Scientist

Organization Name: RSB Environmental

Mailing Address: 6001 Savoy Dr, #110

City, State, Zip Code: Houston, TX 77036

Phone No.: 832-291-3473 Ext.:

Fax No.:

E-mail Address: hani@rsbenv.com

Check one or both: Administrative Contact Technical Contact

Section 5. Permit Contact Information (Instructions Page 30)

Provide two names of individuals that can be contacted throughout the permit term.

A. Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): Mr.

First and Last Name: David Arce

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.): [REDACTED]

Title: Public Utilities Director

Organization Name: City of Weslaco

Mailing Address: 1912 Joe Stephens Ave,

City, State, Zip Code: Weslaco, TX 78596

Phone No.: 956-973-3146 Ext.: [REDACTED] Fax No.: [REDACTED]

E-mail Address: Darce@weslacotx.gov

B. Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): [REDACTED]

First and Last Name: George Quilantan

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.): [REDACTED]

Title: Project Manager

Organization Name: Inframark Water& infrastructure Services

Mailing Address: 2500 N. Texas Blvd.

City, State, Zip Code: Weslaco, TX 78599

Phone No.: 956.968.2833 Ext.: [REDACTED] Fax No.: [REDACTED]

E-mail Address: george.quilantan@inframark.com

Section 6. Billing Information (Instructions Page 30)

The permittee is responsible for paying the annual fee. The annual fee will be assessed to permits *in effect on September 1 of each year*. The TCEQ will send a bill to the address provided in this section. The permittee is responsible for terminating the permit when it is no longer needed (using form TCEQ-20029).

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): Mr.

First and Last Name: David Arce

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.): [REDACTED]

Title: Public Utilities Director

Organization Name: City of Weslaco

Mailing Address: 1912 Joe Stephens Ave,

City, State, Zip Code: Weslaco, TX 78596

Phone No.: 956-973-3146 Ext.: [REDACTED] Fax No.: [REDACTED]

E-mail Address: Darce@weslacotx.gov

Section 7. DMR/MER Contact Information (Instructions Page 31)

Provide the name and complete mailing address of the person delegated to receive and submit Discharge Monitoring Reports (EPA 3320-1) or maintain Monthly Effluent Reports.

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): Mr.

First and Last Name: George Quilantan

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.): [REDACTED]

Title: Project Manager

Organization Name: Inframark Water& infrastructure Services

Mailing Address: 2500 N. Texas Blvd.

City, State, Zip Code: Weslaco, TX 78599

Phone No.: 956.968.2833 Ext.: [REDACTED] Fax No.: [REDACTED]

E-mail Address: george.quilantan@inframark.com

DMR data is required to be submitted electronically. Create an account at:
<https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/netdmr/netdmr.html>.

Section 8. Public Notice Information (Instructions Page 31)

A. Individual Publishing the Notices

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): Mr.

First and Last Name: Hani Said

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.):

Title: Environmental Scientist

Organization Name: RSB Environmental

Mailing Address: 6001 Savoy Dr,#110

City, State, Zip Code: Houston, TX 77036

Phone No.: 832-291-3473 Ext.: Fax No.:

E-mail Address: hani@rsbenv.com

B. Method for Receiving Notice of Receipt and Intent to Obtain a Water Quality Permit Package

Indicate by a check mark the preferred method for receiving the first notice and instructions:

E-mail Address

Fax

Regular Mail

C. Contact person to be listed in the Notices

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): Mr.

First and Last Name: David Arce

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.): [REDACTED]

Title: Public Utilities Director

Organization Name: City of Weslaco

Phone No.: 956-973-3146 Ext.: [REDACTED]

E-mail: [REDACTED]

D. Public Viewing Information

If the facility or outfall is located in more than one county, a public viewing place for each county must be provided.

Public building name: City Hall

Location within the building: Reception

Physical Address of Building: 255 S. Kansas Ave

City: Weslaco

County: Hidalgo

Contact Name: [REDACTED]

Phone No.: [REDACTED] Ext.: [REDACTED]

E. Bilingual Notice Requirements:

This information **is required** for **new, major amendment, minor amendment or minor modification, and renewal applications.**

This section of the application is only used to determine if alternative language notices will be needed. Complete instructions on publishing the alternative language notices will be in your public notice package.

Please call the bilingual/ESL coordinator at the nearest elementary and middle schools and obtain the following information to determine whether an alternative language notices are required.

1. Is a bilingual education program required by the Texas Education Code at the elementary or middle school nearest to the facility or proposed facility?

Yes No

If **no**, publication of an alternative language notice is not required; **skip to** Section 9 below.

2. Are the students who attend either the elementary school or the middle school enrolled in a bilingual education program at that school?

Yes No

3. Do the students at these schools attend a bilingual education program at another location?

Yes No

4. Would the school be required to provide a bilingual education program but the school has waived out of this requirement under 19 TAC §89.1205(g)?

Yes No

5. If the answer is yes to question 1, 2, 3, or 4, public notices in an alternative language are required. Which language is required by the bilingual program? Spanish

F. Public Involvement Plan Form

Complete the Public Involvement Plan Form (TCEQ Form 20960) for each application for a **new permit or major amendment to a permit** and include as an attachment.

Attachment: 

Section 9. Regulated Entity and Permitted Site Information (Instructions Page 33)

A. If the site is currently regulated by TCEQ, provide the Regulated Entity Number (RN) issued to this site. RN101607943

Search the TCEQ's Central Registry at <http://www15.tceq.texas.gov/crpub/> to determine if the site is currently regulated by TCEQ.

B. Name of project or site (the name known by the community where located):

Weslaco Plant

C. Owner of treatment facility: City of Weslaco

Ownership of Facility: Public Private Both Federal

D. Owner of land where treatment facility is or will be:

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss):

First and Last Name: City of Weslaco

Mailing Address: 255 s Kansas Ave.

City, State, Zip Code: Weslaco, TX 78599

Phone No.: 956.968.3181

E-mail Address: 

If the landowner is not the same person as the facility owner or co-applicant, attach a lease agreement or deed recorded easement. See instructions.

Attachment:

E. Owner of effluent disposal site:

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): N/A

First and Last Name:

Mailing Address:

City, State, Zip Code:

Phone No.: [REDACTED] E-mail Address: [REDACTED]

If the landowner is not the same person as the facility owner or co-applicant, attach a lease agreement or deed recorded easement. See instructions.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

- F. Owner of sewage sludge disposal site (if authorization is requested for sludge disposal on property owned or controlled by the applicant):

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): N/A

First and Last Name: [REDACTED]

Mailing Address: [REDACTED]

City, State, Zip Code: [REDACTED]

Phone No.: [REDACTED] E-mail Address: [REDACTED]

If the landowner is not the same person as the facility owner or co-applicant, attach a lease agreement or deed recorded easement. See instructions.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

Section 10. TPDES Discharge Information (Instructions Page 34)

- A. Is the wastewater treatment facility location in the existing permit accurate?

Yes No

If no, or a new permit application, please give an accurate description:

[REDACTED]

- B. Are the point(s) of discharge and the discharge route(s) in the existing permit correct?

Yes No

If no, or a new or amendment permit application, provide an accurate description of the point of discharge and the discharge route to the nearest classified segment as defined in 30 TAC Chapter 307:

[REDACTED]

City nearest the outfall(s): Weslaco

County in which the outfalls(s) is/are located: Hidalgo

Outfall Latitude: 26.184877

Longitude: -97.971014

- C. Is or will the treated wastewater discharge to a city, county, or state highway right-of-way, or a flood control district drainage ditch?

Yes No

If **yes**, indicate by a check mark if:

Authorization granted Authorization pending

For **new and amendment** applications, provide copies of letters that show proof of contact and the approval letter upon receipt.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

D. For all applications involving an average daily discharge of 5 MGD or more, provide the names of all counties located within 100 statute miles downstream of the point(s) of discharge.

Hidalgo, Cameron

Section 11. TLAP Disposal Information (Instructions Page 36)

A. For TLAPs, is the location of the effluent disposal site in the existing permit accurate?

Yes No

If **no**, or a **new or amendment permit application**, provide an accurate description of the disposal site location:

N/A

B. City nearest the disposal site:

C. County in which the disposal site is located:

D. Disposal Site Latitude: Longitude:

E. For TLAPs, describe the routing of effluent from the treatment facility to the disposal site:

[REDACTED]

F. For TLAPs, please identify the nearest watercourse to the disposal site to which rainfall runoff might flow if not contained:

[REDACTED]

Section 12. Miscellaneous Information (Instructions Page 37)

A. Is the facility located on or does the treated effluent cross American Indian Land?

Yes No

B. If the existing permit contains an onsite sludge disposal authorization, is the location of the sewage sludge disposal site in the existing permit accurate?

Yes No Not Applicable

If No, or if a new onsite sludge disposal authorization is being requested in this permit application, provide an accurate location description of the sewage sludge disposal site.

C. Did any person formerly employed by the TCEQ represent your company and get paid for service regarding this application?

Yes No

If yes, list each person formerly employed by the TCEQ who represented your company and was paid for service regarding the application:

D. Do you owe any fees to the TCEQ?

Yes No

If yes, provide the following information:

Account number:

Amount past due:

E. Do you owe any penalties to the TCEQ?

Yes No

If yes, please provide the following information:

Enforcement order number:

Amount past due:

Section 13. Attachments (Instructions Page 38)

Indicate which attachments are included with the Administrative Report. Check all that apply:


Lease agreement or deed recorded easement, if the land where the treatment facility is located or the effluent disposal site are not owned by the applicant or co-applicant.

Original full-size USGS Topographic Map with the following information:

- Applicant's property boundary

- Treatment facility boundary
- Labeled point of discharge for each discharge point (TPDES only)
- Highlighted discharge route for each discharge point (TPDES only)
- Onsite sewage sludge disposal site (if applicable)
- Effluent disposal site boundaries (TLAP only)
- New and future construction (if applicable)
- 1 mile radius information
- 3 miles downstream information (TPDES only)
- All ponds.

Attachment 1 for Individuals as co-applicants

Other Attachments. Please specify: 

Section 14. Signature Page (Instructions Page 39)

If co-applicants are necessary, each entity must submit an original, separate signature page.

Permit Number: W00010619003

Applicant: City of Weslaco

Certification:

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

I further certify that I am authorized under 30 Texas Administrative Code § 305.44 to sign and submit this document, and can provide documentation in proof of such authorization upon request.

Signatory name (typed or printed): David Suarez

Signatory title: Mayor

Signature: *David Suarez* Date: 6/01/23

(Use blue ink)

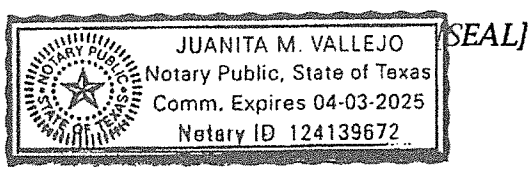
Subscribed and Sworn to before me by the said David Suarez

on this 1st day of June, 2023.

My commission expires on the 3rd day of April, 2025.

Juanita M. Vallejo
Notary Public

Hidalgo
County, Texas



Section 15. Plain Language Summary (Instructions Page 40)

If you are subject to the alternative language notice requirements in 30 Texas Administrative Code §39.426, **you must provide a translated copy of the completed plain language summary in the appropriate alternative language as part of your application package.** For your convenience, a Spanish template has been provided below.

ENGLISH TEMPLATE FOR TPDES or TLAP NEW/RENEWAL/AMENDMENT APPLICATIONS

DOMESTIC WASTEWATER

The following summary is provided for this pending water quality permit application being reviewed by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as required by 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 39. The information provided in this summary may change during the technical review of the application and are not federal enforceable representations of the permit application.

City of Weslaco (CN600520969) operates Weslaco plant RN101607943. an Activated sludge process plant operated in extended aeration mode. The facility is located Northeast of the City of Weslaco approximately 4000 feet east of State Highway 88 and approximately 4000 feet North of Pike Boulevard , in Weslaco, Hidalgo County, Texas 78599.

This application is for renewal to discharge a volume not to exceed a daily average flow of 0.49 MGD of treated domestic wastewater via outfall.

Discharges from the facility are expected to contain five-day carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand (CBOD₅) total suspended solids (TSS), ammonia nitrogen (NH₃-N), Zinc and *Escherichia coli*. Additional potential pollutants are included in the Domestic Technical Report 1.0, Section 7. Domestic wastewater is treated by Activated sludge process plant operated in extended aeration mode, Treatment units include a lift station, bar screen, grit removal, oxidation ditches, secondary clarifiers, sludge belt press, chlorine contact chamber and dichlorination facilities.

PLANTILLA EN ESPAÑOL PARA SOLICITUDES NUEVAS/RENOVACIONES/ENMIENDAS TPDES o TLAP

AGUAS RESIDUALES DOMÉSTICAS

El siguiente resumen se proporciona para esta solicitud de permiso de calidad del agua pendiente que está siendo revisada por la Comisión de Calidad Ambiental de Texas según lo requerido por el Capítulo 39 del Código Administrativo de Texas 30. La información proporcionada en este resumen puede cambiar durante la revisión técnica de la solicitud y no son representaciones federales exigibles de la solicitud de permiso.

1. Introduzca el nombre del solicitante aquí. (2. Introduzca el número de cliente aquí (es decir, CN6 #####).) 3. Elija del menú desplegable. 4. Introduzca el nombre de la instalación aquí. 5. Introduzca el número de entidad regulada aquí (es decir, RN1 #####). 6. Elija del menú desplegable. 7. Introduzca la descripción de la instalación aquí. . La instalación 8. Elija del menú desplegable. ubicado 9. Introduzca la ubicación aquí. , en 10. Introduzca el nombre de la ciudad aquí. , Condado de 11. Introduzca el nombre del condado aquí. , Texas 12. Introduzca el código postal aquí. . 13. Introduzca el resumen de la solicitud de solicitud aquí. <<Para las aplicaciones de TLAP incluya la siguiente oración, de lo contrario, elimine:>> Este permiso no autorizará una descarga de contaminantes en el agua en el estado.

Se espera que las descargas de la instalación contengan 14. Liste todos los contaminantes esperados aquí. 15. Introduzca los tipos de aguas residuales descargadas aquí. 16. Elija del menú desplegable. tratado por 17. Introduzca una descripción del tratamiento de aguas residuales utilizado en la instalación aquí.

La ciudad de Weslaco (CN600520969) opera la planta de Weslaco RN101607943. una planta de proceso de lodos activados operada en modo de aireación extendida. La instalación está ubicada al noreste de la ciudad de Weslaco, aproximadamente a 4000 pies al este de la carretera estatal 88 y aproximadamente a 4000 pies al norte de Pike Boulevard, en Weslaco, condado de Hidalgo, Texas 78599.

Esta solicitud es para la renovación para descargar un volumen que no exceda un flujo promedio diario de 0.49 MGD de aguas residuales domésticas tratadas a través de un emisario.

Se espera que las descargas de la instalación contengan demanda bioquímica de oxígeno carbonoso (CBOD₅) de cinco días, sólidos suspendidos totales (TSS), nitrógeno amoniacal (NH₃-N), zinc y Escherichia coli. Los contaminantes potenciales adicionales se incluyen en el Informe técnico doméstico 1.0, Sección 7. Las aguas residuales domésticas son tratadas por una planta de proceso de lodos activados operada en modo de aireación extendida. prensa de banda, cámara de contacto de cloro e instalaciones de dicloración.

DOMESTIC ADMINISTRATIVE REPORT 1.1

The following information is required for new and amendment applications.

Section 1. Affected Landowner Information (Instructions Page 41)

- A. Indicate by a check mark that the landowners map or drawing, with scale, includes the following information, as applicable:
- The applicant's property boundaries
 - The facility site boundaries within the applicant's property boundaries
 - The distance the buffer zone falls into adjacent properties and the property boundaries of the landowners located within the buffer zone
 - The property boundaries of all landowners surrounding the applicant's property (Note: if the application is a major amendment for a lignite mine, the map must include the property boundaries of all landowners adjacent to the new facility (ponds).)
 - The point(s) of discharge and highlighted discharge route(s) clearly shown for one mile downstream
 - The property boundaries of the landowners located on both sides of the discharge route for one full stream mile downstream of the point of discharge
 - The property boundaries of the landowners along the watercourse for a one-half mile radius from the point of discharge if the point of discharge is into a lake, bay, estuary, or affected by tides
 - The boundaries of the effluent disposal site (for example, irrigation area or subsurface drainfield site) and all evaporation/holding ponds within the applicant's property
 - The property boundaries of all landowners surrounding the effluent disposal site
 - The boundaries of the sludge land application site (for land application of sewage sludge for beneficial use) and the property boundaries of landowners surrounding the applicant's property boundaries where the sewage sludge land application site is located
 - The property boundaries of landowners within one-half mile in all directions from the applicant's property boundaries where the sewage sludge disposal site (for example, sludge surface disposal site or sludge monofill) is located
- B. Indicate by a check mark that a separate list with the landowners' names and mailing addresses cross-referenced to the landowner's map has been provided.
- C. Indicate by a check mark in which format the landowners list is submitted:
- USB Drive
 - Four sets of labels
- D. Provide the source of the landowners' names and mailing addresses:
- E. As required by *Texas Water Code § 5.115*, is any permanent school fund land affected by this application?
- Yes
 - No

If yes, provide the location and foreseeable impacts and effects this application has on the land(s):

Section 2. Original Photographs (Instructions Page 44)

Provide original ground level photographs. Indicate with checkmarks that the following information is provided.

- At least one original photograph of the new or expanded treatment unit location
- At least two photographs of the existing/proposed point of discharge and as much area downstream (photo 1) and upstream (photo 2) as can be captured. If the discharge is to an open water body (e.g., lake, bay), the point of discharge should be in the right or left edge of each photograph showing the open water and with as much area on each respective side of the discharge as can be captured.
- At least one photograph of the existing/proposed effluent disposal site
- A plot plan or map showing the location and direction of each photograph

Section 3. Buffer Zone Map (Instructions Page 44)

A. Buffer zone map. Provide a buffer zone map on 8.5 x 11-inch paper with all of the following information. The applicant's property line and the buffer zone line may be distinguished by using dashes or symbols and appropriate labels.

- The applicant's property boundary;
- The required buffer zone; and
- Each treatment unit; and
- The distance from each treatment unit to the property boundaries.

B. Buffer zone compliance method. Indicate how the buffer zone requirements will be met. Check all that apply.

- Ownership
- Restrictive easement
- Nuisance odor control
- Variance

C. Unsuitable site characteristics. Does the facility comply with the requirements regarding unsuitable site characteristic found in 30 TAC § 309.13(a) through (d)?

- Yes No

**TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
SUPPLEMENTAL PERMIT INFORMATION FORM (SPIF)**

**FOR AGENCIES REVIEWING DOMESTIC
TPDES WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATIONS**

TCEQ USE ONLY:	
Application type: <input type="checkbox"/> Renewal <input type="checkbox"/> Major Amendment <input type="checkbox"/> Minor Amendment <input type="checkbox"/> New	
County: _____	Segment Number: _____
Admin Complete Date: _____	
Agency Receiving SPIF:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Texas Historical Commission	<input type="checkbox"/> U.S. Fish and Wildlife
<input type="checkbox"/> Texas Parks and Wildlife Department	<input type="checkbox"/> U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

This form applies to TPDES permit applications only. (Instructions, Page 53)

The SPIF must be completed as a separate document. The TCEQ will mail a copy of the SPIF to each agency as required by the TCEQ agreement with EPA. If any of the items are not completely addressed or further information is needed, you will be contacted to provide the information before the permit is issued. Each item must be completely addressed.

Do not refer to a response of any item in the permit application form. Each attachment must be provided with this form separately from the administrative report of the application. The application will not be declared administratively complete without this form being completed in its entirety including all attachments.

The following applies to all applications:

1. Permittee: City of Weslaco

Permit No. WQ00 1061903

EPA ID No. TX 0052787

Address of the project (or a location description that includes street/highway, city/vicinity, and county):

Northeast of the City of Weslaco approximately 4000 east of State Highway 88 and approximately 4000 feet North of Pike Boulevard in Hidalgo County, TX 78599

Provide the name, address, phone and fax number of an individual that can be contacted to answer specific questions about the property.

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss):

First and Last Name: David Arce

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.):

Title: Public Utilities Director

Mailing Address: 1912 Joe Stephens Ave

City, State, Zip Code: Weslaco, TX 78596

Phone No.: 956.973.3146 Ext.: Fax No.:

E-mail Address: Darce@weslacotx.gov

2. List the county in which the facility is located: Hidalgo
3. If the property is publicly owned and the owner is different than the permittee/applicant, please list the owner of the property.

N/A

4. Provide a description of the effluent discharge route. The discharge route must follow the flow of effluent from the point of discharge to the nearest major watercourse (from the point of discharge to a classified segment as defined in 30 TAC Chapter 307). If known, please identify the classified segment number.

An unnamed drainage ditch; thence to North Floodway; thence to Laguna Madre in Segment No. 2491 of the Bays and Estuaries

5. Please provide a separate 7.5-minute USGS quadrangle map with the project boundaries plotted and a general location map showing the project area. Please highlight the discharge route from the point of discharge for a distance of one mile downstream. (This map is required in addition to the map in the administrative report).

Provide original photographs of any structures 50 years or older on the property.

Does your project involve any of the following? Check all that apply.

- Proposed access roads, utility lines, construction easements
- Visual effects that could damage or detract from a historic property's integrity
- Vibration effects during construction or as a result of project design
- Additional phases of development that are planned for the future
- Sealing caves, fractures, sinkholes, other karst features

Disturbance of vegetation or wetlands

6. List proposed construction impact (surface acres to be impacted, depth of excavation, sealing of caves, or other karst features):

N/a

7. Describe existing disturbances, vegetation, and land use:

THE FOLLOWING ITEMS APPLY ONLY TO APPLICATIONS FOR NEW TPDES PERMITS AND MAJOR AMENDMENTS TO TPDES PERMITS

8. List construction dates of all buildings and structures on the property:

9. Provide a brief history of the property, and name of the architect/builder, if known.

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ATTACHMENT 1

INDIVIDUAL INFORMATION

Section 1. Individual Information (Instructions Page 50)

Complete this attachment if the facility applicant or co-applicant is an individual. Make additional copies of this attachment if both are individuals.

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): [REDACTED]

Full legal name (first, middle, last): [REDACTED]

Driver's License or State Identification Number: [REDACTED]

Date of Birth: [REDACTED]

Mailing Address: [REDACTED]

City, State, and Zip Code: [REDACTED]

Phone Number: [REDACTED] Fax Number: [REDACTED]

E-mail Address: [REDACTED]

CN: [REDACTED]

<p>For Commission Use Only: Customer Number: Regulated Entity Number: Permit Number:</p>

CHECKLIST OF COMMON DEFICIENCIES

Below is a list of common deficiencies found during the administrative review of domestic wastewater permit applications. To ensure the timely processing of this application, please review the items below and indicate by checking Yes that each item is complete and in accordance applicable rules at 30 TAC Chapters 21, 281, and 305. If an item is not required this application, indicate by checking N/A where appropriate. Please do not submit the application until the items below have been addressed.

Core Data Form (TCEQ Form No. 10400) <i>(Required for all applications types. Must be completed in its entirety and signed. Note: Form may be signed by applicant representative.)</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Yes
Correct and Current Industrial Wastewater Permit Application Forms <i>(TCEQ Form Nos. 10053 and 10054. Version dated 6/25/2018 or later.)</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Yes
Water Quality Permit Payment Submittal Form (Page 19) <i>(Original payment sent to TCEQ Revenue Section. See instructions for mailing address.)</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Yes
7.5 Minute USGS Quadrangle Topographic Map Attached <i>(Full-size map if seeking "New" permit. 8 ½ x 11 acceptable for Renewals and Amendments)</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Yes
Current/Non-Expired, Executed Lease Agreement or Easement Attached	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	N/A	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes
Landowners Map <i>(See instructions for landowner requirements)</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	N/A	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes

Things to Know:

- All the items shown on the map must be labeled.
- The applicant's complete property boundaries must be delineated which includes boundaries of contiguous property owned by the applicant.
- The applicant cannot be its own adjacent landowner. You must identify the landowners immediately adjacent to their property, regardless of how far they are from the actual facility.
- If the applicant's property is adjacent to a road, creek, or stream, the landowners on the opposite side must be identified. Although the properties are not adjacent to applicant's property boundary, they are considered potentially affected landowners. If the adjacent road is a divided highway as identified on the USGS topographic map, the applicant does not have to identify the landowners on the opposite side of the highway.

Landowners Cross Reference List <i>(See instructions for landowner requirements)</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	N/A	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes
Landowners Labels or USB Drive attached <i>(See instructions for landowner requirements)</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	N/A	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes
Original signature per 30 TAC § 305.44 – Blue Ink Preferred <i>(If signature page is not signed by an elected official or principle executive officer, a copy of signature authority/delegation letter must be attached)</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Yes



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATION

DOMESTIC TECHNICAL REPORT 1.0

The Following Is Required For All Applications
Renewal, New, And Amendment

Section 1. Permitted or Proposed Flows (Instructions Page 51)

A. Existing/Interim I Phase

Design Flow (MGD): [REDACTED]

2-Hr Peak Flow (MGD): [REDACTED]

Estimated construction start date: [REDACTED]

Estimated waste disposal start date: [REDACTED]

B. Interim II Phase

Design Flow (MGD): [REDACTED]

2-Hr Peak Flow (MGD): [REDACTED]

Estimated construction start date: [REDACTED]

Estimated waste disposal start date: [REDACTED]

C. Final Phase

Design Flow (MGD): 4.9

2-Hr Peak Flow (MGD): [REDACTED]

Estimated construction start date: N/A

Estimated waste disposal start date: N/A

D. Current operating phase: Final

Provide the startup date of the facility: 1/1/2005

Section 2. Treatment Process (Instructions Page 51)

A. Treatment process description

Provide a detailed description of the treatment process. **Include the type of**

treatment plant, mode of operation, and all treatment units. Start with the plant's head works and finish with the point of discharge. Include all sludge processing and drying units. **If more than one phase exists or is proposed in the permit, a description of *each phase* must be provided.** Process description:

Activated sludge process plant operated in extended aeration mode, Treatment units include a lift station, bar screen, grit removal, oxidation ditches, secondary clarifiers, sludge belt press, chlorine contact chamber and dichlorination facilities.

Port or pipe diameter at the discharge point, in inches: 24

B. Treatment Units

In Table 1.0(1), provide the treatment unit type, the number of units, and dimensions (length, width, depth) of each treatment unit, accounting for *all phases of operation*.

Table 1.0(1) - Treatment Units

Treatment Unit Type	Number of Units	Dimensions (L x W x D)
Bar Screen	1	Flow channel: 4'(w) x 4.5'(Depth)
Oxidation Ditch	1	410' x 45' x 18'
Aeration Basin	1	165' x 45' x 18'
Final Clarifier	2	Dia 66' x 10'
	1	Dia 104' x 15'
Chlorine Contact Chamber	1	40' x 10'
	1	60' x 10'
Belt Filter Press	1	Solid Loading rate: 972lb/hr Hydraulic Loading rate: 194 gpm Solid throughput: 16% -18%
Aerobic Digester	1	232' x 20' x 8'

C. Process flow diagrams

Provide flow diagrams for the existing facilities and **each** proposed phase of construction.

Attachment: D

Section 3. Site Drawing (Instructions Page 52)

Provide a site drawing for the facility that shows the following:

- The boundaries of the treatment facility;
- The boundaries of the area served by the treatment facility;
- If land disposal of effluent, the boundaries of the disposal site and all storage/holding ponds; and
- If sludge disposal is authorized in the permit, the boundaries of the land application or disposal site.

Attachment: E

Provide the name and a description of the area served by the treatment facility.

City of Weslaco

Section 4. Unbuilt Phases (Instructions Page 52)

Is the application for a renewal of a permit that contains an unbuilt phase or phases?

Yes No

If yes, does the existing permit contain a phase that has not been constructed within five years of being authorized by the TCEQ?

Yes No

If yes, provide a detailed discussion regarding the continued need for the unbuilt phase. Failure to provide sufficient justification may result in the Executive Director recommending denial of the unbuilt phase or phases.

Section 5. Closure Plans (Instructions Page 53)

Have any treatment units been taken out of service permanently, or will any units be taken out of service in the next five years?

Yes No

If yes, was a closure plan submitted to the TCEQ?

Yes No

If yes, provide a brief description of the closure and the date of plan approval.

Section 6. Permit Specific Requirements (Instructions Page 53)

For applicants with an existing permit, check the *Other Requirements* or *Special Provisions* of the permit.

A. Summary transmittal

Have plans and specifications been approved for the existing facilities and each proposed phase?

Yes No

If yes, provide the date(s) of approval for each phase: March 6, 2009, and July 2, 2009

Provide information, including dates, on any actions taken to meet a requirement or provision pertaining to the submission of a summary transmittal letter. Provide a copy of an approval letter from the TCEQ, if applicable.

B. Buffer zones

Have the buffer zone requirements been met?

Yes No

Provide information below, including dates, on any actions taken to meet the conditions of the buffer zone. If available, provide any new documentation relevant to maintaining the buffer zones.

C. Other actions required by the current permit

Does the *Other Requirements* or *Special Provisions* section in the existing permit require submission of any other information or other required actions? Examples include Notification of Completion, progress reports, soil monitoring data, etc.

Yes No

If yes, provide information below on the status of any actions taken to meet the conditions of an *Other Requirement* or *Special Provision*.

D. Grit and grease treatment

1. Acceptance of grit and grease waste

Does the facility have a grit and/or grease processing facility onsite that treats and decants or accepts transported loads of grit and grease waste that are discharged directly to the wastewater treatment plant prior to any treatment?

Yes No



If No, stop here and continue with Subsection E. Stormwater Management.

2. Grit and grease processing

Describe below how the grit and grease waste is treated at the facility. In your description, include how and where the grit and grease is introduced to the treatment works and how it is separated or processed. Provide a flow diagram showing how grit and grease is processed at the facility.

3. Grit disposal

Does the facility have a Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) registration or permit for grit disposal?

Yes No

If No, contact the TCEQ Municipal Solid Waste team at 512-239-0000. Note: A registration or permit is required for grit disposal. Grit shall not be combined with treatment plant sludge. See the instruction booklet for additional information on grit disposal requirements and restrictions.

Describe the method of grit disposal.

4. Grease and decanted liquid disposal

Note: A registration or permit is required for grease disposal. Grease shall not be combined with treatment plant sludge. For more information, contact the TCEQ Municipal Solid Waste team at 512-239-0000.

Describe how the decant and grease are treated and disposed of after grit separation.

E. Stormwater management

1. Applicability

Does the facility have a design flow of 1.0 MGD or greater in any phase?

Yes No

Does the facility have an approved pretreatment program, under 40 CFR Part 403?

Yes No

If no to both of the above, then skip to Subsection F, Other Wastes Received.

2. MSGP coverage

Is the stormwater runoff from the WWTP and dedicated lands for sewage disposal currently permitted under the TPDES Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP), TXR050000?

Yes No

If yes, please provide MSGP Authorization Number and skip to Subsection F, Other Wastes Received:

TXR05 _____ or TXRNE _____

If no, do you intend to seek coverage under TXR050000?

Yes No

3. Conditional exclusion

Alternatively, do you intend to apply for a conditional exclusion from permitting based TXR050000 (Multi Sector General Permit) Part II B.2 or TXR050000 (Multi Sector General Permit) Part V, Sector T 3(b)?

Yes No

If yes, please explain below then proceed to Subsection F, Other Wastes Received:

4. Existing coverage in individual permit



Is your stormwater discharge currently permitted through this individual TPDES or TLAP permit?

Yes No

If yes, provide a description of stormwater runoff management practices at the site that are authorized in the wastewater permit then skip to Subsection F, Other Wastes Received.

5. Zero stormwater discharge

Do you intend to have no discharge of stormwater via use of evaporation or other means?

Yes No

If yes, explain below then skip to Subsection F. Other Wastes Received.

Note: If there is a potential to discharge any stormwater to surface water in the state as the result of any storm event, then permit coverage is required under the MSGP or an individual discharge permit. This requirement applies to all areas of facilities with treatment plants or systems that treat, store, recycle, or reclaim domestic sewage, wastewater or sewage sludge (including dedicated lands for sewage sludge disposal located within the onsite property boundaries) that meet the applicability criteria of above. You have the option of obtaining coverage under the MSGP for direct discharges, (recommended), or obtaining coverage under this individual permit.

6. Request for coverage in individual permit

Are you requesting coverage of stormwater discharges associated with your treatment plant under this individual permit?

Yes No

If yes, provide a description of stormwater runoff management practices at the site for which you are requesting authorization in this individual wastewater permit and describe whether you intend to comingle this discharge with your treated effluent or discharge it via a separate dedicated stormwater outfall. Please also indicate if you intend to divert stormwater to

the treatment plant headworks and indirectly discharge it to water in the state.

Note: Direct stormwater discharges to waters in the state authorized through this individual permit will require the development and implementation of a stormwater pollution prevention plan (SWPPP) and will be subject to additional monitoring and reporting requirements. Indirect discharges of stormwater via headworks recycling will require compliance with all individual permit requirements including 2-hour peak flow limitations. All stormwater discharge authorization requests will require additional information during the technical review of your application.

F. Discharges to the Lake Houston Watershed

Does the facility discharge in the Lake Houston watershed?

Yes No

If yes, a Sewage Sludge Solids Management Plan is required. See Example 5 in the instructions.

G. Other wastes received including sludge from other WWTPs and septic waste

1. Acceptance of sludge from other WWTPs

Does the facility accept or will it accept sludge from other treatment plants at the facility site?

Yes No

If yes, attach sewage sludge solids management plan. See Example 5 of the instructions.

In addition, provide the date that the plant started accepting sludge or is anticipated to start accepting sludge, an estimate of monthly sludge acceptance (gallons or millions of gallons), an estimate of the BOD₅ concentration of the sludge, and the design BOD₅ concentration of the influent from the collection system. Also note if this information has or has not changed since the last permit action.

Note: Permits that accept sludge from other wastewater treatment plants may be required to have influent flow and organic loading monitoring.

2. Acceptance of septic waste

Is the facility accepting or will it accept septic waste?

Yes No

If yes, does the facility have a Type V processing unit?

Yes No

If yes, does the unit have a Municipal Solid Waste permit?

Yes No

If yes to any of the above, provide a the date that the plant started accepting septic waste, or is anticipated to start accepting septic waste, an estimate of monthly septic waste acceptance (gallons or millions of gallons), an estimate of the BOD₅ concentration of the septic waste, and the design BOD₅ concentration of the influent from the collection system. Also note if this information has or has not changed since the last permit action.

Note: Permits that accept sludge from other wastewater treatment plants may be required to have influent flow and organic loading monitoring.

3. Acceptance of other wastes (not including septic, grease, grit, or RCRA, CERCLA or as discharged by IUs listed in Worksheet 6)

Is the facility accepting or will it accept wastes that are not domestic in nature excluding the categories listed above?

Yes No

If yes, provide the date that the plant started accepting the waste, an estimate how much waste is accepted on a monthly basis (gallons or millions of gallons), a description of the entities generating the waste, and any distinguishing chemical or other physical characteristic of the waste. Also

note if this information has or has not changed since the last permit action.

Section 7. Pollutant Analysis of Treated Effluent (Instructions Page 58)

Is the facility in operation?

Yes No

If no, this section is not applicable. Proceed to Section 8.

If yes, provide effluent analysis data for the listed pollutants. *Wastewater treatment facilities* complete Table 1.0(2). *Water treatment facilities* discharging filter backwash water, complete Table 1.0(3).

Note: The sample date must be within 1 year of application submission.

Table 1.0(2) - Pollutant Analysis for Wastewater Treatment Facilities

Pollutant	Average Conc.	Max Conc.	No. of Samples	Sample Type	Sample Date/Time
CBOD ₅ , mg/l					
Total Suspended Solids, mg/l					
Ammonia Nitrogen, mg/l					
Nitrate Nitrogen, mg/l					
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, mg/l					
Sulfate, mg/l					
Chloride, mg/l					
Total Phosphorus, mg/l					
pH, standard units					
Dissolved Oxygen*, mg/l					
Chlorine Residual, mg/l					
<i>E.coli</i> (CFU/100ml) freshwater					

Pollutant	Average Conc.	Max Conc.	No. of Samples	Sample Type	Sample Date/Time
Enterococci (CFU/100ml) saltwater					
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l					
Electrical Conductivity, µmohs/cm, †					
Oil & Grease, mg/l					
Alkalinity (CaCO ₃)*, mg/l					

*TPDES permits only

†TLAP permits only

Table 1.0(3) - Pollutant Analysis for Water Treatment Facilities

Pollutant	Average Conc.	Max Conc.	No. of Samples	Sample Type	Sample Date/Time
Total Suspended Solids, mg/l					
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l					
pH, standard units					
Fluoride, mg/l					
Aluminum, mg/l					
Alkalinity (CaCO ₃), mg/l					

Section 8. Facility Operator (Instructions Page 60)

Facility Operator Name: Paul M. Kiffe

Facility Operator's License Classification and Level: Wastewater A

Facility Operator's License Number: WW047172

Section 9. Sewage Sludge Management and Disposal (Instructions

A. Sludge disposal method

Identify the current or anticipated sludge disposal method or methods from the following list. Check all that apply.

- Permitted landfill
- Permitted or Registered land application site for beneficial use
- Land application for beneficial use authorized in the wastewater permit
- Permitted sludge processing facility
- Marketing and distribution as authorized in the wastewater permit
- Composting as authorized in the wastewater permit
- Permitted surface disposal site (sludge monofill)
- Surface disposal site (sludge monofill) authorized in the wastewater permit
- Transported to another permitted wastewater treatment plant or permitted sludge processing facility. If you selected this method, a written statement or contractual agreement from the wastewater treatment plant or permitted sludge processing facility accepting the sludge must be included with this application.
- Other:

B. Sludge disposal site

Disposal site name: Denali Water Solution, LLC

TCEQ permit or registration number: Multiple sites

County where disposal site is located: Hidalgo

C. Sludge transportation method

Method of transportation (truck, train, pipe, other): Truck

Name of the hauler: Denali Water Solutions, LLC

Hauler registration number: 24979

Sludge is transported as a:

Liquid

semi-liquid

semi-solid

solid

Section 10. Permit Authorization for Sewage Sludge Disposal (Instructions Page 60)

A. Beneficial use authorization

Does the existing permit include authorization for land application of sewage sludge for beneficial use?

Yes No

If yes, are you requesting to continue this authorization to land apply sewage sludge for beneficial use?

Yes No

If yes, is the completed **Application for Permit for Beneficial Land Use of Sewage Sludge (TCEQ Form No. 10451)** attached to this permit application (see the instructions for details)?

Yes No

B. Sludge processing authorization

Does the existing permit include authorization for any of the following sludge processing, storage or disposal options?

Sludge Composting Yes No

Marketing and Distribution of sludge Yes No

Sludge Surface Disposal or Sludge Monofill Yes No

Temporary storage in sludge lagoons Yes No

If yes to any of the above sludge options and the applicant is requesting to continue this authorization, is the completed **Domestic Wastewater Permit Application: Sewage Sludge Technical Report (TCEQ Form No. 10056)** attached to this permit application?

Yes No

Section 11. Sewage Sludge Lagoons (Instructions Page 61)

Does this facility include sewage sludge lagoons?

Yes No

If yes, complete the remainder of this section. If no, proceed to Section 12.

A. Location information

The following maps are required to be submitted as part of the application. For each map, provide the Attachment Number.

- Original General Highway (County) Map:

Attachment: [REDACTED]

- USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Map:

Attachment: [REDACTED]

- Federal Emergency Management Map:

Attachment: [REDACTED]

- Site map:

Attachment: [REDACTED]

Discuss in a description if any of the following exist within the lagoon area.

Check all that apply.

- Overlap a designated 100-year frequency flood plain
- Soils with flooding classification
- Overlap an unstable area
- Wetlands
- Located less than 60 meters from a fault
- None of the above

Attachment: [REDACTED]

If a portion of the lagoon(s) is located within the 100-year frequency flood plain, provide the protective measures to be utilized including type and size of protective structures:

B. Temporary storage information

Provide the results for the pollutant screening of sludge lagoons. These results are in addition to pollutant results in Section 7 of Technical Report 1.0.

Nitrate Nitrogen, mg/kg:

Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, mg/kg: [REDACTED]
Total Nitrogen (=nitrate nitrogen + TKN), mg/kg: [REDACTED]
Phosphorus, mg/kg: [REDACTED]
Potassium, mg/kg: [REDACTED]
pH, standard units: [REDACTED]
Ammonia Nitrogen mg/kg: [REDACTED]
Arsenic: [REDACTED]
Cadmium: [REDACTED]
Chromium: [REDACTED]
Copper: [REDACTED]
Lead: [REDACTED]
Mercury: [REDACTED]
Molybdenum: [REDACTED]
Nickel: [REDACTED]
Selenium: [REDACTED]
Zinc: [REDACTED]
Total PCBs: [REDACTED]

Provide the following information:

Volume and frequency of sludge to the lagoon(s): [REDACTED]

Total dry tons stored in the lagoons(s) per 365-day period: [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

Total dry tons stored in the lagoons(s) over the life of the unit: [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

C. Liner information

Does the active/proposed sludge lagoon(s) have a liner with a maximum hydraulic conductivity of 1×10^{-7} cm/sec?




Yes No

If yes, describe the liner below. Please note that a liner is required.

D. Site development plan

Provide a detailed description of the methods used to deposit sludge in the lagoon(s):

Attach the following documents to the application.

- Plan view and cross-section of the sludge lagoon(s)
Attachment: 
- Copy of the closure plan
Attachment:
- Copy of deed recordation for the site
Attachment: 
- Size of the sludge lagoon(s) in surface acres and capacity in cubic feet and gallons
Attachment:
- Description of the method of controlling infiltration of groundwater and surface water from entering the site
Attachment:
- Procedures to prevent the occurrence of nuisance conditions
Attachment: 

E. Groundwater monitoring

Is groundwater monitoring currently conducted at this site, or are any wells available for groundwater monitoring, or are groundwater monitoring data otherwise available for the sludge lagoon(s)?

Yes No

If groundwater monitoring data are available, provide a copy. Provide a profile of soil types encountered down to the groundwater table and the depth to the shallowest groundwater as a separate attachment.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

Section 12. Authorizations/Compliance/Enforcement (Instructions Page 63)

A. Additional authorizations

Does the permittee have additional authorizations for this facility, such as reuse authorization, sludge permit, etc?

Yes No

If yes, provide the TCEQ authorization number and description of the authorization:

[REDACTED]

B. Permittee enforcement status

Is the permittee currently under enforcement for this facility?

Yes No

Is the permittee required to meet an implementation schedule for compliance or enforcement?

Yes No

If yes to either question, provide a brief summary of the enforcement, the implementation schedule, and the current status:

[REDACTED]

Section 13. RCRA/CERCLA Wastes (Instructions Page 63)

A. RCRA hazardous wastes

Has the facility received in the past three years, does it currently receive, or will it receive RCRA hazardous waste?

Yes No

B. Remediation activity wastewater

Has the facility received in the past three years, does it currently receive, or will

it receive CERCLA wastewater, RCRA remediation/corrective action wastewater or other remediation activity wastewater?

Yes No

C. Details about wastes received

If yes to either Subsection A or B above, provide detailed information concerning these wastes with the application.

Attachment:

Section 14. Laboratory Accreditation (Instructions Page 64)

All laboratory tests performed must meet the requirements of *30 TAC Chapter 25, Environmental Testing Laboratory Accreditation and Certification*, which includes the following general exemptions from National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (NELAP) certification requirements:

- The laboratory is an in-house laboratory and is:
 - periodically inspected by the TCEQ; or
 - located in another state and is accredited or inspected by that state; or
 - performing work for another company with a unit located in the same site; or
 - performing pro bono work for a governmental agency or charitable organization.
- The laboratory is accredited under federal law.
- The data are needed for emergency-response activities, and a laboratory accredited under the Texas Laboratory Accreditation Program is not available.
- The laboratory supplies data for which the TCEQ does not offer accreditation.

The applicant should review *30 TAC Chapter 25* for specific requirements.

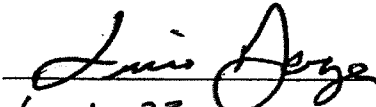
The following certification statement shall be signed and submitted with every application. See the *Signature Page* section in the Instructions, for a list of designated representatives who may sign the certification.

CERTIFICATION:

I certify that all laboratory tests submitted with this application meet the requirements of *30 TAC Chapter 25, Environmental Testing Laboratory Accreditation and Certification*.

Printed Name: Lucio Garza

Title: Operations Supervisor

Signature: 

Date: 6-1-23

DOMESTIC TECHNICAL REPORT 1.1

The following is required for new and amendment applications

Section 1. Justification for Permit (Instructions Page 66)

A. Justification of permit need

Provide a detailed discussion regarding the need for any phase(s) not currently permitted. Failure to provide sufficient justification may result in the Executive Director recommending denial of the proposed phase(s) or permit.

N/A

B. Regionalization of facilities

Provide the following information concerning the potential for regionalization of domestic wastewater treatment facilities:

1. *Municipally incorporated areas*

If the applicant is a city, then Item 1 is not applicable. Proceed to Item 2 Utility CCN areas.

Is any portion of the proposed service area located in an incorporated city?

Yes No Not Applicable

If yes, within the city limits of: _____

If yes, attach correspondence from the city.

Attachment:

If consent to provide service is available from the city, attach a justification for the proposed facility and a cost analysis of expenditures that includes the cost of connecting to the city versus the cost of the proposed facility or expansion attached.

Attachment:

2. *Utility CCN areas*

Is any portion of the proposed service area located inside another utility's CCN area?

Yes No

If yes, attach a justification for the proposed facility and a cost analysis of expenditures that includes the cost of connecting to the CCN facilities versus the cost of the proposed facility or expansion.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

3. *Nearby WWTPs or collection systems*

Are there any domestic permitted wastewater treatment facilities or collection systems located within a three-mile radius of the proposed facility?

Yes No

If yes, attach a list of these facilities that includes the permittee's name and permit number, and an area map showing the location of these facilities.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

If yes, attach copies of your certified letters to these facilities **and** their response letters concerning connection with their system.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

Does a permitted domestic wastewater treatment facility or a collection system located within three (3) miles of the proposed facility currently have the capacity to accept or is willing to expand to accept the volume of wastewater proposed in this application?

Yes No

If yes, attach an analysis of expenditures required to connect to a permitted wastewater treatment facility or collection system located within 3 miles versus the cost of the proposed facility or expansion.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

Section 2. Organic Loading (Instructions Page 67)

Is this facility in operation?

Yes No

If no, proceed to Item B, Proposed Organic Loading.

If yes, provide organic loading information in Item A, Current Organic Loading

A. Current organic loading

Facility Design Flow (flow being requested in application): [redacted]

Average Influent Organic Strength or BOD₅ Concentration in mg/l: [redacted]

Average Influent Loading (lbs/day = total average flow X average BOD₅ conc. X 8.34): [redacted]

Provide the source of the average organic strength or BOD₅ concentration.

B. Proposed organic loading

This table must be completed if this application is for a facility that is not in operation or if this application is to request an increased flow that will impact organic loading.

Table 1.1(1) - Design Organic Loading

Source	Total Average Flow (MGD)	Influent BOD ₅ Concentration (mg/l)
Municipality		
Subdivision		
Trailer park - transient		
Mobile home park		
School with cafeteria and showers		
School with cafeteria,		

Source	Total Average Flow (MGD)	Influent BOD ₅ Concentration (mg/l)
no showers		
Recreational park, overnight use		
Recreational park, day use		
Office building or factory		
Motel		
Restaurant		
Hospital		
Nursing home		
Other		
TOTAL FLOW from all sources		
AVERAGE BOD ₅ from all sources		

Section 3. Proposed Effluent Quality and Disinfection (Instructions Page 68)

A. Existing/Interim I Phase Design Effluent Quality

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day), mg/l:

Total Suspended Solids, mg/l:

Ammonia Nitrogen, mg/l:

Total Phosphorus, mg/l:

Dissolved Oxygen, mg/l:

Other: [REDACTED]

B. Interim II Phase Design Effluent Quality

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day), mg/l: [REDACTED]

Total Suspended Solids, mg/l: [REDACTED]

Ammonia Nitrogen, mg/l: [REDACTED]

Total Phosphorus, mg/l: [REDACTED]

Dissolved Oxygen, mg/l: [REDACTED]

Other: [REDACTED]

C. Final Phase Design Effluent Quality

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day), mg/l: [REDACTED]

Total Suspended Solids, mg/l: [REDACTED]

Ammonia Nitrogen, mg/l: [REDACTED]

Total Phosphorus, mg/l: [REDACTED]

Dissolved Oxygen, mg/l: [REDACTED]

Other: [REDACTED]

D. Disinfection Method

Identify the proposed method of disinfection.

- Chlorine: 1.0 mg/l after 20 minutes detention time at peak flow
Dechlorination process: Sodium Thiosulfate
- Ultraviolet Light: [REDACTED] seconds contact time at peak flow
- Other:

Section 4. Design Calculations (Instructions Page 68)

Attach design calculations and plant features for each proposed phase. Example 4 of the instructions includes sample design calculations and plant features.

Attachment:

Section 5. Facility Site (Instructions Page 68)

A. 100-year floodplain

Will the proposed facilities be located above the 100-year frequency flood level?

Yes No

If **no**, describe measures used to protect the facility during a flood event. Include a site map showing the location of the treatment plant within the 100-year frequency flood level. If applicable, provide the size and types of protective structures.

Provide the source(s) used to determine 100-year frequency flood plain.

For a new or expansion of a facility, will a wetland or part of a wetland be filled?

Yes No

If **yes**, has the applicant applied for a US Corps of Engineers 404 Dredge and Fill Permit?

Yes No

If **yes**, provide the permit number:

If **no**, provide the approximate date you anticipate submitting your application to the Corps:

B. Wind rose

Attach a wind rose. Attachment: F

Section 6. Permit Authorization for Sewage Sludge Disposal (Instructions Page 69)

A. Beneficial use authorization

Are you requesting to include authorization to land apply sewage sludge for beneficial use on property located adjacent to the wastewater treatment facility under the wastewater permit?

Yes No

If yes, attach the completed Application for Permit for Beneficial Land Use of Sewage Sludge (TCEQ Form No. 10451)

Attachment: [REDACTED]

B. Sludge processing authorization

Identify the sludge processing, storage or disposal options that will be conducted at the wastewater treatment facility:

- Sludge Composting
- Marketing and Distribution of sludge
- Sludge Surface Disposal or Sludge Monofill

If any of the above sludge options are selected, attach a completed DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATION: SEWAGE SLUDGE TECHNICAL REPORT (TCEQ Form No. 10056).

Attachment: [REDACTED]

Section 7. Sewage Sludge Solids Management Plan (Instructions Page 69)

Attach a solids management plan to the application.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

The sewage sludge solids management plan must contain the following information:

- Treatment units and processes dimensions and capacities
- Solids generated at 100, 75, 50, and 25 percent of design flow
- Mixed liquor suspended solids operating range at design and projected actual flow
- Quantity of solids to be removed and a schedule for solids removal
- Identification and ownership of the ultimate sludge disposal site
- For facultative lagoons, design life calculations, monitoring well locations and depths, and the ultimate disposal method for the sludge from the facultative lagoon

An example of a sewage sludge solids management plan has been included as Example 5 of the instructions.

DOMESTIC TECHNICAL REPORT WORKSHEET 2.0

RECEIVING WATERS

The following is required for all TPDES permit applications

Section 1. Domestic Drinking Water Supply (Instructions Page 73)

Is there a surface water intake for domestic drinking water supply located within 5 miles downstream from the point or proposed point of discharge?

Yes No

If yes, provide the following:

Owner of the drinking water supply: _____

Distance and direction to the intake: _____

Attach a USGS map that identifies the location of the intake.

Attachment: _____

Section 2. Discharge into Tidally Affected Waters (Instructions Page 73)

Does the facility discharge into tidally affected waters?

Yes No

If yes, complete the remainder of this section. If no, proceed to Section 3.

A. Receiving water outfall

Width of the receiving water at the outfall, in feet: _____

B. Oyster waters

Are there oyster waters in the vicinity of the discharge?

Yes No

If yes, provide the distance and direction from outfall(s).

C. Sea grasses

Are there any sea grasses within the vicinity of the point of discharge?

Yes No

If yes, provide the distance and direction from the outfall(s).

Section 3. Classified Segments (Instructions Page 73)

Is the discharge directly into (or within 300 feet of) a classified segment?

Yes No

If yes, this Worksheet is complete.

If no, complete Sections 4 and 5 of this Worksheet.

Section 4. Description of Immediate Receiving Waters (Instructions Page 75)

Name of the immediate receiving waters: _____

A. Receiving water type

Identify the appropriate description of the receiving waters.

- Stream
- Freshwater Swamp or Marsh
- Lake or Pond

Surface area, in acres:

Average depth of the entire water body, in feet:

Average depth of water body within a 500-foot radius of discharge point, in feet:

- Man-made Channel or Ditch

- Open Bay
- Tidal Stream, Bayou, or Marsh
- Other, specify: _____

B. Flow characteristics

If a stream, man-made channel or ditch was checked above, provide the following. For existing discharges, check one of the following that best characterizes the area *upstream* of the discharge. For new discharges, characterize the area *downstream* of the discharge (check one).

- Intermittent - dry for at least one week during most years
- Intermittent with Perennial Pools - enduring pools with sufficient habitat to maintain significant aquatic life uses
- Perennial - normally flowing

Check the method used to characterize the area upstream (or downstream for new dischargers).

- USGS flow records
- Historical observation by adjacent landowners
- Personal observation
- Other, specify: _____

C. Downstream perennial confluences

List the names of all perennial streams that join the receiving water within three miles downstream of the discharge point.

D. Downstream characteristics

Do the receiving water characteristics change within three miles downstream of the discharge (e.g., natural or man-made dams, ponds, reservoirs, etc.)?

- Yes No

If yes, discuss how.

E. Normal dry weather characteristics

Provide general observations of the water body during normal dry weather conditions.

Flowing

Date and time of observation: [REDACTED]

Was the water body influenced by stormwater runoff during observations?

- Yes No

Section 5. General Characteristics of the Waterbody (Instructions Page 74)

A. Upstream influences

Is the immediate receiving water upstream of the discharge or proposed discharge site influenced by any of the following? Check all that apply.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Oil field activities | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Urban runoff |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Upstream discharges | <input type="checkbox"/> Agricultural runoff |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Septic tanks | <input type="checkbox"/> Other(s), specify [REDACTED] |

B. Waterbody uses

Observed or evidences of the following uses. Check all that apply.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Livestock watering | <input type="checkbox"/> Contact recreation |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation withdrawal | <input type="checkbox"/> Non-contact recreation |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Fishing | <input type="checkbox"/> Navigation |

Domestic water supply

Industrial water supply

Park activities

Other(s), specify [REDACTED]

C. Waterbody aesthetics

Check one of the following that best describes the aesthetics of the receiving water and the surrounding area.

Wilderness: outstanding natural beauty; usually wooded or unpastured area; water clarity exceptional

Natural Area: trees and/or native vegetation; some development evident (from fields, pastures, dwellings); water clarity discolored

Common Setting: not offensive; developed but uncluttered; water may be colored or turbid

Offensive: stream does not enhance aesthetics; cluttered; highly developed; dumping areas; water discolored

DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 2.1

STREAM PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Required for new applications, major facilities, and applications adding an outfall

Worksheet 2.1 is not required for discharges to intermittent streams or discharges directly to (or within 300 feet of) a classified segment.

Section 1. General Information (Instructions Page 75)

Date of study: _____ Time of study: _____

Stream name: _____

Location: _____

Type of stream upstream of existing discharge or downstream of proposed discharge (check one).

- Perennial Intermittent with perennial pools

Section 2. Data Collection (Instructions Page 75)

Number of stream bends that are well defined: _____

Number of stream bends that are moderately defined: _____

Number of stream bends that are poorly defined: _____

Number of riffles: _____

Evidence of flow fluctuations (check one):

- Minor moderate severe

Indicate the observed stream uses and if there is evidence of flow fluctuations or channel obstruction/modification.

Stream transects

In the table below, provide the following information for each transect downstream of the existing or proposed discharges. Use a separate row for each transect.

Table 2.1(1) - Stream Transect Records

Stream type at transect Select riffle, run, glide, or pool. See Instructions, Definitions section.	Transect location	Water surface width (ft)	Stream depths (ft) at 4 to 10 points along each transect from the channel bed to the water surface. Separate the measurements with commas.
Choose an item.			
Choose an item.			
Choose an item.			
Choose an item.			
Choose an item.			
Choose an item.			
Choose an item.			
Choose an item.			
Choose an item.			
Choose an item.			

Section 3. Summarize Measurements (Instructions Page 76)

Streambed slope of entire reach, from USGS map in feet/feet:

[REDACTED]

Approximate drainage area above the most downstream transect (from USGS map or county highway map, in square miles): [REDACTED]

Length of stream evaluated, in feet: [REDACTED]

Number of lateral transects made: [REDACTED]

Average stream width, in feet: [REDACTED]

Average stream depth, in feet: [REDACTED]

Average stream velocity, in feet/second: [REDACTED]

Instantaneous stream flow, in cubic feet/second: [REDACTED]

Indicate flow measurement method (type of meter, floating chip timed over a fixed distance, etc.): [REDACTED]

Size of pools (large, small, moderate, none): [REDACTED]

Maximum pool depth, in feet: [REDACTED]



DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 3.0

LAND DISPOSAL OF EFFLUENT

The following is required for all permit applications
Renewal, New, and Amendments

Section 1. Type of Disposal System (Instructions Page 77)

Identify the method of land disposal:

- Surface application
- Irrigation
- Drip irrigation system
- Evaporation
- Evapotranspiration beds
- Other (describe in detail):
- Subsurface application
- Subsurface soils absorption
- Subsurface area drip dispersal system

NOTE: All applicants without authorization or proposing new/amended subsurface disposal MUST complete and submit Worksheet 7.0.

For existing authorizations, provide Registration Number:

Section 2. Land Application Site(s) (Instructions Page 77)

In table 3.0(1), provide the requested information for the land application sites. Include the agricultural or cover crop type (wheat, cotton, alfalfa, bermuda grass, native grasses, etc.), land use (golf course, hayland, pastureland, park, row crop, etc.), irrigation area, amount of effluent applied, and whether or not the public has access to the area. Specify the amount of land area and the amount of effluent that will be allotted to each agricultural or cover crop, if more than one crop will be used.

Table 3.0(1) - Land Application Site Crops

Crop Type & Land Use	Irrigation Area (acres)	Effluent Application (GPD)	Public Access? Y/N

Crop Type & Land Use	Irrigation Area (acres)	Effluent Application (GPD)	Public Access? Y/N

Section 3. Storage and Evaporation Lagoons/Ponds (Instructions Page 77)

Table 3.0(2) - Storage and Evaporation Ponds

Pond Number	Surface Area (acres)	Storage Volume (acre-feet)	Dimensions	Liner Type

Attach a copy of a liner certification that was prepared, signed, and sealed by a Texas licensed professional engineer for each pond.

Attachment:

Section 4. Flood and Runoff Protection (Instructions Page 77)

Is the land application site within the 100-year frequency flood level?

Yes No

If yes, describe how the site will be protected from inundation.

Provide the source used to determine the 100-year frequency flood level:

Provide a description of tailwater controls and rainfall run-on controls used for the land application site.

Section 5. Annual Cropping Plan (Instructions Page 77)

Attach an Annual Cropping Plan which includes a discussion of each of the following items. If not applicable, provide a detailed explanation indicating why.

Attachment: [redacted]

- Soils map with crops
- Cool and warm season plant species
- Crop yield goals
- Crop growing season
- Crop nutrient requirements
- Additional fertilizer requirements
- Minimum/maximum harvest height (for grass crops)
- Supplemental watering requirements
- Crop salt tolerances
- Harvesting method/number of harvests
- Justification for not removing existing vegetation to be irrigated

Section 6. Well and Map Information (Instructions Page 78)

Attach a USGS map with the following information shown and labeled. If not applicable, provide a detailed explanation (on a separate page) indicating why.

Attachment: [redacted]

- The boundaries of the land application site(s)
- Waste disposal or treatment facility site(s)

- On-site buildings
- Buffer zones
- Effluent storage and tailwater control facilities
- All water wells within 1 mile of the disposal site or property boundaries
- All springs and seeps onsite and within 500 feet of the property boundaries
- All surface waters in the state onsite and within 500 feet of the property boundaries
- All faults and sinkholes onsite and within 500 feet of the property

List and cross reference all water wells shown on the USGS map in the following table. Attach additional pages as necessary to include all of the wells.

Table 3.0(3) - Water Well Data

Well ID	Well Use	Producing? Y/N	Open, cased, capped, or plugged?	Proposed Best Management Practice
			Choose an item.	
			Choose an item.	
			Choose an item.	
			Choose an item.	
			Choose an item.	

If water quality data or well log information is available please include the information in an attachment listed by Well ID.

Attachment:

Section 7. Groundwater Quality (Instructions Page 79)

Attach a Groundwater Quality Technical Report which assesses the impact of the wastewater disposal system on groundwater. This report shall include an evaluation of the water wells (including the information in the well table provided in Item 6. above), the wastewater application rate, and pond liners.

Indicate by a check mark that this report is provided.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

Are groundwater monitoring wells available onsite? Yes No

Do you plan to install ground water monitoring wells or lysimeters around the land application site? Yes No

If yes, then provide the proposed location of the monitoring wells or lysimeters on a site map.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

Section 8. Soil Map and Soil Analyses (Instructions Page 79)

A. Soil map

Attach a USDA Soil Survey map that shows the area to be used for effluent disposal.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

B. Soil analyses

Attach the laboratory results sheets from the soil analyses. **Note:** for renewal applications, the current annual soil analyses required by the permit are acceptable as long as the test date is less than one year prior to the submission of the application.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

List all USDA designated soil series on the proposed land application site. Attach additional pages as necessary.

Table 3.0(4) - Soil Data

Soil Series	Depth from Surface	Permeability	Available Water Capacity	Curve Number

Soil Series	Depth from Surface	Permeability	Available Water Capacity	Curve Number

Section 9. Effluent Monitoring Data (Instructions Page 80)

Is the facility in operation?

Yes No

If no, this section is not applicable and the worksheet is complete.

If yes, provide the effluent monitoring data for the parameters regulated in the existing permit. If a parameter is not regulated in the existing permit, enter N/A.

Table 3.0(5) - Effluent Monitoring Data

Date	30 Day Avg Flow MGD	BOD ₅ mg/l	TSS mg/l	pH	Chlorine Residual mg/l	Acres irrigated

Date	30 Day Avg Flow MGD	BOD ₅ mg/l	TSS mg/l	pH	Chlorine Residual mg/l	Acres irrigated

Provide a discussion of all persistent excursions above the permitted limits and any corrective actions taken.

DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 3.1

SURFACE LAND DISPOSAL OF EFFLUENT

The following is required for new and major amendment applications.

Renewal and minor amendments applicants may be asked for the worksheet on a case by case basis.

Section 1. Surface Disposal (Instructions Page 81)

Complete the item that applies for the method of disposal being used.

A. Irrigation

Area under irrigation, in acres:

Design application frequency:

hours/day

And days/week

Land grade (slope):

average percent (%)

maximum percent (%)

Design application rate in acre-feet/acre/year:

Design total nitrogen loading rate, in lbs N/acre/year:

Soil conductivity (mmhos/cm):

Method of application:

Attach a separate engineering report with the water balance and storage volume calculations, method of application, irrigation efficiency, and nitrogen balance.

Attachment:

B. Evaporation ponds

Daily average effluent flow into ponds, in gallons per day:

Attach a separate engineering report with the water balance and storage volume calculations.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

C. Evapotranspiration beds

Number of beds: [REDACTED]

Area of bed(s), in acres: [REDACTED]

Depth of bed(s), in feet: [REDACTED]

Void ratio of soil in the beds: [REDACTED]

Storage volume within the beds, in acre-feet: [REDACTED]

Attach a separate engineering report with the water balance and storage volume calculations, and a description of the lining.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

D. Overland flow

Area used for application, in acres: [REDACTED]

Slopes for application area, percent (%): [REDACTED]

Design application rate, in gpm/foot of slope width: [REDACTED]

Slope length, in feet: [REDACTED]

Design BOD₅ loading rate, in lbs BOD₅/acre/day: [REDACTED]

Design application frequency:

hours/day: [REDACTED] **And** days/week: [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Attach a separate engineering report with the method of application and design requirements according to *30 TAC Chapter 217*.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

Section 2. Edwards Aquifer (Instructions Page 82)

Is the facility subject to *30 TAC Chapter 213*, Edwards Aquifer Rules?

Yes No

If yes, attach a report concerning the recharge zone.

Attachment: 

DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 3.2

SUBSURFACE LAND DISPOSAL OF EFFLUENT

The following is required for new and major amendment applications. Renewal and minor amendments may require the worksheet on a case by case basis.

NOTE: All applicants proposing new/amended subsurface disposal MUST complete and submit Worksheet 7.0. This worksheet applies to any subsurface disposal system that does not meet the definition of a subsurface area drip dispersal system as defined in 30 TAC Chapter 222, *Subsurface Area Drip Dispersal System*.

Section 1. Subsurface Application (Instructions Page 83)

Identify the type of system:

- Conventional Gravity Drainfield, Beds, or Trenches (new systems must be less than 5,000 GPD)
- Low Pressure Dosing
- Other, specify: _____

Application area, in acres: _____

Area of drainfield, in square feet: _____

Application rate, in gal/square foot/day: _____

Depth to groundwater, in feet: _____

Area of trench, in square feet: _____

Dosing duration per area, in hours: _____

Number of beds: _____

Dosing amount per area, in inches/day: _____

Infiltration rate, in inches/hour: _____

Storage volume, in gallons: _____

Area of bed(s), in square feet: _____

Soil Classification: [REDACTED]

Attach a separate engineering report with the information required in 30 TAC § 309.20, excluding the requirements of § 309.20 b(3)(A) and (B) design analysis which may be asked for on a case by case basis. Include a description of the schedule of dosing basin rotation.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

Section 2. Edwards Aquifer (Instructions Page 83)

Is the subsurface system located on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone as mapped by the TCEQ?

Yes No

Is the subsurface system located on the Edwards Aquifer Transition Zone as mapped by the TCEQ?

Yes No

If yes to either question, the subsurface system may be prohibited by 30 TAC §213.8. Please call the Municipal Permits Team, at 512-239-4671, to schedule a pre-application meeting.

DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 3.3

SUBSURFACE AREA DRIP DISPERSAL SYSTEM (SADDS) LAND DISPOSAL OF EFFLUENT

The following is required for new and major amendment subsurface area drip dispersal system applications. Renewal and minor amendments may require the worksheet on a case by case basis.

NOTE: All applicants proposing new or amended subsurface disposal **MUST** complete and submit Worksheet 7.0. This worksheet applies to any subsurface disposal system that meets the definition of a subsurface area drip dispersal system as defined in *30 TAC Chapter 222, Subsurface Area Drip Dispersal System*.

Section 1. Administrative Information (Instructions Page 84)

- A. Provide the legal name of all corporations or other business entities managed, owned, or otherwise closely related to the owner of the treatment facility.

- B. Is the owner of the land where the treatment facility is located the same as the owner of the treatment facility?

Yes No

If **no**, provide the legal name of all corporations or other business entities managed, owned, or otherwise closely related to the owner of the land where the treatment facility is located.

- C. Owner of the subsurface area drip dispersal system:

- D. Is the owner of the subsurface area drip dispersal system the same as the owner of the wastewater treatment facility or the site where the wastewater treatment facility is located?

Yes No

If **no**, identify the names of all corporations or other business entities managed, owned, or otherwise closely related to the entity identified in Item 1.C.

E. Owner of the land where the subsurface area drip dispersal system is located:

[REDACTED]

F. Is the owner of the land where the subsurface area drip dispersal system is located the same as owner of the wastewater treatment facility, the site where the wastewater treatment facility is located, or the owner of the subsurface area drip dispersal system?

Yes No

If **no**, identify the name of all corporations or other business entities managed, owned, or otherwise closely related to the entity identified in item 1.E.

[REDACTED]

Section 2. Subsurface Area Drip Dispersal System (Instructions Page 84)

A. Type of system

- Subsurface Drip Irrigation
- Surface Drip Irrigation
- Other, specify: [REDACTED]

B. Irrigation operations

Application area, in acres: [REDACTED]

Infiltration Rate, in inches/hour: [REDACTED]

Average slope of the application area, percent (%): [REDACTED]

Maximum slope of the application area, percent (%): [REDACTED]

Storage volume, in gallons:

Major soil series:

Depth to groundwater, in feet:

C. Application rate

Is the facility located **west** of the boundary shown in *30 TAC § 222.83* and also using a vegetative cover of non-native grasses over seeded with cool

season grasses during the winter months (October-March)?

Yes No

If yes, then the facility may propose a hydraulic application rate not to exceed 0.1 gal/square foot/day.

Is the facility located east of the boundary shown in 30 TAC § 222.83 or in any part of the state when the vegetative cover is any crop other than non-native grasses?

Yes No

If yes, the facility must use the formula in 30 TAC §222.83 to calculate the maximum hydraulic application rate.

Do you plan to submit an alternative method to calculate the hydraulic application rate for approval by the executive director?

Yes No

Hydraulic application rate, in gal/square foot/day: [REDACTED]

Nitrogen application rate, in lbs/gal/day: [REDACTED]

D. Dosing information

Number of doses per day: [REDACTED]

Dosing duration per area, in hours: [REDACTED]

Rest period between doses, in hours: [REDACTED]

Dosing amount per area, in inches/day: [REDACTED]

Number of zones: [REDACTED]

Does the proposed subsurface drip irrigation system use tree vegetative cover as a crop?

Yes No

If yes, provide a vegetation survey by a certified arborist. Please call the Water Quality Assessment Team at (512) 239-4671 to schedule a pre-application meeting.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

Section 3. Required Plans (Instructions Page 84)

A. Recharge feature plan

Attach a Recharge Feature Plan with all information required in *30 TAC §222.79*.

Attachment: _____

B. Soil evaluation

Attach a Soil Evaluation with all information required in *30 TAC §222.73*.

Attachment: _____

C. Site preparation plan

Attach a Site Preparation Plan with all information required in *30 TAC §222.75*.

Attachment: _____

D. Soil sampling/testing

Attach soil sampling and testing that includes all information required in *30 TAC §222.157*.

Attachment: _____

Section 4. Floodway Designation (Instructions Page 85)

A. Site location

Is the existing/proposed land application site within a designated floodway?

Yes No

B. Flood map

Attach either the FEMA flood map or alternate information used to determine the floodway.

Attachment: _____

Section 5. Surface Waters in the State (Instructions Page 85)

A. Buffer Map

Attach a map showing appropriate buffers on surface waters in the state, water wells, and springs/seeps.

Attachment: [REDACTED]

B. Buffer variance request

Do you plan to request a buffer variance from water wells or waters in the state?

Yes No

If yes, then attach the additional information required in 30 TAC § 222.81(c).

Attachment: [REDACTED]

Section 6. Edwards Aquifer (Instructions Page 85)

A. Is the SADDs located on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone as mapped by the TCEQ?

Yes No

B. Is the SADDs located on the Edwards Aquifer Transition Zone as mapped by the TCEQ?

Yes No

If yes to either question, then the SADDs may be prohibited by 30 TAC §213.8. Please call the Municipal Permits Team at 512-239-4671 to schedule a pre-application meeting.

DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 4.0

POLLUTANT ANALYSES REQUIREMENTS*

The following is required for facilities with a permitted or proposed flow of 1.0 MGD or greater, facilities with an approved pretreatment program, or facilities classified as a major facility. See instructions for further details.

This worksheet is not required for minor amendments without renewal

Section 1. Toxic Pollutants (Instructions Page 87)

For pollutants identified in Table 4.0(1), indicate the type of sample.

Grab Composite

Date and time sample(s) collected: _____

Table 4.0(1) - Toxics Analysis

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Acrylonitrile				50
Aldrin				0.01
Aluminum				2.5
Anthracene				10
Antimony				5
Arsenic				0.5
Barium				3
Benzene				10
Benzidine				50
Benzo(a)anthracene				5

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Benzo(a)pyrene				5
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether				10
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate				10
Bromodichloromethane				10
Bromoform				10
Cadmium				1
Carbon Tetrachloride				2
Carbaryl				5
Chlordane*				0.2
Chlorobenzene				10
Chlorodibromomethane				10
Chloroform				10
Chlorpyrifos				0.05
Chromium (Total)				3
Chromium (Tri) (*1)				N/A
Chromium (Hex)				3
Copper				2
Chrysene				5
p-Chloro-m-Cresol				10
4,6-Dinitro-o-Cresol				50
p-Cresol				10

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Cyanide (*2)				10
4,4'- DDD				0.1
4,4'- DDE				0.1
4,4'- DDT				0.02
2,4-D				0.7
Demeton (O and S)				0.20
Diazinon				0.5/0.1
1,2-Dibromoethane				10
m-Dichlorobenzene				10
o-Dichlorobenzene				10
p-Dichlorobenzene				10
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine				5
1,2-Dichloroethane				10
1,1-Dichloroethylene				10
Dichloromethane				20
1,2-Dichloropropane				10
1,3-Dichloropropene				10
Dicofol				1
Dieldrin				0.02
2,4-Dimethylphenol				10
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate				10

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Diuron				0.09
Endosulfan I (alpha)				0.01
Endosulfan II (beta)				0.02
Endosulfan Sulfate				0.1
Endrin				0.02
Ethylbenzene				10
Fluoride				500
Guthion				0.1
Heptachlor				0.01
Heptachlor Epoxide				0.01
Hexachlorobenzene				5
Hexachlorobutadiene				10
Hexachlorocyclohexane (alpha)				0.05
Hexachlorocyclohexane (beta)				0.05
gamma-Hexachlorocyclohexane (Lindane)				0.05
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene				10
Hexachloroethane				20
Hexachlorophene				10
Lead				0.5
Malathion				0.1

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Mercury				0.005
Methoxychlor				2
Methyl Ethyl Ketone				50
Mirex				0.02
Nickel				2
Nitrate-Nitrogen				100
Nitrobenzene				10
N-Nitrosodiethylamine				20
N-Nitroso-di-n-Butylamine				20
Nonylphenol				333
Parathion (ethyl)				0.1
Pentachlorobenzene				20
Pentachlorophenol				5
Phenanthrene				10
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB's) (*3)				0.2
Pyridine				20
Selenium				5
Silver				0.5
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene				20
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane				10

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Tetrachloroethylene				10
Thallium				0.5
Toluene				10
Toxaphene				0.3
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)				0.3
Tributyltin (see instructions for explanation)				0.01
1,1,1-Trichloroethane				10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane				10
Trichloroethylene				10
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol				50
TTHM (Total Trihalomethanes)				10
Vinyl Chloride				10
Zinc				5

(*1) Determined by subtracting hexavalent Cr from total Cr.

(*2) Cyanide, amenable to chlorination or weak-acid dissociable.

(*3) The sum of seven PCB congeners 1242, 1254, 1221, 1232, 1248, 1260, and 1016.

Section 2. Priority Pollutants

For pollutants identified in Tables 4.0(2)A-E, indicate type of sample.

Grab Composite

Date and time sample(s) collected: _____

Table 4.0(2)A - Metals, Cyanide, Phenols

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Antimony				5
Arsenic				0.5
Beryllium				0.5
Cadmium				1
Chromium (Total)				3
Chromium (Hex)				3
Chromium (Tri) (*1)				N/A
Copper				2
Lead				0.5
Mercury				0.005
Nickel				2
Selenium				5
Silver				0.5
Thallium				0.5
Zinc				5
Cyanide (*2)				10
Phenols, Total				10

(*1) Determined by subtracting hexavalent Cr from total Cr.

(*2) Cyanide, amenable to chlorination or weak-acid dissociable

Table 4.0(2)B - Volatile Compounds

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Acrolein				50
Acrylonitrile				50
Benzene				10
Bromoform				10
Carbon Tetrachloride				2
Chlorobenzene				10
Chlorodibromomethane				10
Chloroethane				50
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether				10
Chloroform				10
Dichlorobromomethane [Bromodichloromethane]				10
1,1-Dichloroethane				10
1,2-Dichloroethane				10
1,1-Dichloroethylene				10
1,2-Dichloropropane				10
1,3-Dichloropropylene [1,3-Dichloropropene]				10
1,2-Trans-Dichloroethylene				10
Ethylbenzene				10
Methyl Bromide				50
Methyl Chloride				50
Methylene Chloride				20
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane				10
Tetrachloroethylene				10

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Toluene				10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane				10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane				10
Trichloroethylene				10
Vinyl Chloride				10

Table 4.0(2)C - Acid Compounds

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
2-Chlorophenol				10
2,4-Dichlorophenol				10
2,4-Dimethylphenol				10
4,6-Dinitro-o-Cresol				50
2,4-Dinitrophenol				50
2-Nitrophenol				20
4-Nitrophenol				50
P-Chloro-m-Cresol				10
Pentalchlorophenol				5
Phenol				10
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol				10

Table 4.0(2)D - Base/Neutral Compounds

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Acenaphthene				10
Acenaphthylene				10
Anthracene				10
Benzidine				50
Benzo(a)Anthracene				5
Benzo(a)Pyrene				5
3,4-Benzofluoranthene				10
Benzo(ghi)Perylene				20
Benzo(k)Fluoranthene				5
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane				10
Bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether				10
Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether				10
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate				10
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether				10
Butyl benzyl Phthalate				10
2-Chloronaphthalene				10
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether				10
Chrysene				5
Dibenzo(a,h)Anthracene				5
1,2-(o)Dichlorobenzene				10
1,3-(m)Dichlorobenzene				10
1,4-(p)Dichlorobenzene				10
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine				5
Diethyl Phthalate				10
Dimethyl Phthalate				10

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate				10
2,4-Dinitrotoluene				10
2,6-Dinitrotoluene				10
Di-n-Octyl Phthalate				10
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine (as Azo- benzene)				20
Fluoranthene				10
Fluorene				10
Hexachlorobenzene				5
Hexachlorobutadiene				10
Hexachlorocyclo-pentadiene				10
Hexachloroethane				20
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene				5
Isophorone				10
Naphthalene				10
Nitrobenzene				10
N-Nitrosodimethylamine				50
N-Nitrosodi-n-Propylamine				20
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine				20
Phenanthrene				10
Pyrene				10
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene				10

Table 4.0(2)E - Pesticides

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Aldrin				0.01
alpha-BHC (Hexachlorocyclohexane)				0.05
beta-BHC (Hexachlorocyclohexane)				0.05
gamma-BHC (Hexachlorocyclohexane)				0.05
delta-BHC (Hexachlorocyclohexane)				0.05
Chlordane				0.2
4,4-DDT				0.02
4,4-DDE				0.1
4,4,-DDD				0.1
Dieldrin				0.02
Endosulfan I (alpha)				0.01
Endosulfan II (beta)				0.02
Endosulfan Sulfate				0.1
Endrin				0.02
Endrin Aldehyde				0.1
Heptachlor				0.01
Heptachlor Epoxide				0.01
PCB-1242				0.2
PCB-1254				0.2
PCB-1221				0.2
PCB-1232				0.2

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
PCB-1248				0.2
PCB-1260				0.2
PCB-1016				0.2
Toxaphene				0.3

* For PCBs, if all are non-detects, enter the highest non-detect preceded by a "<".

Section 3. Dioxin/Furan Compounds

A. Indicate which of the following compounds from may be present in the influent from a contributing industrial user or significant industrial user. Check all that apply.

- 2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy acetic acid
Common Name 2,4,5-T, CASRN 93-76-5
- 2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) propanoic acid
Common Name Silvex or 2,4,5-TP, CASRN 93-72-1
- 2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) ethyl 2,2-dichloropropionate
Common Name Erbon, CASRN 136-25-4
- 0,0-dimethyl 0-(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl) phosphorothioate
Common Name Ronnel, CASRN 299-84-3
- 2,4,5-trichlorophenol
Common Name TCP, CASRN 95-95-4
- hexachlorophene
Common Name HCP, CASRN 70-30-4

For each compound identified, provide a brief description of the conditions of its/their presence at the facility.

B. Do you know or have any reason to believe that 2,3,7,8 Tetrachlorodibenzo-P-Dioxin (TCDD) or any congeners of TCDD may be present in your effluent?

Yes No

If yes, provide a brief description of the conditions for its presence.

If any of the compounds in Subsection A or B are present, complete Table 4.0(2)F.

For pollutants identified in Table 4.0(2)F, indicate the type of sample.

Grab Composite

Date and time sample(s) collected:

TABLE 4.0(2)F - DIOXIN/FURAN COMPOUNDS

Compound	Toxic Equivalency Factors	Wastewater Concentration (ppq)	Wastewater Equivalents (ppq)	Sludge Concentration (ppt)	Sludge Equivalents (ppt)	MAL (ppq)
2,3,7,8 TCDD	1					10
1,2,3,7,8	0.5					50
2,3,7,8 HxCDDs	0.1					50
1,2,3,4,6,7,8 HpCDD	0.01					50
2,3,7,8 TCDF	0.1					10
1,2,3,7,8 PeCDF	0.05					50
2,3,4,7,8 PeCDF	0.5					50
2,3,7,8 HxCDFs	0.1					50
2,3,4,7,8	0.01					50
OCDD	0.0003					100
OCDF	0.0003					100
PCB 77	0.0001					0.5
PCB 81	0.0003					0.5

Compound	Toxic Equivalency Factors	Wastewater Concentration (ppq)	Wastewater Equivalents (ppq)	Sludge Concentration (ppt)	Sludge Equivalents (ppt)	MAL (ppq)
PCB 126	0.1					0.5
PCB 169	0.03					0.5
Total						

DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 5.0

TOXICITY TESTING REQUIREMENTS

The following is required for facilities with a currently-operating design flow greater than or equal to 1.0 MGD, with an EPA-approved pretreatment program (or those that are required to have one under 40 CFR Part 403), or are required by the TCEQ to perform Whole Effluent Toxicity testing. This worksheet is not required for minor amendments without renewal.

Section 1. Required Tests (Instructions Page 97)

Indicate the number of 7-day chronic or 48-hour acute Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) tests performed in the four and one-half years prior to submission of the application.

7-day Chronic:

48-hour Acute:

Section 2. Toxicity Reduction Evaluations (TREs)

Has this facility completed a TRE in the past four and a half years? Or is the facility currently performing a TRE?

Yes

No

If yes, describe the progress to date, if applicable, in identifying and confirming the toxicant.

Section 3. Summary of WET Tests

If the required biomonitoring test information has not been previously submitted via both the Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs) and the Table 1 (as found in the permit), provide a summary of the testing results for all valid and invalid tests performed over the past four and one-half years. Make additional copies of this table as needed.

Table 5.0(1) - Summary of WET Tests

Test Date	Test Species	NOEC Survival	NOEC Sub-lethal

DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 6.0

INDUSTRIAL WASTE CONTRIBUTION

The following is required for all publicly owned treatment works (POTWs)

Section 1. All POTWs (Instructions Page 99)

A. Industrial users

Provide the number of each of the following types of industrial users (IUs) that discharge to your POTW and the daily flows from each user. See the Instructions for definitions of Categorical IUs, Significant IUs - non-categorical, and Other IUs.

If there are no users, enter 0 (zero).

Categorical IUs:

Number of IUs: 0

Average Daily Flows, in MGD:

Significant IUs - non-categorical:

Number of IUs: 0

Average Daily Flows, in MGD:

Other IUs:

Number of IUs: 0

Average Daily Flows, in MGD:

B. Treatment plant interference

In the past three years, has your POTW experienced treatment plant interference (see instructions)?

Yes No

If yes, identify the dates, duration, description of interference, and probable cause(s) and possible source(s) of each interference event. Include the names of the IUs that may have caused the interference.

C. Treatment plant pass through

In the past three years, has your POTW experienced pass through (see instructions)?

Yes No

If yes, identify the dates, duration, a description of the pollutants passing through the treatment plant, and probable cause(s) and possible source(s) of each pass through event. Include the names of the IUs that may have caused pass through.

D. Pretreatment program

Does your POTW have an approved pretreatment program?

Yes No

If yes, complete Section 2 only of this Worksheet.

Is your POTW required to develop an approved pretreatment program?

Yes No

If yes, complete Section 2.c. and 2.d. only, and skip Section 3.

If no to either question above, skip Section 2 and complete Section 3 for each significant industrial user and categorical industrial user.

Section 2. POTWs with Approved Programs or Those Required to Develop a Program (Instructions Page 100)

A. Substantial modifications

Have there been any **substantial modifications** to the approved pretreatment program that have not been submitted to the TCEQ for approval according to 40 CFR §403.18?

Yes No

If yes, identify the modifications that have not been submitted to TCEQ, including the purpose of the modification.

B. Non-substantial modifications

Have there been any **non-substantial modifications** to the approved pretreatment program that have not been submitted to TCEQ for review and acceptance?

Yes No

If yes, identify all non-substantial modifications that have not been submitted to TCEQ, including the purpose of the modification.

C. Effluent parameters above the MAL

In Table 6.0(1), list all parameters measured above the MAL in the POTW's effluent monitoring during the last three years. Submit an attachment if necessary.

Table 6.0(1) - Parameters Above the MAL

Pollutant	Concentration	MAL	Units	Date

D. Industrial user interruptions

Has any SIU, CIU, or other IU caused or contributed to any problems (excluding interferences or pass throughs) at your POTW in the past three years?

Yes No

If yes, identify the industry, describe each episode, including dates, duration, description of the problems, and probable pollutants.

Section 3. Significant Industrial User (SIU) Information and Categorical Industrial User (CIU) (Instructions Page 100)

A. General information

Company Name: _____
SIC Code: _____
Telephone number: _____ Fax number: _____
Contact name: _____
Address: _____
City, State, and Zip Code: _____

B. Process information

Describe the industrial processes or other activities that affect or contribute to the SIU(s) or CIU(s) discharge (i.e., process and non-process wastewater).

C. Product and service information

Provide a description of the principal product(s) or services performed.

[Redacted]

D. Flow rate information

See the Instructions for definitions of “process” and “non-process wastewater.”

Process Wastewater:

Discharge, in gallons/day: [Redacted]

Discharge Type: Continuous Batch Intermittent

Non-Process Wastewater:

Discharge, in gallons/day: [Redacted]

Discharge Type: Continuous Batch Intermittent

E. Pretreatment standards

Is the SIU or CIU subject to technically based local limits as defined in the instructions?

Yes No

Is the SIU or CIU subject to categorical pretreatment standards found in *40 CFR Parts 405-471*?

Yes No

If subject to categorical pretreatment standards, indicate the applicable category and subcategory for each categorical process.

Category: [Redacted]
Subcategories: [Redacted]

Category: [Redacted]
Subcategories: [Redacted]

Category: [Redacted]
Subcategories: [Redacted]

Category: [Redacted]
Subcategories: [Redacted]

Category: [Redacted]
Subcategories: [Redacted]

WORKSHEET 7.0

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY CLASS V INJECTION WELL INVENTORY/AUTHORIZATION FORM

Submit to:
TCEQ
IUC Permits Team
Radioactive Materials Division
MC-233
PO Box 13087
Austin, Texas 78711-3087
512-239-6466

For TCEQ Use Only

Reg. No. _____

Date Received _____

Date Authorized _____

Section 1. General Information (Instructions Page 102)

1. TCEQ Program Area

Program Area (PST, VCP, IHW, etc.): _____

Program ID: _____

Contact Name: _____

Phone Number: _____

2. Agent/Consultant Contact Information

Contact Name: _____

Address: _____

City, State, and Zip Code: _____

Phone Number: _____

3. Owner/Operator Contact Information

Owner

Operator

Owner/Operator Name: _____

Contact Name: _____

Address: _____

City, State, and Zip Code: _____

Phone Number: _____

4. Facility Contact Information

Facility Name: _____

Address: [REDACTED]

City, State, and Zip Code: [REDACTED]

Location description (if no address is available): [REDACTED]

Facility Contact Person: [REDACTED]

Phone Number: [REDACTED]

5. Latitude and Longitude, in degrees-minutes-seconds

Latitude: [REDACTED] Longitude: [REDACTED]

Method of determination (GPS, TOPO, etc.): [REDACTED]

Attach topographic quadrangle map as attachment A.

6. Well Information

Type of Well Construction, select one:

- Vertical Injection
- Subsurface Fluid Distribution System
- Infiltration Gallery
- Temporary Injection Points
- Other, Specify: [REDACTED]

Number of Injection Wells:

7. Purpose

Detailed Description regarding purpose of Injection System:

Attach a Site Map as Attachment B (Attach the Approved Remediation Plan, if appropriate.)

8. Water Well Driller/Installer

Water Well Driller/Installer Name:

City, State, and Zip Code:

Phone Number: [REDACTED]

License Number: [REDACTED]

Section 2. Proposed Down Hole Design

Attach a diagram signed and sealed by a licensed engineer as Attachment C.

Table 7.0(1) -Down Hole Design Table

Name of String	Size	Setting Depth	Sacks Cement/Grout - Slurry Volume - Top of Cement	Hole Size	Weight (lbs/ft) PVC/Steel
Casing					
Tubing					
Screen					

Section 3. Proposed Trench System, Subsurface Fluid Distribution System, or Infiltration Gallery

Attach a diagram signed and sealed by a licensed engineer as Attachment D.

System(s) Dimensions: [REDACTED]

System(s) Construction: [REDACTED]

Section 4. Site Hydrogeological and Injection Zone Data

- Name of Contaminated Aquifer: [REDACTED]
- Receiving Formation Name of Injection Zone: [REDACTED]
- Well/Trench Total Depth: [REDACTED]
- Surface Elevation: [REDACTED]
- Depth to Ground Water: [REDACTED]
- Injection Zone Depth: [REDACTED]
- Injection Zone vertically isolated geologically? Yes No

Impervious Strata between Injection Zone and nearest Underground

Source of Drinking Water:

Name: [REDACTED]

Thickness: [REDACTED]

8. Provide a list of contaminants and the levels (ppm) in contaminated aquifer
Attach as Attachment E.
9. Horizontal and Vertical extent of contamination and injection plume
Attach as Attachment F.
10. Formation (Injection Zone) Water Chemistry (Background levels) TDS, etc.
Attach as Attachment G.
11. Injection Fluid Chemistry in PPM at point of injection
Attach as Attachment H.
12. Lowest Known Depth of Ground Water with < 10,000 PPM TDS: [REDACTED]
13. Maximum injection Rate/Volume/Pressure: [REDACTED]
14. Water wells within 1/4 mile radius (attach map as Attachment I):
15. Injection wells within 1/4 mile radius (attach map as Attachment J): [REDACTED]
16. Monitor wells within 1/4 mile radius (attach drillers logs and map as Attachment K):
17. Sampling frequency:
18. Known hazardous components in injection fluid:

Section 5. Site History

1. Type of Facility: [REDACTED]
2. Contamination Dates:
3. Original Contamination (VOCs, TPH, BTEX, etc.) and Concentrations (attach as Attachment L):
4. Previous Remediation:

Attach results of any previous remediation as attachment M

NOTE: Authorization Form should be completed in detail and authorization given by the TCEQ before construction, operation, and/or conversion can

begin. Attach additional pages as necessary.

Class V Injection Well Designations

- 5A07 Heat Pump/AC return (IW used for groundwater to heat and/or cool buildings)
- 5A19 Industrial Cooling Water Return Flow (IW used to cool industrial process equipment)
- 5B22 Salt Water Intrusion Barrier (IW used to inject fluids to prevent the intrusion of salt water into an aquifer)
- 5D02 Storm Water Drainage (IW designed for the disposal of rain water)
- 5D04 Industrial Stormwater Drainage Wells (IW designed for the disposal of rain water associated with industrial facilities)
- 5F01 Agricultural Drainage (IW that receive agricultural runoff)
- 5R21 Aquifer Recharge (IW used to inject fluids to recharge an aquifer)
- 5S23 Subsidence Control Wells (IW used to control land subsidence caused by ground water withdrawal)
- 5W09 Untreated Sewage
- 5W10 Large Capacity Cesspools (Cesspools that are designed for 5,000 gpd or greater)
- 5W11 Large Capacity Septic systems (Septic systems designed for 5,000 gpd or greater)
- 5W12 WTP disposal
- 5W20 Industrial Process Waste Disposal Wells
- 5W31 Septic System (Well Disposal method)
- 5W32 Septic System Drainfield Disposal
- 5X13 Mine Backfill (IW used to control subsidence, dispose of mining byproducts, and/or fill sections of a mine)
- 5X25 Experimental Wells (Pilot Test) (IW used to test new technologies or tracer dye studies)
- 5X26 Aquifer Remediation (IW used to clean up, treat, or prevent contamination of a USDW)
- 5X27 Other Wells
- 5X28 Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Wells (IW used to dispose of waste from a motor vehicle site - These are currently banned)
- 5X29 Abandoned Drinking Water Wells (waste disposal)

Attachment A: Core Data Form

Attachment B: Site Drawing

Attachment C: Flow Diagram

Attachment D: Original USGS Map

Attachment E: Copy of the Check

Attachment F: Lab Reports

Attachment A
Core Data Form



TCEQ Use Only

TCEQ Core Data Form

For detailed instructions on completing this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

SECTION I: General Information

1. Reason for Submission (If other is checked please describe in space provided.)		
<input type="checkbox"/> New Permit, Registration or Authorization (Core Data Form should be submitted with the program application.)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Renewal (Core Data Form should be submitted with the renewal form)		<input type="checkbox"/> Other
2. Customer Reference Number (if issued)	Follow this link to search for CN or RN numbers in Central Registry**	3. Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued)
CN 600520969		RN 101607943

SECTION II: Customer Information

4. General Customer Information		5. Effective Date for Customer Information Updates (mm/dd/yyyy)	
<input type="checkbox"/> New Customer		<input type="checkbox"/> Update to Customer Information	
<input type="checkbox"/> Change in Legal Name (Verifiable with the Texas Secretary of State or Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts)		<input type="checkbox"/> Change in Regulated Entity Ownership	
<i>The Customer Name submitted here may be updated automatically based on what is current and active with the Texas Secretary of State (SOS) or Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (CPA).</i>			
6. Customer Legal Name (If an individual, print last name first: eg: Doe, John)		<i>If new Customer, enter previous Customer below:</i>	
City of Weslaco			
7. TX SOS/CPA Filing Number	8. TX State Tax ID (11 digits)	9. Federal Tax ID (9 digits)	10. DUNS Number (if applicable)
0800761288	17460025442	74-6002544	
11. Type of Customer:		Partnership:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Corporation		<input type="checkbox"/> General <input type="checkbox"/> Limited	
Government: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> City <input type="checkbox"/> County <input type="checkbox"/> Federal <input type="checkbox"/> Local <input type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> Other		<input type="checkbox"/> Sole Proprietorship <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	
12. Number of Employees		13. Independently Owned and Operated?	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0-20 <input type="checkbox"/> 21-100 <input type="checkbox"/> 101-250 <input type="checkbox"/> 251-500 <input type="checkbox"/> 501 and higher		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	
14. Customer Role (Proposed or Actual) – as it relates to the Regulated Entity listed on this form. Please check one of the following			
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner <input type="checkbox"/> Operator <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Owner & Operator <input type="checkbox"/> Other:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Occupational Licensee <input type="checkbox"/> Responsible Party <input type="checkbox"/> VCP/BSA Applicant			
15. Mailing Address: 1912 Joe Stephens ave			
City	Weslaco	State	TX
ZIP	78596	ZIP + 4	
16. Country Mailing Information (if outside USA)		17. E-Mail Address (if applicable)	
18. Telephone Number	19. Extension or Code	20. Fax Number (if applicable)	

SECTION III: Regulated Entity Information**21. General Regulated Entity Information** (If "New Regulated Entity" is selected, a new permit application is also required.)
 New Regulated Entity Update to Regulated Entity Name Update to Regulated Entity Information

The Regulated Entity Name submitted may be updated, in order to meet TCEQ Core Data Standards (removal of organizational endings such as Inc, LP, or LLC).

22. Regulated Entity Name (Enter name of the site where the regulated action is taking place.)

Weslaco North WWTP

23. Street Address of the Regulated Entity:

907 N. Airport Dr.

(No PO Boxes)

City	Weslaco	State	TX	ZIP	78599	ZIP + 4	
------	---------	-------	----	-----	-------	---------	--

24. County

Hidalgo

If no Street Address is provided, fields 25-28 are required.

25. Description to**Physical Location:**

Northeast of the City of Weslaco approximately 4000 east of State Highway 88 and approximately 4000 feet North of Pike Boulevard

26. Nearest City**State****Nearest ZIP Code**

Weslaco

TX

78599

Latitude/Longitude are required and may be added/updated to meet TCEQ Core Data Standards. (Geocoding of the Physical Address may be used to supply coordinates where none have been provided or to gain accuracy).

27. Latitude (N) In Decimal:

26.184877

28. Longitude (W) In Decimal:

-97.971014

Degrees

Minutes

Seconds

Degrees

Minutes

Seconds

29. Primary SIC Code**30. Secondary SIC Code****31. Primary NAICS Code****32. Secondary NAICS Code**

(4 digits)

(4 digits)

(5 or 6 digits)

(5 or 6 digits)

4952

221320

33. What is the Primary Business of this entity? (Do not repeat the SIC or NAICS description.)

Municipal Wastewater Treatment plant

34. Mailing

1912 Joe Stephens ave

Address:

City	Weslaco	State	TX	ZIP	78596	ZIP + 4	
------	---------	-------	----	-----	-------	---------	--

35. E-Mail Address:**36. Telephone Number****37. Extension or Code****38. Fax Number** (if applicable)

(965) 973-3146

() -

39. TCEQ Programs and ID Numbers Check all Programs and write in the permits/registration numbers that will be affected by the updates submitted on this form. See the Core Data Form instructions for additional guidance.

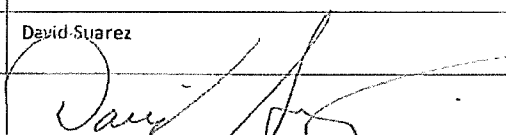
<input type="checkbox"/> Dam Safety	<input type="checkbox"/> Districts	<input type="checkbox"/> Edwards Aquifer	<input type="checkbox"/> Emissions Inventory Air	<input type="checkbox"/> Industrial Hazardous Waste
<input type="checkbox"/> Municipal Solid Waste	<input type="checkbox"/> New Source Review Air	<input type="checkbox"/> OSSF	<input type="checkbox"/> Petroleum Storage Tank	<input type="checkbox"/> PWS
<input type="checkbox"/> Sludge	<input type="checkbox"/> Storm Water	<input type="checkbox"/> Title V Air	<input type="checkbox"/> Tires	<input type="checkbox"/> Used Oil
<input type="checkbox"/> Voluntary Cleanup	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wastewater	<input type="checkbox"/> Wastewater Agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Rights	<input type="checkbox"/> Other:
	WQ0010619003			

SECTION IV: Preparer Information

40. Name:	Hani Said	41. Title:	Environmental Scientist
42. Telephone Number	43. Ext./Code	44. Fax Number	45. E-Mail Address
{ 832 } 291-3473		() -	Hani@rsbenv.com

SECTION V: Authorized Signature

46. By my signature below, I certify, to the best of my knowledge, that the information provided in this form is true and complete, and that I have signature authority to submit this form on behalf of the entity specified in Section II, Field 6 and/or as required for the updates to the ID numbers identified in field 39.

Company:	City of Weslaco	Job Title:	Mayor
Name (In Print):	David Suarez	Phone:	(956) 968-3181
Signature:		Date:	6/01/23

Attachment B
Site Drawing

Site Drawing

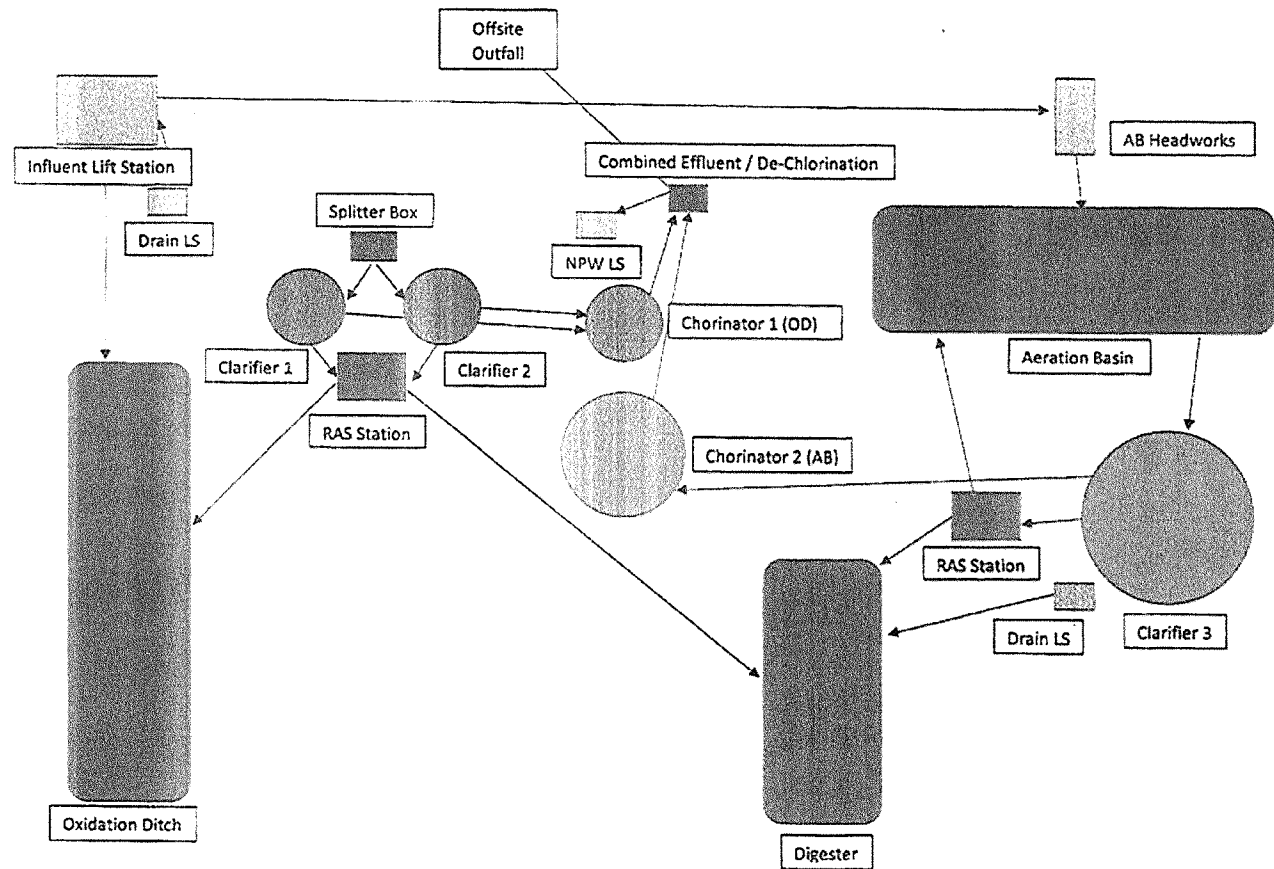


Wastewater permit renewal
Permit No. WQ0010619003
City of Weslaco



Attachment C
Flow Diagram

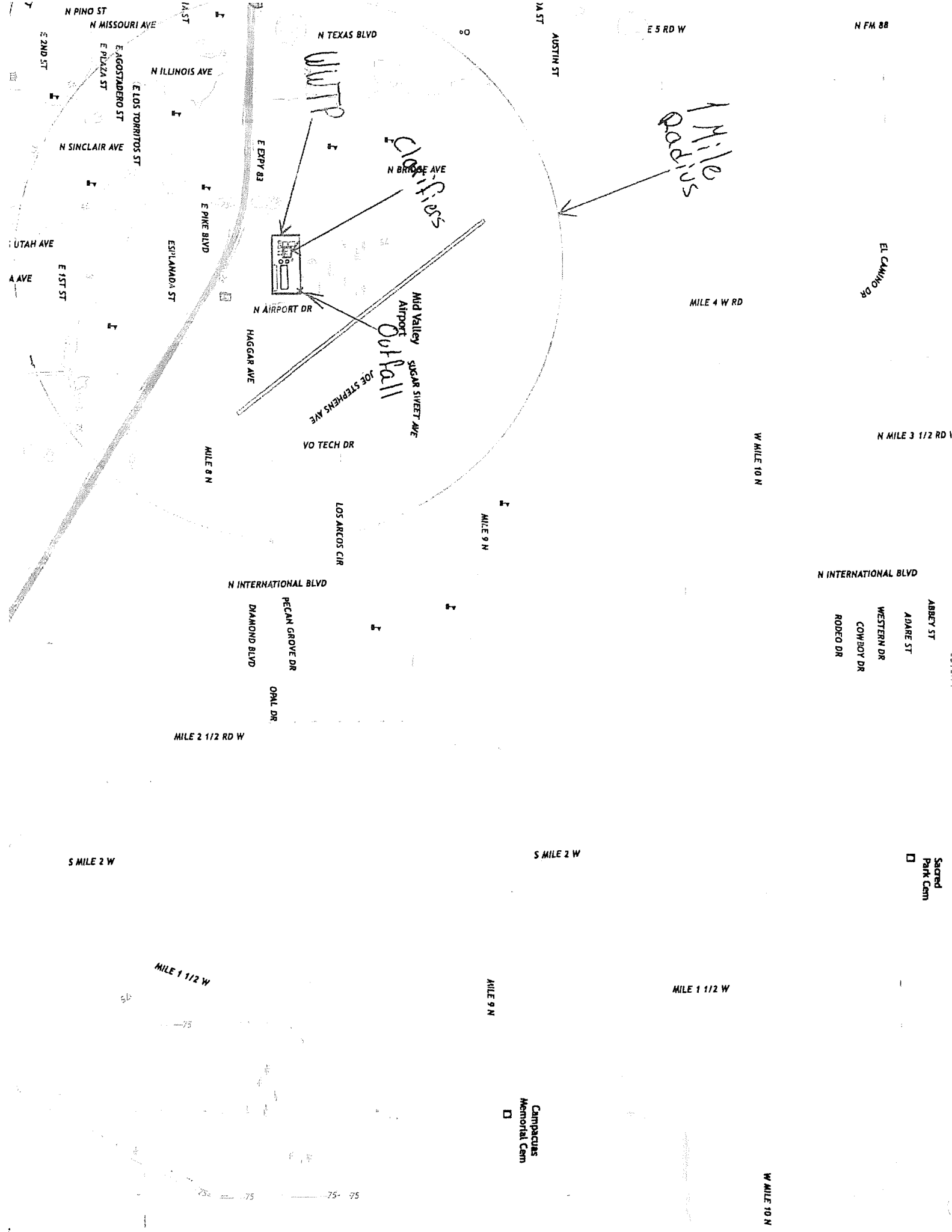
Process Flow Diagram



Wastewater permit renewal
 Permit No. WQ0010619003
 City of Weslaco



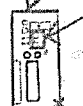
Attachment D
Original USGS Map



1 Miles Radius

WTP
Coffins

Out Fall



Mid Valley Airport
SUGAR SWEET AVE

N INTERNATIONAL BLVD
 ABBEY ST
 ADARE ST
 WESTERN DR
 COWBOY DR
 RODEO DR

Sacred Park Cem

Campacus Memorial Cem

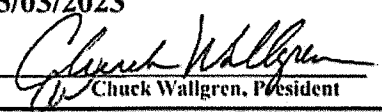
N TEXAS BLVD
 N INTERNATIONAL BLVD
 N AIRPORT DR
 N BRIDGE AVE
 N ILLINOIS AVE
 N MISSOURI AVE
 N PINE BLVD
 N SINCLAIR AVE
 N FM 88
 E 5 RD W
 MILE 4 W RD
 W MILE 10 N
 N MILE 3 1/2 RD W
 MILE 9 N
 LOS ARCOS CIR
 VO TECH DR
 HAGGAR AVE
 N AIRPORT DR
 E EXRY RD
 E LOS TORRITOS ST
 E AGOSTADERO ST
 E PLAZA ST
 E 2ND ST
 E 1ST ST
 E 15TH ST
 E 1ST ST
 MILE 2 1/2 W
 MILE 2 W
 S MILE 2 W
 MILE 1 1/2 W
 MILE 9 N
 MILE 1 1/2 W
 W MILE 10 N
 EL CAMINO DR
 AVE
 AVE
 AVE

Attachment F
Laboratory Report

POLLUTION CONTROL SERVICES



Report of Sample Analysis

Client Information	Sample Information	Laboratory Information
Lucio Garza Inframark (Weslaco N) 2500 North Texas Blvd Weslaco, TX 78596	Project Name: Sample ID: Effluent Matrix: Non-Potable Water Date/Time Taken: 04/26/2023 0950	PCS Sample #: 718195 Page 1 of 1 Date/Time Received: 04/27/2023 10:10 Report Date: 05/03/2023 Approved by:  Chuck Wallgren, President

Test Description	Result	Units	RL	Analysis Date/Time	Method	Analyst
Ammonia-N (ISE)	0.2	mg/L	0.1	04/28/2023 10:00	SM 4500-NH3 D	CRM
CBOD5	5	mg/L	2	04/27/2023 14:18	SM 5210 B	GTG/CMP
Total Suspended Solids	2	mg/L	1	04/27/2023 16:20	SM 2540 D	PML

Test Description	Precision	Quality Assurance Summary				UCL	LCS	LCS Limit	Blank
		Limit	LCL	MS	MSD				
Ammonia-N (ISE)	<1	10	87	105	105	110	100	85 - 115	
CBOD5	10	23	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	193	167 - 228	
Total Suspended Solids	<1	10	N/A			N/A			


Quality Statement: All supporting quality data adhered to data quality objectives and test results meet the requirements of NELAC unless otherwise noted as flagged exceptions or in a case narrative attachment. Reports with full quality data deliverables are available on request.

These analytical results relate only to the sample tested.
 All data is reported on an 'As Is' basis unless designated as 'Dry Wt'.
 RL = Reporting Limits
 QC Data Reported in %, Except BOD in mg/L

POLLUTION CONTROL SERVICES

Report of Sample Analysis



Client Information	Sample Information	Laboratory Information																																				
Lucio Garza Inframark (Weslaco N) 2500 North Texas Blvd Weslaco, TX 78596	Project Name: Influent Sample ID: Influent Matrix: Non-Potable Water Date/Time Taken: 04/25/2023 1500	PCS Sample #: 718196 Page 1 of 1 Date/Time Received: 04/27/2023 10:10 Report Date: 05/03/2023 Approved by:  Chuck Wallgren, President																																				
<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Test Description</th> <th>Result</th> <th>Units</th> <th>RL</th> <th>Analysis Date/Time</th> <th>Method</th> <th>Analyst</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Ammonia-N (ISE)</td> <td>51.0</td> <td>mg/L</td> <td>0.1</td> <td>04/28/2023 10:00</td> <td>SM 4500-NH3 D</td> <td>CRM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CBOD5</td> <td>302</td> <td>mg/L</td> <td>2</td> <td>04/27/2023 14:08</td> <td>SM 5210 B</td> <td>GTG/CMP</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total Suspended Solids</td> <td>246</td> <td>mg/L</td> <td>1</td> <td>04/27/2023 16:20</td> <td>SM 2540 D</td> <td>PML</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Test Description	Result	Units	RL	Analysis Date/Time	Method	Analyst	Ammonia-N (ISE)	51.0	mg/L	0.1	04/28/2023 10:00	SM 4500-NH3 D	CRM	CBOD5	302	mg/L	2	04/27/2023 14:08	SM 5210 B	GTG/CMP	Total Suspended Solids	246	mg/L	1	04/27/2023 16:20	SM 2540 D	PML								
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Total Suspended Solids	246	mg/L	1	04/27/2023 16:20	SM 2540 D	PML																																
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Test Description	Precision Limit	Quality Assurance Summary				LCS Limit	Blank																															
		LCL	MS	MSD	UCL																																	
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<p>Quality Statement: All supporting quality data adhered to data quality objectives and test results meet the requirements of NELAC unless otherwise noted as flagged exceptions or in a case narrative attachment. Reports with full quality data deliverables are available on request.</p>																																						
<p>These analytical results relate only to the sample tested. All data is reported on an 'As Is' basis unless designated as 'Dry Wt'. RL = Reporting Limits QC Data Reported in %, Except BOD in mg/L</p>																																						

POLLUTION CONTROL SERVICES

Chain of Custody Number

1718195

MULTIPLE SAMPLE ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORM

Stamp 1st sample and COC as same number

CUSTOMER INFORMATION				REPORT INFORMATION											
Name: Inframark, Weslaco North WWTP				Attention: Lucio Garza				Phone: (956) 968-3951				Fax:			
SAMPLE INFORMATION						Requested Analysis						Instructions/Comments:			
Project Information:						Collected By: <i>Pablo Gonzalez</i>						PCS Sample Number			
Report "Soils" <input type="checkbox"/> As Is <input type="checkbox"/> Dry Wt.															
Client / Field Sample ID	Collected		Field Chlorine Residual mg/L	Composite or Grab	Matrix		Container		CBOD 1.89C	TSS 1.89C	NH3N 250/500	ZINC 1.89C			
	Date	Time			DW-Drinking Water; NPW-Non-potable water; WW-Wastewater; LW-Liquid Waste	Type	Number	Preservative							
EFFLUENT	Start: 4-25-23 End: 4-26-23	Start: 1000AM End: 9:50AM	N/A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> G	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DW <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NPW <input type="checkbox"/> WW <input type="checkbox"/> Soil <input type="checkbox"/> Sludge <input type="checkbox"/> LW <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> P <input type="checkbox"/> G <input type="checkbox"/> O	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> H2SO4 <input type="checkbox"/> HNO3 <input type="checkbox"/> H3PO4 <input type="checkbox"/> NaOH <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ICE <i>4.0</i>							<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> O <input type="checkbox"/> HEM Other:
EFFLUENT	Start: 4-25-23 End: 4-26-23	Start: 1000AM End: 9:50AM	N/A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> G	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DW <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NPW <input type="checkbox"/> WW <input type="checkbox"/> Soil <input type="checkbox"/> Sludge <input type="checkbox"/> LW <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> P <input type="checkbox"/> G <input type="checkbox"/> O	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> H2SO4 <input type="checkbox"/> HNO3 <input type="checkbox"/> H3PO4 <input type="checkbox"/> NaOH <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ICE <i>4.0</i>	X	X					1718195 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> O <input type="checkbox"/> HEM Other:
INFLUENT	Start: 4-25-23 End: 4-25-23	Start: 1000AM End: 300PM	N/A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> G	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DW <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NPW <input type="checkbox"/> WW <input type="checkbox"/> Soil <input type="checkbox"/> Sludge <input type="checkbox"/> LW <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> P <input type="checkbox"/> G <input type="checkbox"/> O	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> H2SO4 <input type="checkbox"/> HNO3 <input type="checkbox"/> H3PO4 <input type="checkbox"/> NaOH <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ICE <i>4.0</i>	X	X	X				1718196 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> O <input type="checkbox"/> HEM Other:
	Start:	Start:		<input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> G	<input type="checkbox"/> DW <input type="checkbox"/> NPW <input type="checkbox"/> WW <input type="checkbox"/> Soil <input type="checkbox"/> Sludge <input type="checkbox"/> LW <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<input type="checkbox"/> P <input type="checkbox"/> G <input type="checkbox"/> O		<input type="checkbox"/> H2SO4 <input type="checkbox"/> HNO3 <input type="checkbox"/> H3PO4 <input type="checkbox"/> NaOH <input type="checkbox"/> ICE							<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> O <input type="checkbox"/> HEM Other:
	Start:	Start:		<input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> G	<input type="checkbox"/> DW <input type="checkbox"/> NPW <input type="checkbox"/> WW <input type="checkbox"/> Soil <input type="checkbox"/> Sludge <input type="checkbox"/> LW <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<input type="checkbox"/> P <input type="checkbox"/> G <input type="checkbox"/> O		<input type="checkbox"/> H2SO4 <input type="checkbox"/> HNO3 <input type="checkbox"/> H3PO4 <input type="checkbox"/> NaOH <input type="checkbox"/> ICE							<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> O <input type="checkbox"/> HEM Other:
	Start:	Start:		<input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> G	<input type="checkbox"/> DW <input type="checkbox"/> NPW <input type="checkbox"/> WW <input type="checkbox"/> Soil <input type="checkbox"/> Sludge <input type="checkbox"/> LW <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<input type="checkbox"/> P <input type="checkbox"/> G <input type="checkbox"/> O		<input type="checkbox"/> H2SO4 <input type="checkbox"/> HNO3 <input type="checkbox"/> H3PO4 <input type="checkbox"/> NaOH <input type="checkbox"/> ICE							<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> O <input type="checkbox"/> HEM Other:
	Start:	Start:		<input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> G	<input type="checkbox"/> DW <input type="checkbox"/> NPW <input type="checkbox"/> WW <input type="checkbox"/> Soil <input type="checkbox"/> Sludge <input type="checkbox"/> LW <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<input type="checkbox"/> P <input type="checkbox"/> G <input type="checkbox"/> O		<input type="checkbox"/> H2SO4 <input type="checkbox"/> HNO3 <input type="checkbox"/> H3PO4 <input type="checkbox"/> NaOH <input type="checkbox"/> ICE							<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> O <input type="checkbox"/> HEM Other:

Required Turnaround: Routine (6-10 days) EXPEDITE: (See Surcharge Schedule) < 8 Hrs. < 16 Hrs. < 24 Hrs. 5 days Other: Rush Charges Authorized by:

Sample Archive/Disposal: Laboratory Standard Hold for client pick up Container Type: P = Plastic, G = Glass, O = Other Carrier ID:

Relinquished By: <i>Pablo Gonzalez</i>	Date: 4-26-23	Time: 11:23am	Received By: <i>[Signature]</i>	Date: 4-26-23	Time: 11:23am
Relinquished By: <i>Kedex</i>	Date:	Time:	Received By: <i>[Signature]</i>	Date: 4-27-23	Time: 1010

Rev. Multiple Sample COC 20120201

FROM: (956) 968-3951
Lucio Garza
Inframark weslaco N
907 North Airport Dr.
WESLACO TX 78596
US

CAD: 112447368INNET4580
DIMMED: 18 X 10 X 16 IN

TO Chuck Waillgren

1532 Universal City Blvd. #100

Universal City TX 78148 (US)

(210) 340-0343 REF:

INV:

PO:

DEPT

RMA:



FedEx Ground



1231023011101UV

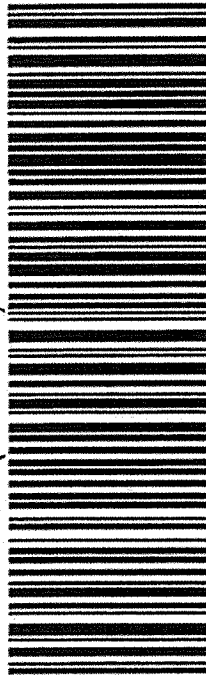
581J3/78CF/EZD

RETURN

TRK# 7718 1790 2923

78148

9622 0137 0 (000 000 0000) 0 00 7718 1790 2923



1. Select the 'Print' button to print 1 copy of each label.
2. The Return Shipment instructions, which provide you recipient with information on the returns process, will be printed with the label(s).
3. After printing, select your next step by clicking one of the displayed buttons.

Note: To review or print individual labels, select the Label button under each label image above.

Use of this system constitutes your agreement to the service conditions in the current FedEx Service Guide, available on fedex.com. FedEx will not be responsible for any claim in excess of \$100 per package, whether the result of loss, damage, delay, non-delivery, misdelivery, or misinformation, unless you declare a higher value, pay an additional charge, document your actual loss and file a timely claim. Limitations found in the current FedEx Service Guide apply. Your right to recover from FedEx for any loss, including intrinsic value of the package, loss of sales, income interest, profit, attorney's fees, costs, and other forms of damage whether direct, incidental, consequential, or special is limited to the greater of \$100 or the authorized declared value. Recovery cannot exceed actual documented loss. Maximum for items of extraordinary value is \$500, e.g. jewelry, precious metals, negotiable instruments and other items listed in our Service Guide. Written claims must be filed within strict time limits, see current FedEx Service Guide.

Pollution Control Services Sample Log-In Checklist

718195

PCS Sample No(s) 718195 718196 COC No. _____

Client/Company Name: Westaco North Checklist Completed by: LMW

Sample Delivery to Lab Via:

Client Drop Off _____ Commercial Carrier: Bus _____ UPS _____ Lone Star _____ FedEx _____ USPS _____
PCS Field Services: Collection/Pick Up _____ Other: _____

Sample Kit/Coolers

Sample Kit/Cooler? Yes No _____ Sample Kit/Cooler: Intact? Yes No _____
Custody Seals on Sample Kit/Cooler: Not Present If Present, Intact _____ Broken _____
Sample Containers Intact; Unbroken and Not Leaking? Yes No _____
Custody Seals on Sample Bottles: Not Present If Present, Intact _____ Broken _____
COC Present with Shipment or Delivery or Completed at Drop Off? Yes No _____
Has COC sample date/time and other pertinent information been provided by client/sampler? Yes: _____ No: _____
Has COC been properly Signed when Received/Relinquished? Yes _____ No _____
Does COC agree with Sample Bottle Information, Bottle Types, Preservation, etc.? Yes _____ No
All Samples Received before Hold Time Expiration? Yes _____ No
Sufficient Sample Volumes for Analysis Requested? Yes No _____
Zero Headspace in VOA Vial? Yes _____ No _____

Sample Preservation:

* Cooling: Not Required _____ or Required
If cooling required, record temperature of submitted samples Observed/Corrected 2 / 2 °C
Is Ice Present in Sample Kit/Cooler? Yes _____ No _____ Samples received same day as collected? _____ Yes No _____
Lab Thermometer Make and Serial Number: Vaughan 1807009583 Other: _____

Acid Preserved Sample - If present, is pH <2? Yes No _____** H₂SO₄ _____ HNO₃ _____ H₃PO₄

Base Preserved Sample - If present, is pH >12? Yes _____ No _____ NaOH _____

Other Preservation: _____ If Present, Meets Requirements? Yes _____ No _____

Sample Preservations Checked by: LMW Date 4.27.23 Time 1132

pH paper used to check sample preservation (PCS log #): 19.377 (HEM pH checked at analysis).

Samples Preserved/Adjusted by Lab:	Lab #	Parameters Preserved	Preservative Used	Log #

Adjusted by Tech/Analyst: _____ Date : _____ Time: _____

Client Notification/ Documentation for "No" Responses Above/ Discrepancies/ Revision Comments

Person Notified: _____ Contacted by: _____
Notified Date: _____ Time: _____
Method of Contact: At Drop Off: _____ Phone _____ Left Voice Mail _____ E-Mail _____ Fax _____
Unable to Contact _____ Authorized Laboratory to Proceed : _____ (Lab Director)
Regarding / Comments: _____

Actions taken to correct problems/discrepancies: _____

Receiving qualifier needed (requires client notification above) Temp. _____ Holding Time _____ Initials: _____

Receiving qualifier entered into LIMS at login Initial/Date: _____

Revision Comments: _____



TPDES PERMIT NO. WQ0010619003
[For TCEQ office use only - EPA I.D. No.
TX0052787]

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
P.O. Box 13087
Austin, Texas 78711-3087

This is a renewal that replaces TPDES
Permit No. WQ0010619003 issued on
November 6, 2018.

PERMIT TO DISCHARGE WASTES
under provisions of
Section 402 of the Clean Water Act
and Chapter 26 of the Texas Water Code

City of Weslaco

whose mailing address is

1912 Joe Stephens Avenue
Weslaco, Texas 78599

is authorized to treat and discharge wastes from the Weslaco North Wastewater Treatment
Facility, SIC Code 4952

located at 907 North Airport Drive, Weslaco, in Hidalgo County, Texas 78599

to an unnamed drainage ditch, thence to North Floodway, thence to Laguna Madre in Segment
No. 2491 of the Bays and Estuaries

only according to effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, and other conditions set forth
in this permit, as well as the rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ),
the laws of the State of Texas, and other orders of the TCEQ. The issuance of this permit does
not grant to the permittee the right to use private or public property for conveyance of
wastewater along the discharge route described in this permit. This includes, but is not limited
to, property belonging to any individual, partnership, corporation, or other entity. Neither does
this permit authorize any invasion of personal rights nor any violation of federal, state, or local
laws or regulations. It is the responsibility of the permittee to acquire property rights as may be
necessary to use the discharge route.

This permit shall expire at midnight, **five years from the date of issuance.**

ISSUED DATE:

For the Commission

EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

Outfall Number 001

1. During the period beginning upon the date of issuance and lasting through the date of expiration, the permittee is authorized to discharge subject to the following effluent limitations:

The annual average flow of effluent shall not exceed 4.9 MGD, nor shall the average discharge during any two-hour period (2-hour peak) exceed 12,260 gallons per minute (gpm).

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations				Min. Self-Monitoring Requirements	
	Daily Avg	7-day Avg	Daily Max	Single Grab	Report Daily Avg. & Daily Max.	
	mg/l (lbs/day)	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Flow, MGD	Report	N/A	Report	N/A	Continuous	Totalizing Meter
Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day)	10 (409)	15	25	35	Two/week	Composite
Total Suspended Solids	15 (613)	25	40	60	Two/week	Composite
Ammonia Nitrogen	3 (123)	6	10	15	Two/week	Composite
Total Zinc	0.53 (22)	N/A	1.12	1.59	One/quarter	Composite
<i>E. coli</i> , colony-forming units or most probable number per 100 ml	126	N/A	399	N/A	One/week	Grab

2. The effluent shall contain a total chlorine residual of at least 1.0 mg/l after a detention time of at least 20 minutes (based on peak flow) and shall be monitored daily by grab sample. The permittee shall dechlorinate the chlorinated effluent to less than 0.1 mg/l total chlorine residual and shall monitor total chlorine residual daily by grab sample after the dechlorination process. An equivalent method of disinfection may be substituted only with prior approval of the Executive Director.
3. The pH shall not be less than 6.0 standard units (SU) nor greater than 9.0 SU and shall be monitored once per week by grab sample.
4. There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts and no discharge of visible oil.
5. Effluent monitoring samples shall be taken at the following location(s): Following the final treatment unit.
6. The effluent shall contain a minimum dissolved oxygen of 4.0 mg/l and shall be monitored twice per week by grab sample.
7. The annual average flow and maximum 2-hour peak flow shall be reported monthly.

DEFINITIONS AND STANDARD PERMIT CONDITIONS

As required by Title 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 305, certain regulations appear as standard conditions in waste discharge permits. 30 TAC § 305.121 - 305.129 (relating to Permit Characteristics and Conditions) as promulgated under the Texas Water Code (TWC) §§ 5.103 and 5.105, and the Texas Health and Safety Code (THSC) §§ 361.017 and 361.024(a), establish the characteristics and standards for waste discharge permits, including sewage sludge, and those sections of 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 122 adopted by reference by the Commission. The following text includes these conditions and incorporates them into this permit. All definitions in TWC § 26.001 and 30 TAC Chapter 305 shall apply to this permit and are incorporated by reference. Some specific definitions of words or phrases used in this permit are as follows:

1. Flow Measurements

- a. Annual average flow - the arithmetic average of all daily flow determinations taken within the preceding 12 consecutive calendar months. The annual average flow determination shall consist of daily flow volume determinations made by a totalizing meter, charted on a chart recorder and limited to major domestic wastewater discharge facilities with one million gallons per day or greater permitted flow.
- b. Daily average flow - the arithmetic average of all determinations of the daily flow within a period of one calendar month. The daily average flow determination shall consist of determinations made on at least four separate days. If instantaneous measurements are used to determine the daily flow, the determination shall be the arithmetic average of all instantaneous measurements taken during that month. Daily average flow determination for intermittent discharges shall consist of a minimum of three flow determinations on days of discharge.
- c. Daily maximum flow - the highest total flow for any 24-hour period in a calendar month.
- d. Instantaneous flow - the measured flow during the minimum time required to interpret the flow measuring device.
- e. 2-hour peak flow (domestic wastewater treatment plants) - the maximum flow sustained for a two-hour period during the period of daily discharge. The average of multiple measurements of instantaneous maximum flow within a two-hour period may be used to calculate the 2-hour peak flow.
- f. Maximum 2-hour peak flow (domestic wastewater treatment plants) - the highest 2-hour peak flow for any 24-hour period in a calendar month.

2. Concentration Measurements

- a. Daily average concentration - the arithmetic average of all effluent samples, composite or grab as required by this permit, within a period of one calendar month, consisting of at least four separate representative measurements.
 - i. For domestic wastewater treatment plants - When four samples are not available in a calendar month, the arithmetic average (weighted by flow) of all values in the previous four consecutive month period consisting of at least four measurements shall be utilized as the daily average concentration.

- ii. For all other wastewater treatment plants - When four samples are not available in a calendar month, the arithmetic average (weighted by flow) of all values taken during the month shall be utilized as the daily average concentration.
- b. 7-day average concentration - the arithmetic average of all effluent samples, composite or grab as required by this permit, within a period of one calendar week, Sunday through Saturday.
- c. Daily maximum concentration - the maximum concentration measured on a single day, by the sample type specified in the permit, within a period of one calendar month.
- d. Daily discharge - the discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day or any 24-hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for purposes of sampling. For pollutants with limitations expressed in terms of mass, the daily discharge is calculated as the total mass of the pollutant discharged over the sampling day. For pollutants with limitations expressed in other units of measurement, the daily discharge is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant over the sampling day.

The daily discharge determination of concentration made using a composite sample shall be the concentration of the composite sample. When grab samples are used, the daily discharge determination of concentration shall be the arithmetic average (weighted by flow value) of all samples collected during that day.

- e. Bacteria concentration (*E. coli* or Enterococci) - Colony Forming Units (CFU) or Most Probable Number (MPN) of bacteria per 100 milliliters effluent. The daily average bacteria concentration is a geometric mean of the values for the effluent samples collected in a calendar month. The geometric mean shall be determined by calculating the n th root of the product of all measurements made in a calendar month, where n equals the number of measurements made; or, computed as the antilogarithm of the arithmetic mean of the logarithms of all measurements made in a calendar month. For any measurement of bacteria equaling zero, a substituted value of one shall be made for input into either computation method. If specified, the 7-day average for bacteria is the geometric mean of the values for all effluent samples collected during a calendar week.
 - f. Daily average loading (lbs/day) - the arithmetic average of all daily discharge loading calculations during a period of one calendar month. These calculations must be made for each day of the month that a parameter is analyzed. The daily discharge, in terms of mass (lbs/day), is calculated as (Flow, MGD x Concentration, mg/l x 8.34).
 - g. Daily maximum loading (lbs/day) - the highest daily discharge, in terms of mass (lbs/day), within a period of one calendar month.
3. Sample Type
- a. Composite sample - For domestic wastewater, a composite sample is a sample made up of a minimum of three effluent portions collected in a continuous 24-hour period or during the period of daily discharge if less than 24 hours, and combined in volumes proportional to flow, and collected at the intervals required by 30 TAC § 319.9 (a). For industrial wastewater, a composite sample is a sample made up of a minimum of three effluent portions collected in a continuous 24-hour period or during the period of daily discharge if less than 24 hours, and combined in volumes proportional to flow, and collected at the intervals required by 30 TAC § 319.9 (b).

- b. Grab sample - an individual sample collected in less than 15 minutes.
- 4. Treatment Facility (facility) - wastewater facilities used in the conveyance, storage, treatment, recycling, reclamation and/or disposal of domestic sewage, industrial wastes, agricultural wastes, recreational wastes, or other wastes including sludge handling or disposal facilities under the jurisdiction of the Commission.
- 5. The term "sewage sludge" is defined as solid, semi-solid, or liquid residue generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in 30 TAC Chapter 312. This includes the solids that have not been classified as hazardous waste separated from wastewater by unit processes.
- 6. The term "biosolids" is defined as sewage sludge that has been tested or processed to meet Class A, Class AB, or Class B pathogen standards in 30 TAC Chapter 312 for beneficial use.
- 7. Bypass - the intentional diversion of a waste stream from any portion of a treatment facility.

MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

1. Self-Reporting

Monitoring results shall be provided at the intervals specified in the permit. Unless otherwise specified in this permit or otherwise ordered by the Commission, the permittee shall conduct effluent sampling and reporting in accordance with 30 TAC §§ 319.4 - 319.12. Unless otherwise specified, effluent monitoring data shall be submitted each month, to the Compliance Monitoring Team of the Enforcement Division (MC 224), by the 20th day of the following month for each discharge which is described by this permit whether or not a discharge is made for that month. Monitoring results must be submitted online using the NetDMR reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver. Monitoring results must be signed and certified as required by Monitoring and Reporting Requirements No. 10.

As provided by state law, the permittee is subject to administrative, civil and criminal penalties, as applicable, for negligently or knowingly violating the Clean Water Act (CWA); TWC §§ 26, 27, and 28; and THSC § 361, including but not limited to knowingly making any false statement, representation, or certification on any report, record, or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance, or falsifying, tampering with or knowingly rendering inaccurate any monitoring device or method required by this permit or violating any other requirement imposed by state or federal regulations.

2. Test Procedures

- a. Unless otherwise specified in this permit, test procedures for the analysis of pollutants shall comply with procedures specified in 30 TAC §§ 319.11 - 319.12. Measurements, tests, and calculations shall be accurately accomplished in a representative manner.
- b. All laboratory tests submitted to demonstrate compliance with this permit must meet the requirements of 30 TAC § 25, Environmental Testing Laboratory Accreditation and Certification.

3. Records of Results

- a. Monitoring samples and measurements shall be taken at times and in a manner so as to be representative of the monitored activity.

- b. Except for records of monitoring information required by this permit related to the permittee's sewage sludge or biosolids use and disposal activities, which shall be retained for a period of at least five years (or longer as required by 40 CFR Part 503), monitoring and reporting records, including strip charts and records of calibration and maintenance, copies of all records required by this permit, records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, and the certification required by 40 CFR § 264.73(b)(9) shall be retained at the facility site, or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative for a period of three years from the date of the record or sample, measurement, report, application or certification. This period shall be extended at the request of the Executive Director.
- c. Records of monitoring activities shall include the following:
 - i. date, time and place of sample or measurement;
 - ii. identity of individual who collected the sample or made the measurement.
 - iii. date and time of analysis;
 - iv. identity of the individual and laboratory who performed the analysis;
 - v. the technique or method of analysis; and
 - vi. the results of the analysis or measurement and quality assurance/quality control records.

The period during which records are required to be kept shall be automatically extended to the date of the final disposition of any administrative or judicial enforcement action that may be instituted against the permittee.

4. Additional Monitoring by Permittee

If the permittee monitors any pollutant at the location(s) designated herein more frequently than required by this permit using approved analytical methods as specified above, all results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the values submitted on the approved self-report form. Increased frequency of sampling shall be indicated on the self-report form.

5. Calibration of Instruments

All automatic flow measuring or recording devices and all totalizing meters for measuring flows shall be accurately calibrated by a trained person at plant start-up and as often thereafter as necessary to ensure accuracy, but not less often than annually unless authorized by the Executive Director for a longer period. Such person shall verify in writing that the device is operating properly and giving accurate results. Copies of the verification shall be retained at the facility site and/or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative for a period of three years.

6. Compliance Schedule Reports

Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of the permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date to the Regional Office and the Compliance Monitoring Team of the Enforcement Division (MC 224).

7. Noncompliance Notification

- a. In accordance with 30 TAC § 305.125(9) any noncompliance which may endanger human health or safety, or the environment shall be reported by the permittee to the TCEQ. Except as allowed by 30 TAC § 305.132, report of such information shall be provided orally or by facsimile transmission (FAX) to the Regional Office within 24 hours of becoming aware of the noncompliance. A written submission of such information shall also be provided by the permittee to the Regional Office and the Compliance Monitoring Team of the Enforcement Division (MC 224) within five working days of becoming aware of the noncompliance. For Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs), effective December 21, 2025, the permittee must submit the written report for unauthorized discharges and unanticipated bypasses that exceed any effluent limit in the permit using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the potential danger to human health or safety, or the environment; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times; if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance, and to mitigate its adverse effects.
 - b. The following violations shall be reported under Monitoring and Reporting Requirement 7.a.:
 - i. Unauthorized discharges as defined in Permit Condition 2(g).
 - ii. Any unanticipated bypass that exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
 - iii. Violation of a permitted maximum daily discharge limitation for pollutants listed specifically in the Other Requirements section of an Industrial TPDES permit.
 - c. In addition to the above, any effluent violation which deviates from the permitted effluent limitation by more than 40% shall be reported by the permittee in writing to the Regional Office and the Compliance Monitoring Team of the Enforcement Division (MC 224) within 5 working days of becoming aware of the noncompliance.
 - d. Any noncompliance other than that specified in this section, or any required information not submitted or submitted incorrectly, shall be reported to the Compliance Monitoring Team of the Enforcement Division (MC 224) as promptly as possible. For effluent limitation violations, noncompliances shall be reported on the approved self-report form.
8. In accordance with the procedures described in 30 TAC §§ 35.301 - 35.303 (relating to Water Quality Emergency and Temporary Orders) if the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice by applying for such authorization.

9. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Substances

All existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, and silvicultural permittees shall notify the Regional Office, orally or by facsimile transmission within 24 hours, and both the Regional Office and the Compliance Monitoring Team of the Enforcement Division (MC 224) in writing within five (5) working days, after becoming aware of or having reason to believe:

- a. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant listed at 40 CFR Part 122, Appendix D, Tables II and III (excluding Total Phenols) which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
 - i. One hundred micrograms per liter (100 µg/L);
 - ii. Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 µg/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 µg/L) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
 - iii. Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application; or
 - iv. The level established by the TCEQ.
- b. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a nonroutine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
 - i. Five hundred micrograms per liter (500 µg/L);
 - ii. One milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
 - iii. Ten (10) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application; or
 - iv. The level established by the TCEQ.

10. Signatories to Reports

All reports and other information requested by the Executive Director shall be signed by the person and in the manner required by 30 TAC § 305.128 (relating to Signatories to Reports).

11. All POTWs must provide adequate notice to the Executive Director of the following:

- a. Any new introduction of pollutants into the POTW from an indirect discharger which would be subject to CWA § 301 or § 306 if it were directly discharging those pollutants;
- b. Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into that POTW by a source introducing pollutants into the POTW at the time of issuance of the permit; and

- c. For the purpose of this paragraph, adequate notice shall include information on:
 - i. The quality and quantity of effluent introduced into the POTW; and
 - ii. Any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

PERMIT CONDITIONS

1. General

- a. When the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application or submitted incorrect information in an application or in any report to the Executive Director, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.
- b. This permit is granted on the basis of the information supplied and representations made by the permittee during action on an application and relying upon the accuracy and completeness of that information and those representations. After notice and opportunity for a hearing, this permit may be modified, suspended, or revoked, in whole or in part, in accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 305, Subchapter D, during its term for good cause including, but not limited to, the following:
 - i. Violation of any terms or conditions of this permit;
 - ii. Obtaining this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all relevant facts; or
 - iii. A change in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge.
- c. The permittee shall furnish to the Executive Director, upon request and within a reasonable time, any information to determine whether cause exists for amending, revoking, suspending or terminating the permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Executive Director, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by the permit.

2. Compliance

- a. Acceptance of the permit by the person to whom it is issued constitutes acknowledgment and agreement that such person will comply with all the terms and conditions embodied in the permit, and the rules and other orders of the Commission.
- b. The permittee has a duty to comply with all conditions of the permit. Failure to comply with any permit condition constitutes a violation of the permit and the Texas Water Code or the Texas Health and Safety Code, and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit amendment, revocation, or suspension, or for denial of a permit renewal application or an application for a permit for another facility.
- c. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit.

- d. The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge or sludge use or disposal or other permit violation that has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.
 - e. Authorization from the Commission is required before beginning any change in the permitted facility or activity that may result in noncompliance with any permit requirements.
 - f. A permit may be amended, suspended and reissued, or revoked for cause in accordance with 30 TAC §§ 305.62 and 305.66 and TWC§ 7.302. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit amendment, suspension and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.
 - g. There shall be no unauthorized discharge of wastewater or any other waste. For the purpose of this permit, an unauthorized discharge is considered to be any discharge of wastewater into or adjacent to water in the state at any location not permitted as an outfall or otherwise defined in the Other Requirements section of this permit.
 - h. In accordance with 30 TAC § 305.535(a), the permittee may allow any bypass to occur from a TPDES permitted facility which does not cause permitted effluent limitations to be exceeded or an unauthorized discharge to occur, but only if the bypass is also for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation.
 - i. The permittee is subject to administrative, civil, and criminal penalties, as applicable, under TWC §§ 7.051 - 7.075 (relating to Administrative Penalties), 7.101 - 7.111 (relating to Civil Penalties), and 7.141 - 7.202 (relating to Criminal Offenses and Penalties) for violations including, but not limited to, negligently or knowingly violating the federal CWA §§ 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405, or any condition or limitation implementing any sections in a permit issued under the CWA § 402, or any requirement imposed in a pretreatment program approved under the CWA §§ 402 (a)(3) or 402 (b)(8).
3. Inspections and Entry
- a. Inspection and entry shall be allowed as prescribed in the TWC Chapters 26, 27, and 28, and THSC § 361.
 - b. The members of the Commission and employees and agents of the Commission are entitled to enter any public or private property at any reasonable time for the purpose of inspecting and investigating conditions relating to the quality of water in the state or the compliance with any rule, regulation, permit or other order of the Commission. Members, employees, or agents of the Commission and Commission contractors are entitled to enter public or private property at any reasonable time to investigate or monitor or, if the responsible party is not responsive or there is an immediate danger to public health or the environment, to remove or remediate a condition related to the quality of water in the state. Members, employees, Commission contractors, or agents acting under this authority who enter private property shall observe the establishment's rules and regulations concerning safety, internal security, and fire protection, and if the property has management in residence, shall notify management or the person then in charge of his presence and shall exhibit proper credentials. If any member, employee, Commission contractor, or agent is refused the right to enter in or on public or private

property under this authority, the Executive Director may invoke the remedies authorized in TWC § 7.002. The statement above, that Commission entry shall occur in accordance with an establishment's rules and regulations concerning safety, internal security, and fire protection, is not grounds for denial or restriction of entry to any part of the facility, but merely describes the Commission's duty to observe appropriate rules and regulations during an inspection.

4. Permit Amendment and/or Renewal

- a. The permittee shall give notice to the Executive Director as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility if such alterations or additions would require a permit amendment or result in a violation of permit requirements. Notice shall also be required under this paragraph when:
 - i. The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in accordance with 30 TAC § 305.534 (relating to New Sources and New Dischargers); or
 - ii. The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants that are subject neither to effluent limitations in the permit, nor to notification requirements in Monitoring and Reporting Requirements No. 9; or
 - iii. The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan.
- b. Prior to any facility modifications, additions, or expansions that will increase the plant capacity beyond the permitted flow, the permittee must apply for and obtain proper authorization from the Commission before commencing construction.
- c. The permittee must apply for an amendment or renewal at least 180 days prior to expiration of the existing permit in order to continue a permitted activity after the expiration date of the permit. If an application is submitted prior to the expiration date of the permit, the existing permit shall remain in effect until the application is approved, denied, or returned. If the application is returned or denied, authorization to continue such activity shall terminate upon the effective date of the action. If an application is not submitted prior to the expiration date of the permit, the permit shall expire and authorization to continue such activity shall terminate.
- d. Prior to accepting or generating wastes which are not described in the permit application, or which would result in a significant change in the quantity or quality of the existing discharge, the permittee must report the proposed changes to the Commission. The permittee must apply for a permit amendment reflecting any necessary changes in permit conditions, including effluent limitations for pollutants not identified and limited by this permit.

- e. In accordance with the TWC § 26.029(b), after a public hearing, notice of which shall be given to the permittee, the Commission may require the permittee, from time to time, for good cause, in accordance with applicable laws, to conform to new or additional conditions.
- f. If any toxic effluent standard or prohibition (including any schedule of compliance specified in such effluent standard or prohibition) is promulgated under CWA § 307(a) for a toxic pollutant which is present in the discharge and that standard or prohibition is more stringent than any limitation on the pollutant in this permit, this permit shall be modified or revoked and reissued to conform to the toxic effluent standard or prohibition. The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under CWA § 307(a) for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the regulations that established those standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.

5. Permit Transfer

- a. Prior to any transfer of this permit, Commission approval must be obtained. The Commission shall be notified in writing of any change in control or ownership of facilities authorized by this permit. Such notification should be sent to the Applications Review and Processing Team (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division.
- b. A permit may be transferred only according to the provisions of 30 TAC § 305.64 (relating to Transfer of Permits) and 30 TAC § 50.133 (relating to Executive Director Action on Application or WQMP update).

6. Relationship to Hazardous Waste Activities

This permit does not authorize any activity of hazardous waste storage, processing, or disposal that requires a permit or other authorization pursuant to the Texas Health and Safety Code.

7. Relationship to Water Rights

Disposal of treated effluent by any means other than discharge directly to water in the state must be specifically authorized in this permit and may require a permit pursuant to TWC Chapter 11.

8. Property Rights

A permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.

9. Permit Enforceability

The conditions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstances, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

10. Relationship to Permit Application

The application pursuant to which the permit has been issued is incorporated herein; provided, however, that in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this permit and the application, the provisions of the permit shall control.

11. Notice of Bankruptcy

- a. Each permittee shall notify the Executive Director, in writing, immediately following the filing of a voluntary or involuntary petition for bankruptcy under any chapter of Title 11 (Bankruptcy) of the United States Code (11 USC) by or against:
 - i. the permittee;
 - ii. an entity (as that term is defined in 11 USC, § 101(14)) controlling the permittee or listing the permit or permittee as property of the estate; or
 - iii. an affiliate (as that term is defined in 11 USC, § 101(2)) of the permittee.
- b. This notification must indicate:
 - i. the name of the permittee;
 - ii. the permit number(s);
 - iii. the bankruptcy court in which the petition for bankruptcy was filed; and
 - iv. the date of filing of the petition.

OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS

1. The permittee shall at all times ensure that the facility and all of its systems of collection, treatment, and disposal are properly operated and maintained. This includes, but is not limited to, the regular, periodic examination of wastewater solids within the treatment plant by the operator in order to maintain an appropriate quantity and quality of solids inventory as described in the various operator training manuals and according to accepted industry standards for process control. Process control, maintenance, and operations records shall be retained at the facility site, or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative, for a period of three years.
2. Upon request by the Executive Director, the permittee shall take appropriate samples and provide proper analysis in order to demonstrate compliance with Commission rules. Unless otherwise specified in this permit or otherwise ordered by the Commission, the permittee shall comply with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 312 concerning sewage sludge or biosolids use and disposal and 30 TAC §§ 319.21 - 319.29 concerning the discharge of certain hazardous metals.
3. Domestic wastewater treatment facilities shall comply with the following provisions:
 - a. The permittee shall notify the Municipal Permits Team, Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division, in writing, of any facility expansion at least 90 days prior to conducting such activity.
 - b. The permittee shall submit a closure plan for review and approval to the Municipal Permits Team, Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division, for any closure activity at least 90 days prior to conducting such activity. Closure is the act of permanently taking a waste management unit or treatment facility out of service and includes the permanent removal from service of any pit, tank, pond, lagoon, surface impoundment and/or other treatment unit regulated by this permit.

4. The permittee is responsible for installing prior to plant start-up, and subsequently maintaining, adequate safeguards to prevent the discharge of untreated or inadequately treated wastes during electrical power failures by means of alternate power sources, standby generators, and/or retention of inadequately treated wastewater.
5. Unless otherwise specified, the permittee shall provide a readily accessible sampling point and, where applicable, an effluent flow measuring device or other acceptable means by which effluent flow may be determined.
6. The permittee shall remit an annual water quality fee to the Commission as required by 30 TAC Chapter 21. Failure to pay the fee may result in revocation of this permit under TWC § 7.302(b)(6).
7. Documentation

For all written notifications to the Commission required of the permittee by this permit, the permittee shall keep and make available a copy of each such notification under the same conditions as self-monitoring data are required to be kept and made available. Except for information required for TPDES permit applications, effluent data, including effluent data in permits, draft permits and permit applications, and other information specified as not confidential in 30 TAC §§ 1.5(d), any information submitted pursuant to this permit may be claimed as confidential by the submitter. Any such claim must be asserted in the manner prescribed in the application form or by stamping the words confidential business information on each page containing such information. If no claim is made at the time of submission, information may be made available to the public without further notice. If the Commission or Executive Director agrees with the designation of confidentiality, the TCEQ will not provide the information for public inspection unless required by the Texas Attorney General or a court pursuant to an open records request. If the Executive Director does not agree with the designation of confidentiality, the person submitting the information will be notified.

8. Facilities that generate domestic wastewater shall comply with the following provisions; domestic wastewater treatment facilities at permitted industrial sites are excluded.
 - a. Whenever flow measurements for any domestic sewage treatment facility reach 75% of the permitted daily average or annual average flow for three consecutive months, the permittee must initiate engineering and financial planning for expansion and/or upgrading of the domestic wastewater treatment and/or collection facilities. Whenever the flow reaches 90% of the permitted daily average or annual average flow for three consecutive months, the permittee shall obtain necessary authorization from the Commission to commence construction of the necessary additional treatment and/or collection facilities. In the case of a domestic wastewater treatment facility which reaches 75% of the permitted daily average or annual average flow for three consecutive months, and the planned population to be served or the quantity of waste produced is not expected to exceed the design limitations of the treatment facility, the permittee shall submit an engineering report supporting this claim to the Executive Director of the Commission.

If in the judgment of the Executive Director the population to be served will not cause permit noncompliance, then the requirement of this section may be waived. To be

effective, any waiver must be in writing and signed by the Director of the Enforcement Division (MC 219) of the Commission, and such waiver of these requirements will be reviewed upon expiration of the existing permit; however, any such waiver shall not be interpreted as condoning or excusing any violation of any permit parameter.

- b. The plans and specifications for domestic sewage collection and treatment works associated with any domestic permit must be approved by the Commission and failure to secure approval before commencing construction of such works or making a discharge is a violation of this permit and each day is an additional violation until approval has been secured.
 - c. Permits for domestic wastewater treatment plants are granted subject to the policy of the Commission to encourage the development of area-wide waste collection, treatment, and disposal systems. The Commission reserves the right to amend any domestic wastewater permit in accordance with applicable procedural requirements to require the system covered by this permit to be integrated into an area-wide system, should such be developed; to require the delivery of the wastes authorized to be collected in, treated by or discharged from said system, to such area-wide system; or to amend this permit in any other particular to effectuate the Commission's policy. Such amendments may be made when the changes required are advisable for water quality control purposes and are feasible on the basis of waste treatment technology, engineering, financial, and related considerations existing at the time the changes are required, exclusive of the loss of investment in or revenues from any then existing or proposed waste collection, treatment or disposal system.
9. Domestic wastewater treatment plants shall be operated and maintained by sewage plant operators holding a valid certificate of competency at the required level as defined in 30 TAC Chapter 30.
 10. For Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs), the 30-day average (or monthly average) percent removal for BOD and TSS shall not be less than 85%, unless otherwise authorized by this permit.
 11. Facilities that generate industrial solid waste as defined in 30 TAC § 335.1 shall comply with these provisions:
 - a. Any solid waste, as defined in 30 TAC § 335.1 (including but not limited to such wastes as garbage, refuse, sludge from a waste treatment, water supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility, discarded materials, discarded materials to be recycled, whether the waste is solid, liquid, or semisolid), generated by the permittee during the management and treatment of wastewater, must be managed in accordance with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 335, relating to Industrial Solid Waste Management.
 - b. Industrial wastewater that is being collected, accumulated, stored, or processed before discharge through any final discharge outfall, specified by this permit, is considered to be industrial solid waste until the wastewater passes through the actual point source discharge and must be managed in accordance with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 335.
 - c. The permittee shall provide written notification, pursuant to the requirements of 30 TAC § 335.8(b)(1), to the Corrective Action Section (MC 127) of the Remediation Division

informing the Commission of any closure activity involving an Industrial Solid Waste Management Unit, at least 90 days prior to conducting such an activity.

- d. Construction of any industrial solid waste management unit requires the prior written notification of the proposed activity to the Registration and Reporting Section (MC 129) of the Permitting and Registration Support Division. No person shall dispose of industrial solid waste, including sludge or other solids from wastewater treatment processes, prior to fulfilling the deed recordation requirements of 30 TAC § 335-5.
- e. The term "industrial solid waste management unit" means a landfill, surface impoundment, waste-pile, industrial furnace, incinerator, cement kiln, injection well, container, drum, salt dome waste containment cavern, or any other structure vessel, appurtenance, or other improvement on land used to manage industrial solid waste.
- f. The permittee shall keep management records for all sludge (or other waste) removed from any wastewater treatment process. These records shall fulfill all applicable requirements of 30 TAC § 335 and must include the following, as it pertains to wastewater treatment and discharge:
 - i. Volume of waste and date(s) generated from treatment process;
 - ii. Volume of waste disposed of on-site or shipped off-site;
 - iii. Date(s) of disposal;
 - iv. Identity of hauler or transporter;
 - v. Location of disposal site; and
 - vi. Method of final disposal.

The above records shall be maintained on a monthly basis. The records shall be retained at the facility site or shall be readily available for review by authorized representatives of the TCEQ for at least five years.

12. For industrial facilities to which the requirements of 30 TAC § 335 do not apply, sludge and solid wastes, including tank cleaning and contaminated solids for disposal, shall be disposed of in accordance with THSC § 361.

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SLUDGE PROVISIONS

The permittee is authorized to dispose of sludge only at a Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) authorized land application site, co-disposal landfill, wastewater treatment facility, or facility that further processes sludge. **The disposal of sludge or biosolids by land application on property owned, leased or under the direct control of the permittee is a violation of the permit unless the site is authorized with the TCEQ. This provision does not authorize Distribution and Marketing of Class A or Class AB Biosolids. This provision does not authorize the permittee to land apply biosolids on property owned, leased or under the direct control of the permittee.**

SECTION I. REQUIREMENTS APPLYING TO ALL SEWAGE SLUDGE OR BIOSOLIDS LAND APPLICATION

A. General Requirements

1. The permittee shall handle and dispose of sewage sludge or biosolids in accordance with 30 TAC § 312 and all other applicable state and federal regulations in a manner that protects public health and the environment from any reasonably anticipated adverse effects due to any toxic pollutants that may be present in the sludge or biosolids.
2. In all cases, if the person (permit holder) who prepares the sewage sludge supplies the sewage sludge to another person for land application use or to the owner or lease holder of the land, the permit holder shall provide necessary information to the parties who receive the sludge to assure compliance with these regulations.
3. The land application of processed or unprocessed chemical toilet waste, grease trap waste, grit trap waste, milk solids, or similar non-hazardous municipal or industrial solid wastes, or any of the wastes listed in this provision combined with biosolids, WTP residuals or domestic septage is prohibited unless the grease trap waste is added at a fats, oil and grease (FOG) receiving facility as part of an anaerobic digestion process.

B. Testing Requirements

1. Sewage sludge or biosolids shall be tested annually in accordance with the method specified in both 40 CFR Part 261, Appendix II and 40 CFR Part 268, Appendix I [Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)] or other method that receives the prior approval of the TCEQ for the contaminants listed in 40 CFR Part 261.24, Table 1. Sewage sludge or biosolids failing this test shall be managed according to RCRA standards for generators of hazardous waste, and the waste's disposition must be in accordance with all applicable requirements for hazardous waste processing, storage, or disposal. Following failure of any TCLP test, the management or disposal of sewage sludge or biosolids at a facility other than an authorized hazardous waste processing, storage, or disposal facility shall be prohibited until such time as the permittee can demonstrate the sewage sludge or biosolids no longer exhibits the hazardous waste toxicity characteristics (as demonstrated by the results of the TCLP tests). A written report shall be provided to both the TCEQ Registration and Reporting Section (MC 129) of the Permitting and Registration Support Division and the Regional Director (MC Region 15) within seven (7) days after failing the TCLP Test.

The report shall contain test results, certification that unauthorized waste management has stopped, and a summary of alternative disposal plans that comply with RCRA standards for the management of hazardous waste. The report shall be addressed to: Director, Permitting and Registration Support Division (MC 129), Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, P.O. Box 13087, Austin, Texas 78711-3087. In addition, the permittee shall prepare an annual report on the results of all sludge toxicity testing. This annual report shall be submitted to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 15) and the Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division by September 30th of each year. The permittee must submit this annual report using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver.

2. Biosolids shall not be applied to the land if the concentration of the pollutants exceeds the pollutant concentration criteria in Table 1. The frequency of testing for pollutants in Table 1 is found in Section I.C. of this permit.

TABLE 1

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Ceiling Concentration</u> <u>(Milligrams per kilogram)*</u>
Arsenic	75
Cadmium	85
Chromium	3000
Copper	4300
Lead	840
Mercury	57
Molybdenum	75
Nickel	420
PCBs	49
Selenium	100
Zinc	7500

* Dry weight basis

3. Pathogen Control

All sewage sludge that is applied to agricultural land, forest, a public contact site, or a reclamation site must be treated by one of the following methods to ensure that the sludge meets either the Class A, Class AB or Class B biosolids pathogen requirements.

- a. For sewage sludge to be classified as Class A biosolids with respect to pathogens, the density of fecal coliform in the sewage sludge must be less than 1,000 most probable number (MPN) per gram of total solids (dry weight basis), or the density of Salmonella sp. bacteria in the sewage sludge must be less than three MPN per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) at the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed. In addition, one of the alternatives listed below must be met:

Alternative 1 - The temperature of the sewage sludge that is used or disposed shall be maintained at or above a specific value for a period of time. See 30 TAC § 312.82(a)(2)(A) for specific information;

Alternative 5 (PFRP) - Sewage sludge that is used or disposed of must be treated in one of the Processes to Further Reduce Pathogens (PFRP) described in 40 CFR Part 503, Appendix B. PFRP include composting, heat drying, heat treatment, and thermophilic aerobic digestion; or

Alternative 6 (PFRP Equivalent) - Sewage sludge that is used or disposed of must be treated in a process that has been approved by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency as being equivalent to those in Alternative 5.

- b. For sewage sludge to be classified as Class AB biosolids with respect to pathogens, the density of fecal coliform in the sewage sludge must be less than 1,000 MPN per gram of total solids (dry weight basis), or the density of *Salmonella* sp. bacteria in the sewage sludge be less than three MPN per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) at the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed. In addition, one of the alternatives listed below must be met:

Alternative 2 - The pH of the sewage sludge that is used or disposed shall be raised to above 12 std. units and shall remain above 12 std. units for 72 hours.

The temperature of the sewage sludge shall be above 52° Celsius for 12 hours or longer during the period that the pH of the sewage sludge is above 12 std. units.

At the end of the 72-hour period during which the pH of the sewage sludge is above 12 std. units, the sewage sludge shall be air dried to achieve a percent solids in the sewage sludge greater than 50%; or

Alternative 3 - The sewage sludge shall be analyzed for enteric viruses prior to pathogen treatment. The limit for enteric viruses is less than one Plaque-forming Unit per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) either before or following pathogen treatment. See 30 TAC § 312.82(a)(2)(C)(i-iii) for specific information. The sewage sludge shall be analyzed for viable helminth ova prior to pathogen treatment. The limit for viable helminth ova is less than one per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) either before or following pathogen treatment. See 30 TAC § 312.82(a)(2)(C)(iv-vi) for specific information; or

Alternative 4 - The density of enteric viruses in the sewage sludge shall be less than one Plaque-forming Unit per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) at the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed. The density of viable helminth ova in the sewage sludge shall be less than one per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) at the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed.

- c. Sewage sludge that meets the requirements of Class AB biosolids may be classified a Class A biosolids if a variance request is submitted in writing that is supported by substantial documentation demonstrating equivalent methods for reducing odors and written approval is granted by the executive director. The executive director may deny the variance request or revoke that approved variance if it is determined that the variance may potentially endanger human health or the environment or create nuisance odor conditions.
- d. Three alternatives are available to demonstrate compliance with Class B biosolids criteria.

Alternative 1

- i. A minimum of seven random samples of the sewage sludge shall be collected within 48 hours of the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed of during each monitoring episode for the sewage sludge.
- ii. The geometric mean of the density of fecal coliform in the samples collected shall be less than either 2,000,000 MPN per gram of total solids (dry weight basis) or 2,000,000 Colony Forming Units per gram of total solids (dry weight basis).

Alternative 2 - Sewage sludge that is used or disposed of shall be treated in one of the Processes to Significantly Reduce Pathogens (PSRP) described in 40 CFR Part 503, Appendix B, so long as all of the following requirements are met by the generator of the sewage sludge.

- i. Prior to use or disposal, all the sewage sludge must have been generated from a single location, except as provided in paragraph v. below;
- ii. An independent Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must make a certification to the generator of a sewage sludge that the wastewater treatment facility generating the sewage sludge is designed to achieve one of the PSRP at the permitted design loading of the facility. The certification need only be repeated if the design loading of the facility is increased. The certification shall include a statement indicating the design meets all the applicable standards specified in Appendix B of 40 CFR Part 503;
- iii. Prior to any off-site transportation or on-site use or disposal of any sewage sludge generated at a wastewater treatment facility, the chief certified operator of the wastewater treatment facility or other responsible official who manages the processes to significantly reduce pathogens at the wastewater treatment facility for the permittee, shall certify that the sewage sludge underwent at least the minimum operational requirements necessary in order to meet one of the PSRP. The acceptable processes and the minimum operational and record keeping requirements shall be in accordance with established U.S. Environmental Protection Agency final guidance;
- iv. All certification records and operational records describing how the requirements of this paragraph were met shall be kept by the generator for a minimum of three years and be available for inspection by commission staff for review; and
- v. If the sewage sludge is generated from a mixture of sources, resulting from a person who prepares sewage sludge from more than one wastewater treatment facility, the resulting derived product shall meet one of the PSRP, and shall meet the certification, operation, and record keeping requirements of this paragraph.

Alternative 3 - Sewage sludge shall be treated in an equivalent process that has been approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, so long as all of the following requirements are met by the generator of the sewage sludge.

- i. Prior to use or disposal, all the sewage sludge must have been generated from a single location, except as provided in paragraph v. below;

- ii. Prior to any off-site transportation or on-site use or disposal of any sewage sludge generated at a wastewater treatment facility, the chief certified operator of the wastewater treatment facility or other responsible official who manages the processes to significantly reduce pathogens at the wastewater treatment facility for the permittee, shall certify that the sewage sludge underwent at least the minimum operational requirements necessary in order to meet one of the PSRP. The acceptable processes and the minimum operational and record keeping requirements shall be in accordance with established U.S. Environmental Protection Agency final guidance;
- iii. All certification records and operational records describing how the requirements of this paragraph were met shall be kept by the generator for a minimum of three years and be available for inspection by commission staff for review;
- iv. The Executive Director will accept from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency a finding of equivalency to the defined PSRP; and
- v. If the sewage sludge is generated from a mixture of sources resulting from a person who prepares sewage sludge from more than one wastewater treatment facility, the resulting derived product shall meet one of the Processes to Significantly Reduce Pathogens, and shall meet the certification, operation, and record keeping requirements of this paragraph.

In addition to the Alternatives 1 – 3, the following site restrictions must be met if Class B biosolids are land applied:

- i. Food crops with harvested parts that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after application of biosolids.
- ii. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for 4 months or longer prior to incorporation into the soil.
- iii. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months after application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for less than 4 months prior to incorporation into the soil.
- iv. Food crops, feed crops, and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after application of biosolids.
- v. Domestic livestock shall not be allowed to graze on the land for 30 days after application of biosolids.
- vi. Turf grown on land where biosolids are applied shall not be harvested for 1 year after application of the biosolids when the harvested turf is placed on either land with a high potential for public exposure or a lawn.
- vii. Public access to land with a high potential for public exposure shall be restricted for 1 year after application of biosolids.

viii. Public access to land with a low potential for public exposure shall be restricted for 30 days after application of biosolids.

ix. Land application of biosolids shall be in accordance with the buffer zone requirements found in 30 TAC § 312.44.

4. Vector Attraction Reduction Requirements

All bulk sewage sludge that is applied to agricultural land, forest, a public contact site, or a reclamation site shall be treated by one of the following Alternatives 1 through 10 for vector attraction reduction.

Alternative 1 - The mass of volatile solids in the sewage sludge shall be reduced by a minimum of 38%.

Alternative 2 - If Alternative 1 cannot be met for an anaerobically digested sludge, demonstration can be made by digesting a portion of the previously digested sludge anaerobically in the laboratory in a bench-scale unit for 40 additional days at a temperature between 30° and 37° Celsius. Volatile solids must be reduced by less than 17% to demonstrate compliance.

Alternative 3 - If Alternative 1 cannot be met for an aerobically digested sludge, demonstration can be made by digesting a portion of the previously digested sludge with percent solids of two percent or less aerobically in the laboratory in a bench-scale unit for 30 additional days at 20° Celsius. Volatile solids must be reduced by less than 15% to demonstrate compliance.

Alternative 4 - The specific oxygen uptake rate (SOUR) for sewage sludge treated in an aerobic process shall be equal to or less than 1.5 milligrams of oxygen per hour per gram of total solids (dry weight basis) at a temperature of 20° Celsius.

Alternative 5 - Sewage sludge shall be treated in an aerobic process for 14 days or longer. During that time, the temperature of the sewage sludge shall be higher than 40° Celsius and the average temperature of the sewage sludge shall be higher than 45° Celsius.

Alternative 6 - The pH of sewage sludge shall be raised to 12 or higher by alkali addition and, without the addition of more alkali shall remain at 12 or higher for two hours and then remain at a pH of 11.5 or higher for an additional 22 hours at the time the sewage sludge is prepared for sale or given away in a bag or other container.

Alternative 7 - The percent solids of sewage sludge that does not contain unstabilized solids generated in a primary wastewater treatment process shall be equal to or greater than 75% based on the moisture content and total solids prior to mixing with other materials. Unstabilized solids are defined as organic materials in sewage sludge that have not been treated in either an aerobic or anaerobic treatment process.

Alternative 8 - The percent solids of sewage sludge that contains unstabilized solids generated in a primary wastewater treatment process shall be equal to or greater than 90% based on the moisture content and total solids prior to mixing with other materials at the time the sludge is used. Unstabilized solids are defined as organic materials in sewage sludge that have not been treated in either an aerobic or anaerobic treatment process.

- Alternative 9 -
- i. Biosolids shall be injected below the surface of the land.
 - ii. No significant amount of the biosolids shall be present on the land surface within one hour after the biosolids are injected.
 - iii. When sewage sludge that is injected below the surface of the land is Class A or Class AB with respect to pathogens, the biosolids shall be injected below the land surface within eight hours after being discharged from the pathogen treatment process.

- Alternative 10-
- i. Biosolids applied to the land surface or placed on a surface disposal site shall be incorporated into the soil within six hours after application to or placement on the land.
 - ii. When biosolids that are incorporated into the soil is Class A or Class AB with respect to pathogens, the biosolids shall be applied to or placed on the land within eight hours after being discharged from the pathogen treatment process.

C. Monitoring Requirements

Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) Test - annually
 PCBs - annually

All metal constituents and fecal coliform or *Salmonella* sp. bacteria shall be monitored at the appropriate frequency shown below, pursuant to 30 TAC § 312.46(a)(1):

<u>Amount of biosolids (*) metric tons per 365-day period</u>	<u>Monitoring Frequency</u>
0 to less than 290	Once/Year
290 to less than 1,500	Once/Quarter
1,500 to less than 15,000	Once/Two Months
15,000 or greater	Once/Month

(*) *The amount of bulk biosolids applied to the land (dry wt. basis).*

Representative samples of sewage sludge shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with the methods referenced in 30 TAC § 312.7.

Identify each of the analytic methods used by the facility to analyze enteric viruses, fecal coliforms, helminth ova, *Salmonella* sp., and other regulated parameters.

Identify in the following categories (as applicable) the sewage sludge or biosolids treatment process or processes at the facility: preliminary operations (e.g., sludge or biosolids grinding and degritting), thickening (concentration), stabilization, anaerobic digestion, aerobic digestion, composting, conditioning, disinfection (e.g., beta ray irradiation, gamma ray irradiation, pasteurization), dewatering (e.g., centrifugation, sludge drying beds, sludge lagoons), heat drying, thermal reduction, and methane or biogas capture and recovery.

Identify the nature of material generated by the facility (such as a biosolid for beneficial use or land-farming, or sewage sludge or biosolids for disposal at a monofill) and whether the material is ultimately conveyed off-site in bulk or in bags.

SECTION II. REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIC TO BULK SEWAGE SLUDGE OR BIOSOLIDS FOR APPLICATION TO THE LAND MEETING CLASS A, CLASS AB or B PATHOGEN REDUCTION AND THE CUMULATIVE LOADING RATES IN TABLE 2, OR CLASS B PATHOGEN REDUCTION AND THE POLLUTANT CONCENTRATIONS IN TABLE 3

For those permittees meeting Class A, Class AB or B pathogen reduction requirements and that meet the cumulative loading rates in Table 2 below, or the Class B pathogen reduction requirements and contain concentrations of pollutants below listed in Table 3, the following conditions apply:

A. Pollutant Limits

Table 2

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Cumulative Pollutant Loading Rate (pounds per acre)*</u>
Arsenic	36
Cadmium	35
Chromium	2677
Copper	1339
Lead	268
Mercury	15
Molybdenum	Report Only
Nickel	375
Selenium	89
Zinc	2500

Table 3

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Monthly Average Concentration (milligrams per kilogram)*</u>
Arsenic	41
Cadmium	39
Chromium	1200
Copper	1500
Lead	300
Mercury	17
Molybdenum	Report Only
Nickel	420
Selenium	36
Zinc	2800

*Dry weight basis

B. Pathogen Control

All bulk sewage sludge that is applied to agricultural land, forest, a public contact site, a reclamation site, shall be treated by either Class A, Class AB or Class B biosolids pathogen reduction requirements as defined above in Section I.B.3.

C. Management Practices

1. Bulk biosolids shall not be applied to agricultural land, forest, a public contact site, or a reclamation site that is flooded, frozen, or snow-covered so that the bulk sewage sludge enters a wetland or other waters in the State.
2. Bulk biosolids not meeting Class A requirements shall be land applied in a manner which complies with Applicability in accordance with 30 TAC §312.41 and the Management Requirements in accordance with 30 TAC § 312.44.
3. Bulk biosolids shall be applied at or below the agronomic rate of the cover crop.
4. An information sheet shall be provided to the person who receives bulk Class A or AB biosolids sold or given away. The information sheet shall contain the following information:
 - a. The name and address of the person who prepared the Class A or AB biosolids that are sold or given away in a bag or other container for application to the land.
 - b. A statement that application of the biosolids to the land is prohibited except in accordance with the instruction on the label or information sheet.
 - c. The annual whole sludge application rate for the biosolids application rate for the biosolids that does not cause any of the cumulative pollutant loading rates in Table 2 above to be exceeded, unless the pollutant concentrations in Table 3 found in Section II above are met.

D. Notification Requirements

1. If bulk biosolids are applied to land in a State other than Texas, written notice shall be provided prior to the initial land application to the permitting authority for the State in which the bulk biosolids are proposed to be applied. The notice shall include:
 - a. The location, by street address, and specific latitude and longitude, of each land application site.
 - b. The approximate time period bulk biosolids will be applied to the site.
 - c. The name, address, telephone number, and National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit number (if appropriate) for the person who will apply the bulk biosolids.
2. The permittee shall give 180 days prior notice to the Executive Director in care of the Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division of any change planned in the biosolids disposal practice.

E. Record Keeping Requirements

The documents will be retained at the facility site and/or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative. The person who prepares bulk sewage sludge or a biosolids material shall develop the following information and shall retain the information at the facility site and/or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative for a

period of five years. If the permittee supplies the sludge to another person who land applies the sludge, the permittee shall notify the land applier of the requirements for record keeping found in 30 TAC § 312.47 for persons who land apply.

1. The concentration (mg/kg) in the sludge of each pollutant listed in Table 3 above and the applicable pollutant concentration criteria (mg/kg), or the applicable cumulative pollutant loading rate and the applicable cumulative pollutant loading rate limit (lbs/ac) listed in Table 2 above.
2. A description of how the pathogen reduction requirements are met (including site restrictions for Class AB and Class B biosolids, if applicable).
3. A description of how the vector attraction reduction requirements are met.
4. A description of how the management practices listed above in Section II.C are being met.
5. The following certification statement:

"I certify, under penalty of law, that the applicable pathogen requirements in 30 TAC § 312.82(a) or (b) and the vector attraction reduction requirements in 30 TAC § 312.83(b) have been met for each site on which bulk biosolids are applied. This determination has been made under my direction and supervision in accordance with the system designed to ensure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information used to determine that the management practices have been met. I am aware that there are significant penalties for false certification including fine and imprisonment."

6. The recommended agronomic loading rate from the references listed in Section II.C.3. above, as well as the actual agronomic loading rate shall be retained. The person who applies bulk biosolids shall develop the following information and shall retain the information at the facility site and/or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative indefinitely. If the permittee supplies the sludge to another person who land applies the sludge, the permittee shall notify the land applier of the requirements for record keeping found in 30 TAC § 312.47 for persons who land apply:
 - a. A certification statement that all applicable requirements (specifically listed) have been met, and that the permittee understands that there are significant penalties for false certification including fine and imprisonment. See 30 TAC § 312.47(a)(4)(A)(ii) or 30 TAC § 312.47(a)(5)(A)(ii), as applicable, and to the permittee's specific sludge treatment activities.
 - b. The location, by street address, and specific latitude and longitude, of each site on which biosolids are applied.
 - c. The number of acres in each site on which bulk biosolids are applied.
 - d. The date and time biosolids are applied to each site.
 - e. The cumulative amount of each pollutant in pounds/acre listed in Table 2 applied to each site.
 - f. The total amount of biosolids applied to each site in dry tons.

The above records shall be maintained on-site on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality upon request.

F. Reporting Requirements

The permittee shall report annually to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 15) and Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division, by September 30th of each year the following information. The permittee must submit this annual report using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver.

1. Identify in the following categories (as applicable) the sewage sludge or biosolids treatment process or processes at the facility: preliminary operations (e.g., sludge or biosolids grinding and degritting), thickening (concentration), stabilization, anaerobic digestion, aerobic digestion, composting, conditioning, disinfection (e.g., beta ray irradiation, gamma ray irradiation, pasteurization), dewatering (e.g., centrifugation, sludge drying beds, sludge lagoons), heat drying, thermal reduction, and methane or biogas capture and recovery.
2. Identify the nature of material generated by the facility (such as a biosolid for beneficial use or land-farming, or sewage sludge for disposal at a monofill) and whether the material is ultimately conveyed off-site in bulk or in bags.
3. Results of tests performed for pollutants found in either Table 2 or 3 as appropriate for the permittee's land application practices.
4. The frequency of monitoring listed in Section I.C. that applies to the permittee.
5. Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) results.
6. PCB concentration in sludge or biosolids in mg/kg.
7. Identity of hauler(s) and TCEQ transporter number.
8. Date(s) of transport.
9. Texas Commission on Environmental Quality registration number, if applicable.
10. Amount of sludge or biosolids disposal dry weight (lbs/acre) at each disposal site.
11. The concentration (mg/kg) in the sludge of each pollutant listed in Table 1 (defined as a monthly average) as well as the applicable pollutant concentration criteria (mg/kg) listed in Table 3 above, or the applicable pollutant loading rate limit (lbs/acre) listed in Table 2 above if it exceeds 90% of the limit.
12. Level of pathogen reduction achieved (Class A, Class AB or Class B).
13. Alternative used as listed in Section I.B.3.(a. or b.). Alternatives describe how the pathogen reduction requirements are met. If Class B biosolids, include information on how site restrictions were met.
14. Identify each of the analytic methods used by the facility to analyze enteric viruses, fecal coliforms, helminth ova, *Salmonella* sp., and other regulated parameters.
15. Vector attraction reduction alternative used as listed in Section I.B.4.

16. Amount of sludge or biosolids transported in dry tons/year.
17. The certification statement listed in either 30 TAC § 312.47(a)(4)(A)(ii) or 30 TAC § 312.47(a)(5)(A)(ii) as applicable to the permittee's sludge or biosolids treatment activities, shall be attached to the annual reporting form.
18. When the amount of any pollutant applied to the land exceeds 90% of the cumulative pollutant loading rate for that pollutant, as described in Table 2, the permittee shall report the following information as an attachment to the annual reporting form.
 - a. The location, by street address, and specific latitude and longitude.
 - b. The number of acres in each site on which bulk biosolids are applied.
 - c. The date and time bulk biosolids are applied to each site.
 - d. The cumulative amount of each pollutant (i.e., pounds/acre) listed in Table 2 in the bulk biosolids applied to each site.
 - e. The amount of biosolids (i.e., dry tons) applied to each site.

The above records shall be maintained on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality upon request.

SECTION III. REQUIREMENTS APPLYING TO ALL SEWAGE SLUDGE OR BIOSOLIDS DISPOSED IN A MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LANDFILL

- A. The permittee shall handle and dispose of sewage sludge or biosolids in accordance with 30 TAC § 330 and all other applicable state and federal regulations to protect public health and the environment from any reasonably anticipated adverse effects due to any toxic pollutants that may be present. The permittee shall ensure that the sewage sludge meets the requirements in 30 TAC § 330 concerning the quality of the sludge or biosolids disposed in a municipal solid waste landfill.
- B. If the permittee generates sewage sludge and supplies that sewage sludge or biosolids to the owner or operator of a municipal solid waste landfill (MSWLF) for disposal, the permittee shall provide to the owner or operator of the MSWLF appropriate information needed to be in compliance with the provisions of this permit.
- C. The permittee shall give 180 days prior notice to the Executive Director in care of the Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division of any change planned in the sewage sludge or biosolids disposal practice.
- D. Sewage sludge or biosolids shall be tested annually in accordance with the method specified in both 40 CFR Part 261, Appendix II and 40 CFR Part 268, Appendix I (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure) or other method, which receives the prior approval of the TCEQ for contaminants listed in Table 1 of 40 CFR § 261.24. Sewage sludge or biosolids failing this test shall be managed according to RCRA standards for generators of hazardous waste, and the waste's disposition must be in accordance with all applicable requirements for hazardous waste processing, storage, or disposal.

Following failure of any TCLP test, the management or disposal of sewage sludge or biosolids at a facility other than an authorized hazardous waste processing, storage, or disposal facility shall be prohibited until such time as the permittee can demonstrate the sewage sludge or biosolids no longer exhibits the hazardous waste toxicity characteristics (as demonstrated by the results of the TCLP tests). A written report shall be provided to both the TCEQ Registration and Reporting Section (MC 129) of the Permitting and Registration Support Division and the Regional Director (MC Region 15) of the appropriate TCEQ field office within 7 days after failing the TCLP Test.

The report shall contain test results, certification that unauthorized waste management has stopped, and a summary of alternative disposal plans that comply with RCRA standards for the management of hazardous waste. The report shall be addressed to: Director, Permitting and Registration Support Division (MC 129), Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, P. O. Box 13087, Austin, Texas 78711-3087. In addition, the permittee shall prepare an annual report on the results of all sludge toxicity testing. This annual report shall be submitted to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 15) and the Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division by September 30 of each year.

- E. Sewage sludge or biosolids shall be tested as needed, in accordance with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 330.
- F. Record Keeping Requirements

The permittee shall develop the following information and shall retain the information for five years.

1. The description (including procedures followed and the results) of all liquid Paint Filter Tests performed.
2. The description (including procedures followed and results) of all TCLP tests performed.

The above records shall be maintained on-site on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality upon request.

G. Reporting Requirements

The permittee shall report annually to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 15) and Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division by September 30th of each year the following information. The permittee must submit this annual report using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver.

1. Identify in the following categories (as applicable) the sewage sludge or biosolids treatment process or processes at the facility: preliminary operations (e.g., sludge or biosolids grinding and dewatering), thickening (concentration), stabilization, anaerobic digestion, aerobic digestion, composting, conditioning, disinfection (e.g., beta ray irradiation, gamma ray irradiation, pasteurization), dewatering (e.g., centrifugation, sludge drying beds, sludge lagoons), heat drying, thermal reduction, and methane or biogas capture and recovery.
2. Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) results.
3. Annual sludge or biosolids production in dry tons/year.
4. Amount of sludge or biosolids disposed in a municipal solid waste landfill in dry tons/year.
5. Amount of sludge or biosolids transported interstate in dry tons/year.
6. A certification that the sewage sludge or biosolids meets the requirements of 30 TAC § 330 concerning the quality of the sludge disposed in a municipal solid waste landfill.
7. Identity of hauler(s) and transporter registration number.
8. Owner of disposal site(s).
9. Location of disposal site(s).
10. Date(s) of disposal.

The above records shall be maintained on-site on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality upon request.

SECTION IV. REQUIREMENTS APPLYING TO SLUDGE OR BIOSOLIDS TRANSPORTED TO ANOTHER FACILITY FOR FURTHER PROCESSING

These provisions apply to sludge or biosolids that is transported to another wastewater treatment facility or facility that further processes sludge or biosolids. These provisions are intended to allow transport of sludge or biosolids to facilities that have been authorized to accept sludge or biosolids. These provisions do not limit the ability of the receiving facility to determine whether to accept the sludge or biosolids, nor do they limit the ability of the receiving facility to request additional testing or documentation.

A. General Requirements

1. The permittee shall handle and dispose of sewage sludge or biosolids in accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 312 and all other applicable state and federal regulations in a manner that protects public health and the environment from any reasonably anticipated adverse effects due to any toxic pollutants that may be present in the sludge.
2. Sludge or biosolids may only be transported using a registered transporter or using an approved pipeline.

B. Record Keeping Requirements

1. For sludge transported by an approved pipeline, the permittee must maintain records of the following:
 - a. the amount of sludge or biosolids transported;
 - b. the date of transport;
 - c. the name and TCEQ permit number of the receiving facility or facilities;
 - d. the location of the receiving facility or facilities;
 - e. the name and TCEQ permit number of the facility that generated the waste; and
 - f. copy of the written agreement between the permittee and the receiving facility to accept sludge or biosolids.
2. For sludge or biosolids transported by a registered transporter, the permittee must maintain records of the completed trip tickets in accordance with 30 TAC § 312.145(a)(1)-(7) and amount of sludge or biosolids transported.
3. The above records shall be maintained on-site on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the TCEQ upon request. These records shall be retained for at least five years.

C. Reporting Requirements

The permittee shall report the following information annually to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 15) and Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division, by September 30th of each year. The permittee must submit this annual report using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver.

1. Identify in the following categories (as applicable) the sewage sludge or biosolids treatment process or processes at the facility: preliminary operations (e.g., sludge or biosolids grinding and degritting), thickening (concentration), stabilization, anaerobic digestion, aerobic digestion, composting, conditioning, disinfection (e.g., beta ray irradiation, gamma ray irradiation, pasteurization), dewatering (e.g., centrifugation, sludge drying beds, sludge lagoons), heat drying, thermal reduction, and methane or biogas capture and recovery.
2. the annual sludge or biosolids production;
3. the amount of sludge or biosolids transported;
4. the owner of each receiving facility;
5. the location of each receiving facility; and
6. the date(s) of disposal at each receiving facility.

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OTHER REQUIREMENTS

1. The permittee shall employ or contract with one or more licensed wastewater treatment facility operators or wastewater system operations companies holding a valid license or registration according to the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 30, Occupational Licenses and Registrations, and in particular 30 TAC Chapter 30, Subchapter J, Wastewater Operators and Operations Companies.

This Category B facility must be operated by a chief operator or an operator holding a Class B license or higher. The facility must be operated a minimum of five days per week by the licensed chief operator or an operator holding the required level of license or higher. The licensed chief operator or operator holding the required level of license or higher must be available by telephone or pager seven days per week. Where shift operation of the wastewater treatment facility is necessary, each shift that does not have the on-site supervision of the licensed chief operator must be supervised by an operator in charge who is licensed not less than one level below the category for the facility.

2. The facility is not located in the Coastal Management Program boundary.
3. Chronic toxic criteria apply at the edge of the chronic aquatic life mixing zone. The chronic aquatic life mixing zone is defined as 300 feet downstream and 100 feet upstream from the point of discharge.
4. The permittee shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC § 309.13(a) through (d). In addition, by ownership of the required buffer zone area, the permittee shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC § 309.13(e).
5. The permittee shall provide facilities for the protection of its wastewater treatment facility from a 100-year flood.
6. In accordance with 30 TAC § 319.9, a permittee that has at least twelve months of uninterrupted compliance with its bacteria limit may notify the commission in writing of its compliance and request a less frequent measurement schedule. To request a less frequent schedule, the permittee shall submit a written request to the TCEQ Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) for each phase that includes a different monitoring frequency. The request must contain all of the reported bacteria values (Daily Avg. and Daily Max/Single Grab) for the twelve consecutive months immediately prior to the request. If the Executive Director finds that a less frequent measurement schedule is protective of human health and the environment, the permittee may be given a less frequent measurement schedule. For this permit, 1/week may be reduced to 2/month. **A violation of any bacteria limit by a facility that has been granted a less frequent measurement schedule will require the permittee to return to the standard frequency schedule and submit written notice to the TCEQ Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148).** The permittee may not apply for another reduction in measurement frequency for at least 24 months from the date of the last violation. The Executive Director may establish a more frequent measurement schedule if necessary to protect human health or the environment.
7. **Within 120 days from permit issuance**, the permittee shall submit to the TCEQ Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) a summary transmittal letter in accordance with the requirements in 30 TAC § 217.6(d). If requested by the Wastewater Permitting Section, the permittee shall submit plans, specifications, and a final engineering design report which

comply with 30 TAC Chapter 217, Design Criteria for Domestic Wastewater Systems. The permittee shall clearly show how the treatment system will meet the effluent limitations required on Page 2 of this permit. A copy of the summary transmittal letter shall be available at the plant site for inspection by authorized representatives of the TCEQ. **This provision is continued from the permits issued on January 26, 2015 and November 6, 2018, which has not been complied with to date.**

- 8. A certified operator shall inspect the facility five times per week and maintain at the plant site a record of these inspections. These records shall be available at the plant site for inspection by authorized representatives of the commission for at least three years.
- 9. Violations of daily maximum limitations for the following pollutants shall be reported orally or by facsimile to TCEQ Region 15 within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the violation followed by a written report within five working days to TCEQ Region 15 and the Enforcement Division (MC 224).

<u>POLLUTANT</u>	<u>MAL (mg/l)</u>
Total Zinc	0.005

Test methods utilized shall be sensitive enough to demonstrate compliance with the permit effluent limitations. Permit compliance/noncompliance determinations will be based on the effluent limitations contained in this permit with consideration given to the minimum analytical level (MAL) for the parameters specified above.

When an analysis of an effluent sample for any of the parameters listed above indicates no detectable levels above the MAL and the test method detection level is as sensitive as the specified MAL, a value of zero (0) shall be used for that measurement when making calculations for the self-reporting form. This applies to determinations of daily maximum concentration, calculations of loading and daily averages, and other reportable results.

When a reported value is zero (0) based on this MAL provision, the permittee shall submit the following statement with the self-reporting form either as a separate attachment to the form or as a statement in the comments section of the form.

"The reported value(s) of zero (0) for [list parameter(s)] on the self-reporting form for [monitoring period date range] is based on the following conditions: 1) the analytical method used had a method detection level as sensitive as the MAL specified in the permit, and 2) the analytical results contained no detectable levels above the specified MAL."

When an analysis of an effluent sample for a parameter indicates no detectable levels and the test method detection level is not as sensitive as the MAL specified in the permit, or an MAL is not specified in the permit for that parameter, the level of detection achieved shall be used for that measurement when making calculations for the self-reporting form. A zero (0) may not be used.

- 10. The permittee shall monitor the influent BOD₅ in mg/l, once per week by composite sample. If the 30-day average influent BOD₅ concentration exceeds 200 mg/l, the permittee shall obtain necessary authorization from the Commission to commence construction of the necessary additional treatment and/or collection facilities. The permittee shall maintain records of the influent BOD₅ concentration in mg/l, influent flow in MGD and the computed influent loading in BOD₅ pounds per day. The permittee shall submit the tabulated records

and monthly averages to the TCEQ Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division by September 1 of each year.

11. Within 90 days from the issuance of this permit, the permittee shall complete Attachment A with the analytical results for Outfall 001. The completed tables with the results of these analysis and laboratory reports shall be submitted to the Municipal Permits Team, Wastewater Permitting Section MC 148, TCEQ Water Quality Division. Based on a technical review of the submitted analytical results, an amendment may be initiated by TCEQ staff to include additional effluent limitations and/or monitoring requirements. Test methods utilized to complete the tables shall be according to the test procedures specified in the Definitions and Standard Permit Conditions section of this permit and sensitive enough to detect the parameters listed in Attachment A at the minimum analytical level (MAL).

CONTRIBUTING INDUSTRIES AND PRETREATMENT REQUIREMENTS

1. The following pollutants may not be introduced into the treatment facility:
 - a. Pollutants which create a fire or explosion hazard in the publicly owned treatment works (POTW), including, but not limited to, waste streams with a closed-cup flash point of less than 140° Fahrenheit (60° Celsius) using the test methods specified in 40 CFR § 261.21;
 - b. Pollutants which will cause corrosive structural damage to the POTW, but in no case shall there be discharges with a pH lower than 5.0 standard units, unless the works are specifically designed to accommodate such discharges;
 - c. Solid or viscous pollutants in amounts which will cause obstruction to the flow in the POTW, resulting in Interference;
 - d. Any pollutant, including oxygen-demanding pollutants (e.g., biochemical oxygen demand), released in a discharge at a flow rate and/or pollutant concentration which will cause Interference with the POTW;
 - e. Heat in amounts which will inhibit biological activity in the POTW, resulting in Interference, but in no case shall there be heat in such quantities that the temperature at the POTW treatment plant exceeds 104° Fahrenheit (40° Celsius) unless the Executive Director, upon request of the POTW, approves alternate temperature limits;
 - f. Petroleum oil, nonbiodegradable cutting oil, or products of mineral oil origin in amounts that will cause Interference or Pass Through;
 - g. Pollutants which result in the presence of toxic gases, vapors, or fumes within the POTW in a quantity that may cause acute worker health and safety problems; and
 - h. Any trucked or hauled pollutants except at discharge points designated by the POTW.
2. The permittee shall require any indirect discharger to the treatment works to comply with the reporting requirements of Sections 204(b), 307, and 308 of the Clean Water Act, including any requirements established under 40 CFR Part 403 [*rev. Federal Register/ Vol. 70/ No. 198/ Friday, October 14, 2005/ Rules and Regulations, pages 60134-60798*].
3. The permittee shall provide adequate notification to the Executive Director, care of the Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division, within 30 days subsequent to the permittee's knowledge of either of the following:
 - a. Any new introduction of pollutants into the treatment works from an indirect discharger which would be subject to Sections 301 and 306 of the Clean Water Act if it were directly discharging those pollutants; and
 - b. Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into the treatment works by a source introducing pollutants into the treatment works at the time of issuance of the permit.

Any notice shall include information on the quality and quantity of effluent to be introduced into the treatment works and any anticipated impact of the change on the quality or quantity of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

Revised July 2007

BIOMONITORING REQUIREMENTS**CHRONIC BIOMONITORING REQUIREMENTS: FRESHWATER**

The provisions of this section apply to Outfall 001 for whole effluent toxicity (WET) testing.

1. Scope, Frequency, and Methodology

- a. The permittee shall test the effluent for toxicity in accordance with the provisions below. Such testing will determine if an appropriately dilute effluent sample adversely affects the survival, reproduction, or growth of the test organisms.
- b. The permittee shall conduct the following toxicity tests using the test organisms, procedures, and quality assurance requirements specified in this part of this permit and in accordance with "Short-Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms," fourth edition (EPA-821-R-02-013) or its most recent update:
 - 1) Chronic static renewal survival and reproduction test using the water flea (*Ceriodaphnia dubia*) (Method 1002.0). This test should be terminated when 60% of the surviving adults in the control produce three broods or at the end of eight days, whichever occurs first. This test shall be conducted once per quarter.
 - 2) Chronic static renewal 7-day larval survival and growth test using the fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*) (Method 1000.0). A minimum of five replicates with eight organisms per replicate shall be used in the control and in each dilution. This test shall be conducted once per quarter.

The permittee must perform and report a valid test for each test species during the prescribed reporting period. An invalid test must be repeated during the same reporting period. An invalid test is defined as any test failing to satisfy the test acceptability criteria, procedures, and quality assurance requirements specified in the test methods and permit.

- c. The permittee shall use five effluent dilution concentrations and a control in each toxicity test. These effluent dilution concentrations are 32%, 42%, 56%, 75%, and 100% effluent. The critical dilution, defined as 100% effluent, is the effluent concentration representative of the proportion of effluent in the receiving water during critical low flow or critical mixing conditions.
- d. This permit may be amended to require a WET limit, a chemical-specific effluent limit, a best management practice, or other appropriate actions to address toxicity. The permittee may be required to conduct a toxicity reduction evaluation (TRE) after multiple toxic events.
- e. Testing Frequency Reduction
 - 1) If none of the first four consecutive quarterly tests demonstrates significant toxicity, the permittee may submit this information in writing

and, upon approval, reduce the testing frequency to once per six months for the invertebrate test species and once per year for the vertebrate test species.

- 2) If one or more of the first four consecutive quarterly tests demonstrates significant toxicity, the permittee shall continue quarterly testing for that species until this permit is reissued. If a testing frequency reduction had been previously granted and a subsequent test demonstrates significant toxicity, the permittee shall resume a quarterly testing frequency for that species until this permit is reissued.

2. Required Toxicity Testing Conditions

- a. Test Acceptance - The permittee shall repeat any toxicity test, including the control and all effluent dilutions, which fail to meet the following criteria:
 - 1) a control mean survival of 80% or greater;
 - 2) a control mean number of water flea neonates per surviving adult of 15 or greater;
 - 3) a control mean dry weight of surviving fathead minnow larvae of 0.25 mg or greater;
 - 4) a control coefficient of variation percent (CV%) of 40 or less in between replicates for the young of surviving females in the water flea test; and the growth and survival endpoints in the fathead minnow test;
 - 5) a critical dilution CV% of 40 or less for the young of surviving females in the water flea test; and the growth and survival endpoints for the fathead minnow test. However, if statistically significant lethal or nonlethal effects are exhibited at the critical dilution, a CV% greater than 40 shall not invalidate the test;
 - 6) a percent minimum significant difference of 47 or less for water flea reproduction; and
 - 7) a percent minimum significant difference of 30 or less for fathead minnow growth.
- b. Statistical Interpretation
 - 1) For the water flea survival test, the statistical analyses used to determine if there is a significant difference between the control and an effluent dilution shall be the Fisher's exact test as described in the manual referenced in in Part 1.b.
 - 2) For the water flea reproduction test and the fathead minnow larval survival and growth tests, the statistical analyses used to determine if there is a significant difference between the control and an effluent dilution shall be in accordance with the manual referenced in Part 1.b.

- 3) The permittee is responsible for reviewing test concentration-response relationships to ensure that calculated test-results are interpreted and reported correctly. The document entitled "Method Guidance and Recommendation for Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Testing (40 CFR Part 136)" (EPA 821-B-00-004) provides guidance on determining the validity of test results.
 - 4) If significant lethality is demonstrated (that is, there is a statistically significant difference in survival at the critical dilution when compared to the survival in the control), the conditions of test acceptability are met, and the survival of the test organisms are equal to or greater than 80% in the critical dilution and all dilutions below that, then the permittee shall report a survival No Observed Effect Concentration (NOEC) of not less than the critical dilution for the reporting requirements.
 - 5) The NOEC is defined as the greatest effluent dilution at which no significant effect is demonstrated. The Lowest Observed Effect Concentration (LOEC) is defined as the lowest effluent dilution at which a significant effect is demonstrated. A significant effect is defined as a statistically significant difference between the survival, reproduction, or growth of the test organism in a specified effluent dilution when compared to the survival, reproduction, or growth of the test organism in the control (0% effluent).
 - 6) The use of NOECs and LOECs assumes either a monotonic (continuous) concentration-response relationship or a threshold model of the concentration-response relationship. For any test result that demonstrates a non-monotonic (non-continuous) response, the NOEC should be determined based on the guidance manual referenced in Item 3.
 - 7) Pursuant to the responsibility assigned to the permittee in Part 2.b.3), test results that demonstrate a non-monotonic (non-continuous) concentration-response relationship may be submitted, prior to the due date, for technical review. The guidance manual referenced in Item 3 will be used when making a determination of test acceptability.
 - 8) TCEQ staff will review test results for consistency with rules, procedures, and permit requirements.
- c. Dilution Water
- 1) Dilution water used in the toxicity tests must be the receiving water collected at a point upstream of the discharge point as close as possible to the discharge point but unaffected by the discharge. Where the toxicity tests are conducted on effluent discharges to receiving waters that are classified as intermittent streams, or where the toxicity tests are conducted on effluent discharges where no receiving water is available due to zero flow conditions, the permittee shall:

- a) substitute a synthetic dilution water that has a pH, hardness, and alkalinity similar to that of the closest downstream perennial water unaffected by the discharge; or
 - b) use the closest downstream perennial water unaffected by the discharge.
- 2) Where the receiving water proves unsatisfactory as a result of pre-existing instream toxicity (i.e., fails to fulfill the test acceptance criteria of Part 2.a.), the permittee may substitute synthetic dilution water for the receiving water in all subsequent tests provided the unacceptable receiving water test met the following stipulations:
- a) a synthetic lab water control was performed (in addition to the receiving water control) which fulfilled the test acceptance requirements of Part 2.a;
 - b) the test indicating receiving water toxicity was carried out to completion (i.e., 7 days); and
 - c) the permittee submitted all test results indicating receiving water toxicity with the reports and information required in Part 3.
- 3) The synthetic dilution water shall consist of standard, moderately hard, reconstituted water. Upon approval, the permittee may substitute other appropriate dilution water with chemical and physical characteristics similar to that of the receiving water.
- d. **Samples and Composites**
- 1) The permittee shall collect a minimum of three composite samples from Outfall 001. The second and third composite samples will be used for the renewal of the dilution concentrations for each toxicity test.
 - 2) The permittee shall collect the composite samples such that the samples are representative of any periodic episode of chlorination, biocide usage, or other potentially toxic substance being discharged on an intermittent basis.
 - 3) The permittee shall initiate the toxicity tests within 36 hours after collection of the last portion of the first composite sample. The holding time for any subsequent composite sample shall not exceed 72 hours. Samples shall be maintained at a temperature of 0-6 degrees Centigrade during collection, shipping, and storage.
 - 4) If Outfall 001 ceases discharging during the collection of effluent samples, the requirements for the minimum number of effluent samples, the minimum number of effluent portions, and the sample holding time are waived during that sampling period. However, the permittee must have collected an effluent composite sample volume sufficient to complete the required toxicity tests with renewal of the effluent. When possible, the

effluent samples used for the toxicity tests shall be collected on separate days if the discharge occurs over multiple days. The sample collection duration and the static renewal protocol associated with the abbreviated sample collection must be documented in the full report.

- 5) The effluent samples shall not be dechlorinated after sample collection.

3. Reporting

All reports, tables, plans, summaries, and related correspondence required in this section shall be submitted to the attention of the Standards Implementation Team (MC 150) of the Water Quality Division.

- a. The permittee shall prepare a full report of the results of all tests conducted in accordance with the manual referenced in Part 1.b. for every valid and invalid toxicity test initiated whether carried to completion or not.
- b. The permittee shall routinely report the results of each biomonitoring test on the Table 1 forms provided with this permit.
 - 1) Annual biomonitoring test results are due on or before January 20th for biomonitoring conducted during the previous 12-month period.
 - 2) Semiannual biomonitoring test results are due on or before July 20th and January 20th for biomonitoring conducted during the previous 6-month period.
 - 3) Quarterly biomonitoring test results are due on or before April 20th, July 20th, October 20th, and January 20th for biomonitoring conducted during the previous calendar quarter.
 - 4) Monthly biomonitoring test results are due on or before the 20th day of the month following sampling.
- c. Enter the following codes for the appropriate parameters for valid tests only:
 - 1) For the water flea, Parameter TLP3B, enter a "1" if the NOEC for survival is less than the critical dilution; otherwise, enter a "0."
 - 2) For the water flea, Parameter TOP3B, report the NOEC for survival.
 - 3) For the water flea, Parameter TXP3B, report the LOEC for survival.
 - 4) For the water flea, Parameter TWP3B, enter a "1" if the NOEC for reproduction is less than the critical dilution; otherwise, enter a "0."
 - 5) For the water flea, Parameter TPP3B, report the NOEC for reproduction.
 - 6) For the water flea, Parameter TYP3B, report the LOEC for reproduction.

- 7) For the fathead minnow, Parameter TLP6C, enter a "1" if the NOEC for survival is less than the critical dilution; otherwise, enter a "o."
 - 8) For the fathead minnow, Parameter TOP6C, report the NOEC for survival.
 - 9) For the fathead minnow, Parameter TXP6C, report the LOEC for survival.
 - 10) For the fathead minnow, Parameter TWP6C, enter a "1" if the NOEC for growth is less than the critical dilution; otherwise, enter a "o."
 - 11) For the fathead minnow, Parameter TPP6C, report the NOEC for growth.
 - 12) For the fathead minnow, Parameter TYP6C, report the LOEC for growth.
- d. Enter the following codes for retests only:
- 1) For retest number 1, Parameter 22415, enter a "1" if the NOEC for survival is less than the critical dilution; otherwise, enter a "o."
 - 2) For retest number 2, Parameter 22416, enter a "1" if the NOEC for survival is less than the critical dilution; otherwise, enter a "o."

4. Persistent Toxicity

The requirements of this Part apply only when a test demonstrates a significant effect at the critical dilution. Significant lethality and significant effect were defined in Part 2.b. Significant sublethality is defined as a statistically significant difference in growth/reproduction at the critical dilution when compared to the growth/reproduction in the control.

- a. The permittee shall conduct a total of 2 additional tests (retests) for any species that demonstrates a significant effect (lethal or sublethal) at the critical dilution. The two retests shall be conducted monthly during the next two consecutive months. The permittee shall not substitute either of the two retests in lieu of routine toxicity testing. All reports shall be submitted within 20 days of test completion. Test completion is defined as the last day of the test.
- b. If the retests are performed due to a demonstration of significant lethality, and one or both of the two retests specified in Part 4.a. demonstrates significant lethality, the permittee shall initiate the TRE requirements as specified in Part 5. The provisions of Part 4.a. are suspended upon completion of the two retests and submittal of the TRE action plan and schedule defined in Part 5.

If neither test demonstrates significant lethality and the permittee is testing under the reduced testing frequency provision of Part 1.e., the permittee shall return to a quarterly testing frequency for that species.

- c. If the two retests are performed due to a demonstration of significant sublethality, and one or both of the two retests specified in Part 4.a. demonstrates significant lethality, the permittee shall again perform two retests as stipulated in Part 4.a.

- d. If the two retests are performed due to a demonstration of significant sublethality, and neither test demonstrates significant lethality, the permittee shall continue testing at the quarterly frequency.
- e. Regardless of whether retesting for lethal or sublethal effects, or a combination of the two, no more than one retest per month is required for a species.

5. Toxicity Reduction Evaluation

- a. Within 45 days of the retest that demonstrates significant lethality, or within 45 days of being so instructed due to multiple toxic events, the permittee shall submit a general outline for initiating a TRE. The outline shall include, but not be limited to, a description of project personnel, a schedule for obtaining consultants (if needed), a discussion of influent and effluent data available for review, a sampling and analytical schedule, and a proposed TRE initiation date.
- b. Within 90 days of the retest that demonstrates significant lethality, or within 90 days of being so instructed due to multiple toxic events, the permittee shall submit a TRE action plan and schedule for conducting a TRE. The plan shall specify the approach and methodology to be used in performing the TRE. A TRE is a step-wise investigation combining toxicity testing with physical and chemical analyses to determine actions necessary to eliminate or reduce effluent toxicity to a level not effecting significant lethality at the critical dilution. The TRE action plan shall describe an approach for the reduction or elimination of lethality for both test species defined in Part 1.b. At a minimum, the TRE action plan shall include the following:
 - 1) Specific Activities - The TRE action plan shall specify the approach the permittee intends to utilize in conducting the TRE, including toxicity characterizations, identifications, confirmations, source evaluations, treatability studies, and alternative approaches. When conducting characterization analyses, the permittee shall perform multiple characterizations and follow the procedures specified in the document entitled "Toxicity Identification Evaluation: Characterization of Chronically Toxic Effluents, Phase I" (EPA/600/6-91/005F) or alternate procedures. The permittee shall perform multiple identifications and follow the methods specified in the documents entitled "Methods for Aquatic Toxicity Identification Evaluations, Phase II Toxicity Identification Procedures for Samples Exhibiting Acute and Chronic Toxicity" (EPA/600/R-92/080) and "Methods for Aquatic Toxicity Identification Evaluations: Phase III Toxicity Confirmation Procedures for Samples Exhibiting Acute and Chronic Toxicity" (EPA/600/R-92/081). All characterization, identification, and confirmation tests shall be conducted in an orderly and logical progression;
 - 2) Sampling Plan - The TRE action plan should describe sampling locations, methods, holding times, chain of custody, and preservation techniques. The effluent sample volume collected for all tests shall be adequate to perform the toxicity characterization/identification/confirmation procedures and chemical-specific analyses when the toxicity tests show significant lethality. Where the permittee has identified or suspects a

specific pollutant and source of effluent toxicity, the permittee shall conduct, concurrent with toxicity testing, chemical-specific analyses for the identified and suspected pollutant and source of effluent toxicity;

- 3) Quality Assurance Plan - The TRE action plan should address record keeping and data evaluation, calibration and standardization, baseline tests, system blanks, controls, duplicates, spikes, toxicity persistence in the samples, randomization, reference toxicant control charts, and mechanisms to detect artifactual toxicity; and
 - 4) Project Organization - The TRE action plan should describe the project staff, project manager, consulting engineering services (where applicable), consulting analytical and toxicological services, etc.
- c. Within 30 days of submittal of the TRE action plan and schedule, the permittee shall implement the TRE.
- d. The permittee shall submit quarterly TRE activities reports concerning the progress of the TRE. The quarterly reports are due on or before April 20th, July 20th, October 20th, and January 20th. The report shall detail information regarding the TRE activities including:
- 1) results and interpretation of any chemical-specific analyses for the identified and suspected pollutant performed during the quarter;
 - 2) results and interpretation of any characterization, identification, and confirmation tests performed during the quarter;
 - 3) any data and substantiating documentation which identifies the pollutant(s) and source of effluent toxicity;
 - 4) results of any studies/evaluations concerning the treatability of the facility's effluent toxicity;
 - 5) any data that identifies effluent toxicity control mechanisms that will reduce effluent toxicity to the level necessary to meet no significant lethality at the critical dilution; and
 - 6) any changes to the initial TRE plan and schedule that are believed necessary as a result of the TRE findings.
- e. During the TRE, the permittee shall perform, at a minimum, quarterly testing using the more sensitive species. Testing for the less sensitive species shall continue at the frequency specified in Part 1.b.
- f. If the effluent ceases to effect significant lethality, i.e., there is a cessation of lethality, the permittee may end the TRE. A cessation of lethality is defined as no significant lethality for a period of 12 consecutive months with at least monthly testing. At the end of the 12 months, the permittee shall submit a statement of intent to cease the TRE and may then resume the testing frequency specified in Part 1.b.

This provision accommodates situations where operational errors and upsets, spills, or sampling errors triggered the TRE, in contrast to a situation where a single toxicant or group of toxicants cause lethality. This provision does not apply as a result of corrective actions taken by the permittee. Corrective actions are defined as proactive efforts that eliminate or reduce effluent toxicity. These include, but are not limited to, source reduction or elimination, improved housekeeping, changes in chemical usage, and modifications of influent streams and effluent treatment.

The permittee may only apply this cessation of lethality provision once. If the effluent again demonstrates significant lethality to the same species, the permit will be amended to add a WET limit with a compliance period, if appropriate. However, prior to the effective date of the WET limit, the permittee may apply for a permit amendment removing and replacing the WET limit with an alternate toxicity control measure by identifying and confirming the toxicant and an appropriate control measure.

- g. The permittee shall complete the TRE and submit a final report on the TRE activities no later than 28 months from the last test day of the retest that confirmed significant lethal effects at the critical dilution. The permittee may petition the Executive Director (in writing) for an extension of the 28-month limit. However, to warrant an extension the permittee must have demonstrated due diligence in its pursuit of the toxicity identification evaluation/TRE and must prove that circumstances beyond its control stalled the toxicity identification evaluation/TRE. The report shall provide information pertaining to the specific control mechanism selected that will, when implemented, result in the reduction of effluent toxicity to no significant lethality at the critical dilution. The report shall also provide a specific corrective action schedule for implementing the selected control mechanism.
- h. Based on the results of the TRE and proposed corrective actions, this permit may be amended to modify the biomonitoring requirements, where necessary, require a compliance schedule for implementation of corrective actions, specify a WET limit, specify a best management practice, and specify a chemical-specific limit.
- i. Copies of any and all required TRE plans and reports shall also be submitted to the U.S. EPA Region 6 office, 6WQ-PO.

TABLE 1 (SHEET 1 OF 4)

BIOMONITORING REPORTING

CERIODAPHNIA DUBIA SURVIVAL AND REPRODUCTION

Dates and Times Composites Collected

No. 1 FROM: _____ Date Time TO: _____ Date Time

No. 2 FROM: _____ Date Time TO: _____ Date Time

No. 3 FROM: _____ Date Time TO: _____ Date Time

Test initiated: _____ am/pm _____ date

Dilution water used: _____ Receiving water _____ Synthetic Dilution water

NUMBER OF YOUNG PRODUCED PER ADULT AT END OF TEST

REP	Percent effluent					
	0%	32%	42%	56%	75%	100%
A						
B						
C						
D						
E						
F						
G						
H						
I						
J						
Survival Mean						
Total Mean						
CV%*						
PMSD						

*Coefficient of Variation = standard deviation x 100/mean (calculation based on young of the surviving adults)
 Designate males (M), and dead females (D), along with number of neonates (x) released prior to death.

TABLE 1 (SHEET 2 OF 4)

CERIODAPHNIA DUBIA SURVIVAL AND REPRODUCTION TEST

1. Dunnett's Procedure or Steel's Many-One Rank Test or Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test (with Bonferroni adjustment) or t-test (with Bonferroni adjustment) as appropriate:

Is the mean number of young produced per adult significantly less than the number of young per adult in the control for the % effluent corresponding to significant nonlethal effects?

CRITICAL DILUTION (100%): _____ YES _____ NO

PERCENT SURVIVAL

Time of Reading	Percent effluent					
	0%	32%	42%	56%	75%	100%
24h						
48h						
End of Test						

2. Fisher's Exact Test:

Is the mean survival at test end significantly less than the control survival for the % effluent corresponding to lethality?

CRITICAL DILUTION (100%): _____ YES _____ NO

3. Enter percent effluent corresponding to each NOEC\LOEC below:

a.) NOEC survival = _____% effluent

b.) LOEC survival = _____% effluent

c.) NOEC reproduction = _____% effluent

d.) LOEC reproduction = _____% effluent

TABLE 1 (SHEET 3 OF 4)

BIOMONITORING REPORTING

FATHEAD MINNOW LARVAE GROWTH AND SURVIVAL

Dates and Times Composite Collected

No. 1 FROM: _____ Date Time _____ TO: _____ Date Time _____

No. 2 FROM: _____ Date Time _____ TO: _____ Date Time _____

No. 3 FROM: _____ Date Time _____ TO: _____ Date Time _____

Test initiated: _____ am/pm _____ date

Dilution water used: _____ Receiving water _____ Synthetic dilution water

FATHEAD MINNOW GROWTH DATA

Effluent Concentration	Average Dry Weight in replicate chambers					Mean Dry Weight	CV%*
	A	B	C	D	E		
0%							
32%							
42%							
56%							
75%							
100%							
PMSD							

* Coefficient of Variation = standard deviation x 100/mean

- Dunnett's Procedure or Steel's Many-One Rank Test or Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test (with Bonferroni adjustment) or t-test (with Bonferroni adjustment) as appropriate:

Is the mean dry weight (growth) at 7 days significantly less than the control's dry weight (growth) for the % effluent corresponding to significant nonlethal effects?

CRITICAL DILUTION (100%): _____ YES _____ NO

TABLE 1 (SHEET 4 OF 4)
 BIOMONITORING REPORTING
 FATHEAD MINNOW GROWTH AND SURVIVAL TEST
 FATHEAD MINNOW SURVIVAL DATA

Effluent Concentration	Percent Survival in replicate chambers					Mean percent survival			CV%*
	A	B	C	D	E	24h	48h	7 day	
0%									
32%									
42%									
56%									
75%									
100%									

* Coefficient of Variation = standard deviation x 100/mean

2. Dunnett's Procedure or Steel's Many-One Rank Test or Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test (with Bonferroni adjustment) or t-test (with Bonferroni adjustment) as appropriate:

Is the mean survival at 7 days significantly less than the control survival for the % effluent corresponding to lethality?

CRITICAL DILUTION (100%): _____ YES _____ NO

3. Enter percent effluent corresponding to each NOEC\LOEC below:
 - a.) NOEC survival = _____% effluent
 - b.) LOEC survival = _____% effluent
 - c.) NOEC growth = _____% effluent
 - d.) LOEC growth = _____% effluent

24-HOUR ACUTE BIOMONITORING REQUIREMENTS: FRESHWATER

The provisions of this section apply to Outfall 001 for whole effluent toxicity (WET) testing.

1. Scope, Frequency, and Methodology

- a. The permittee shall test the effluent for lethality in accordance with the provisions in this section. Such testing will determine compliance with Texas Surface Water Quality Standard 30 TAC § 307.6(e)(2)(B), which requires greater than 50% survival of the appropriate test organisms in 100% effluent for a 24-hour period.
- b. The toxicity tests specified shall be conducted once per six months. The permittee shall conduct the following toxicity tests using the test organisms, procedures, and quality assurance requirements specified in this section of the permit and in accordance with "Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms," fifth edition (EPA-821-R-02-012) or its most recent update:
 - 1) Acute 24-hour static toxicity test using the water flea (*Daphnia pulex* or *Ceriodaphnia dubia*). A minimum of five replicates with eight organisms per replicate shall be used in the control and each dilution.
 - 2) Acute 24-hour static toxicity test using the fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*). A minimum of five replicates with eight organisms per replicate shall be used in the control and each dilution.

A valid test result must be submitted for each reporting period. The permittee must report, and then repeat, an invalid test during the same reporting period. The repeat test shall include the control and the 100% effluent dilution and use the appropriate number of organisms and replicates, as specified above. An invalid test is defined as any test failing to satisfy the test acceptability criteria, procedures, and quality assurance requirements specified in the test methods and permit.

- c. In addition to an appropriate control, a 100% effluent concentration shall be used in the toxicity tests. The control and dilution water shall consist of standard, synthetic, moderately hard, reconstituted water.
- d. This permit may be amended to require a WET limit, a best management practice, a chemical-specific limit, or other appropriate actions to address toxicity. The permittee may be required to conduct a toxicity reduction evaluation (TRE) after multiple toxic events.
- e. As the dilution series specified in the Chronic Biomonitoring Requirements includes a 100% effluent concentration, the results from those tests may fulfill the requirements of this Section; any tests performed in the proper time interval may be substituted. Compliance will be evaluated as specified in item a. The 50% survival in 100% effluent for a 24-hour period standard applies to all tests utilizing a 100% effluent dilution, regardless of whether the results are submitted to comply with the minimum testing frequency defined in item b.

2. Required Toxicity Testing Conditions

- a. Test Acceptance - The permittee shall repeat any toxicity test, including the control, if the control fails to meet a mean survival equal to or greater than 90%.
- b. Dilution Water - In accordance with Part 1.c., the control and dilution water shall consist of standard, synthetic, moderately hard, reconstituted water.
- c. Samples and Composites
 - 1) The permittee shall collect one composite sample from Outfall 001.
 - 2) The permittee shall collect the composite sample such that the sample is representative of any periodic episode of chlorination, biocide usage, or other potentially toxic substance being discharged.
 - 3) The permittee shall initiate the toxicity tests within 36 hours after collection of the last portion of the composite sample. The sample shall be maintained at a temperature of 0-6 degrees Centigrade during collection, shipping, and storage.
 - 4) If Outfall 001 ceases discharging during the collection of the effluent composite sample, the requirements for the minimum number of effluent portions are waived. However, the permittee must have collected a composite sample volume sufficient for completion of the required test. The abbreviated sample collection, duration, and methodology must be documented in the full report.
 - 5) The effluent sample shall not be dechlorinated after sample collection.

3. Reporting

All reports, tables, plans, summaries, and related correspondence required in this section shall be submitted to the attention of the Standards Implementation Team (MC 150) of the Water Quality Division.

- a. The permittee shall prepare a full report of the results of all tests conducted in accordance with the manual referenced in Part 1.b. for every valid and invalid toxicity test initiated.
- b. The permittee shall routinely report the results of each biomonitoring test on the Table 2 forms provided with this permit.
 - 1) Semiannual biomonitoring test results are due on or before July 20th and January 20th for biomonitoring conducted during the previous 6-month period.
 - 2) Quarterly biomonitoring test results are due on or before April 20th, July 20th, and October 20th, and January 20th for biomonitoring conducted during the previous calendar quarter.

- c. Enter the following codes for the appropriate parameters for valid tests only:
- 1) For the water flea, Parameter TIE3D, enter a "0" if the mean survival at 24 hours is greater than 50% in the 100% effluent dilution; if the mean survival is less than or equal to 50%, enter a "1."
 - 2) For the fathead minnow, Parameter TIE6C, enter a "0" if the mean survival at 24 hours is greater than 50% in the 100% effluent dilution; if the mean survival is less than or equal to 50%, enter a "1."
- d. Enter the following codes for retests only:
- 1) For retest number 1, Parameter 22415, enter a "0" if the mean survival at 24 hours is greater than 50% in the 100% effluent dilution; if the mean survival is less than or equal to 50%, enter a "1."
 - 2) For retest number 2, Parameter 22416, enter a "0" if the mean survival at 24 hours is greater than 50% in the 100% effluent dilution; if the mean survival is less than or equal to 50%, enter a "1."

4. Persistent Mortality

The requirements of this part apply when a toxicity test demonstrates significant lethality, which is defined as a mean mortality of 50% or greater of organisms exposed to the 100% effluent concentration for 24 hours.

- a. The permittee shall conduct 2 additional tests (retests) for each species that demonstrates significant lethality. The two retests shall be conducted once per week for 2 weeks. Five effluent dilution concentrations in addition to an appropriate control shall be used in the retests. These effluent concentrations are 6%, 13%, 25%, 50% and 100% effluent. The first retest shall be conducted within 15 days of the laboratory determination of significant lethality. All test results shall be submitted within 20 days of test completion of the second retest. Test completion is defined as the 24th hour.
- b. If one or both of the two retests specified in Part 4.a. demonstrates significant lethality, the permittee shall initiate the TRE requirements as specified in Part 5.

5. Toxicity Reduction Evaluation

- a. Within 45 days of the retest that demonstrates significant lethality, the permittee shall submit a general outline for initiating a TRE. The outline shall include, but not be limited to, a description of project personnel, a schedule for obtaining consultants (if needed), a discussion of influent and effluent data available for review, a sampling and analytical schedule, and a proposed TRE initiation date.
- b. Within 90 days of the retest that demonstrates significant lethality, the permittee shall submit a TRE action plan and schedule for conducting a TRE. The plan shall specify the approach and methodology to be used in performing the TRE. A TRE is a step-wise investigation combining toxicity testing with physical and chemical

analyses to determine actions necessary to eliminate or reduce effluent toxicity to a level not effecting significant lethality at the critical dilution. The TRE action plan shall lead to the successful elimination of significant lethality for both test species defined in Part 1.b. At a minimum, the TRE action plan shall include the following:

- 1) **Specific Activities** - The TRE action plan shall specify the approach the permittee intends to utilize in conducting the TRE, including toxicity characterizations, identifications, confirmations, source evaluations, treatability studies, and alternative approaches. When conducting characterization analyses, the permittee shall perform multiple characterizations and follow the procedures specified in the document entitled "Methods for Aquatic Toxicity Identification Evaluations: Phase I Toxicity Characterization Procedures" (EPA/600/6-91/003) or alternate procedures. The permittee shall perform multiple identifications and follow the methods specified in the documents entitled "Methods for Aquatic Toxicity Identification Evaluations: Phase II Toxicity Identification Procedures for Samples Exhibiting Acute and Chronic Toxicity" (EPA/600/R-92/080) and "Methods for Aquatic Toxicity Identification Evaluations: Phase III Toxicity Confirmation Procedures for Samples Exhibiting Acute and Chronic Toxicity" (EPA/600/R-92/081). All characterization, identification, and confirmation tests shall be conducted in an orderly and logical progression;
 - 2) **Sampling Plan** - The TRE action plan should describe sampling locations, methods, holding times, chain of custody, and preservation techniques. The effluent sample volume collected for all tests shall be adequate to perform the toxicity characterization/identification/confirmation procedures and chemical-specific analyses when the toxicity tests show significant lethality. Where the permittee has identified or suspects specific pollutant and source of effluent toxicity, the permittee shall conduct, concurrent with toxicity testing, chemical-specific analyses for the identified and suspected pollutant and source of effluent toxicity;
 - 3) **Quality Assurance Plan** - The TRE action plan should address record keeping and data evaluation, calibration and standardization, baseline tests, system blanks, controls, duplicates, spikes, toxicity persistence in the samples, randomization, reference toxicant control charts, and mechanisms to detect artifactual toxicity; and
 - 4) **Project Organization** - The TRE Action Plan should describe the project staff, project manager, consulting engineering services (where applicable), consulting analytical and toxicological services, etc.
- c. Within 30 days of submittal of the TRE action plan and schedule, the permittee shall implement the TRE.
- d. The permittee shall submit quarterly TRE activities reports concerning the progress of the TRE. The quarterly TRE activities reports are due on or before April 20th, July 20th, October 20th, and January 20th. The report shall detail information regarding the TRE activities including:

- 1) results and interpretation of any chemical-specific analyses for the identified and suspected pollutant performed during the quarter;
 - 2) results and interpretation of any characterization, identification, and confirmation tests performed during the quarter;
 - 3) any data and substantiating documentation that identifies the pollutant and source of effluent toxicity;
 - 4) results of any studies/evaluations concerning the treatability of the facility's effluent toxicity;
 - 5) any data that identifies effluent toxicity control mechanisms that will reduce effluent toxicity to the level necessary to eliminate significant lethality; and
 - 6) any changes to the initial TRE plan and schedule that are believed necessary as a result of the TRE findings.
- e. During the TRE, the permittee shall perform, at a minimum, quarterly testing using the more sensitive species. Testing for the less sensitive species shall continue at the frequency specified in Part 1.b.
- f. If the effluent ceases to effect significant lethality, i.e., there is a cessation of lethality, the permittee may end the TRE. A cessation of lethality is defined as no significant lethality for a period of 12 consecutive weeks with at least weekly testing. At the end of the 12 weeks, the permittee shall submit a statement of intent to cease the TRE and may then resume the testing frequency specified in Part 1.b.

This provision accommodates situations where operational errors and upsets, spills, or sampling errors triggered the TRE, in contrast to a situation where a single toxicant or group of toxicants cause lethality. This provision does not apply as a result of corrective actions taken by the permittee. Corrective actions are defined as proactive efforts that eliminate or reduce effluent toxicity. These include, but are not limited to, source reduction or elimination, improved housekeeping, changes in chemical usage, and modifications of influent streams and effluent treatment.

The permittee may only apply this cessation of lethality provision once. If the effluent again demonstrates significant lethality to the same species, the permit will be amended to add a WET limit with a compliance period, if appropriate. However, prior to the effective date of the WET limit, the permittee may apply for a permit amendment removing and replacing the WET limit with an alternate toxicity control measure by identifying and confirming the toxicant and an appropriate control measure.

- g. The permittee shall complete the TRE and submit a final report on the TRE activities no later than 18 months from the last test day of the retest that demonstrates significant lethality. The permittee may petition the Executive

Director (in writing) for an extension of the 18-month limit. However, to warrant an extension the permittee must have demonstrated due diligence in its pursuit of the toxicity identification evaluation/TRE and must prove that circumstances beyond its control stalled the toxicity identification evaluation/TRE. The report shall specify the control mechanism that will, when implemented, reduce effluent toxicity as specified in Part 5.h. The report shall also specify a corrective action schedule for implementing the selected control mechanism. A copy of the TRE final report shall also be submitted to the U.S. EPA Region 6 office.

- h. Within 3 years of the last day of the test confirming toxicity, the permittee shall comply with 30 TAC § 307.6(e)(2)(B), which requires greater than 50% survival of the test organism in 100% effluent at the end of 24-hours. The permittee may petition the Executive Director (in writing) for an extension of the 3-year limit. However, to warrant an extension the permittee must have demonstrated due diligence in its pursuit of the toxicity identification evaluation/TRE and must prove that circumstances beyond its control stalled the toxicity identification evaluation/TRE.

The permittee may be exempted from complying with 30 TAC § 307.6(e)(2)(B) upon proving that toxicity is caused by an excess, imbalance, or deficiency of dissolved salts. This exemption excludes instances where individually toxic components (e.g., metals) form a salt compound. Following the exemption, this permit may be amended to include an ion-adjustment protocol, alternate species testing, or single species testing.

- i. Based upon the results of the TRE and proposed corrective actions, this permit may be amended to modify the biomonitoring requirements where necessary, require a compliance schedule for implementation of corrective actions, specify a WET limit, specify a best management practice, and specify a chemical-specific limit.
- j. Copies of any and all required TRE plans and reports shall also be submitted to the U.S. EPA Region 6 office, 6WQ-PO.

TABLE 2 (SHEET 1 OF 2)

WATER FLEA SURVIVAL

GENERAL INFORMATION

	Time	Date
Composite Sample Collected		
Test Initiated		

PERCENT SURVIVAL

Time	Rep	Percent effluent					
		0%	6%	13%	25%	50%	100%
24h	A						
	B						
	C						
	D						
	E						
	MEAN						

Enter percent effluent corresponding to the LC50 below:

24-hour LC50 = _____% effluent

TABLE 2 (SHEET 2 OF 2)
 FATHEAD MINNOW SURVIVAL

GENERAL INFORMATION

	Time	Date
Composite Sample Collected		
Test Initiated		

PERCENT SURVIVAL

Time	Rep	Percent effluent					
		0%	6%	13%	25%	50%	100%
24h	A						
	B						
	C						
	D						
	E						
	MEAN						

Enter percent effluent corresponding to the LC50 below:

24-hour LC50 = _____% effluent

Attachment A
WQ0010619003
City of Weslaco

DOMESTIC TECHNICAL REPORT 1.0

POLLUTANT ANALYSES REQUIREMENTS

Section 7. Pollutant Analysis of Treated Effluent

For pollutants identified in Table 1.0(2), indicate type of sample of Grab or Composite.

Date and time sample(s) collected:

Table 1.0(2) – Pollutant Analysis for Wastewater Treatment Facilities

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	Sample Type	MAL (µg/l)
CBOD ₅ , mg/l					50
Total Suspended Solids (TSS), mg/l					0.01
Ammonia Nitrogen (NH ₃ -N), mg/l					2.5
Nitrate Nitrogen, mg/l					10
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN), mg/l					5
Sulfate, mg/l					0.5
Chloride, mg/l					3
Total Phosphorus, mg/l					10
pH, standard units (SU)					50
Dissolved Oxygen (DO), mg/l					5
Chlorine Residual, mg/l					5
<i>E.coli</i> (CFU or MPN/100 ml)					10
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l					10
Oil & Grease, mg/l					10
Alkalinity (CaCO ₃), mg/l					10

**Attachment A
WQ0010619003
City of Weslaco**

DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 4.0

POLLUTANT ANALYSES REQUIREMENTS*

Section 1. Toxic Pollutants

For pollutants identified in Table 4.0(1), indicate type of sample.

Grab Composite

Date and time sample(s) collected:

Table 4.0(1) – Toxics Analysis

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Acrylonitrile				50
Aldrin				0.01
Aluminum				2.5
Anthracene				10
Antimony				5
Arsenic				0.5
Barium				3
Benzene				10
Benzidine				50
Benzo(a)anthracene				5
Benzo(a)pyrene				5
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether				10
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate				10
Bromodichloromethane				10
Bromoform				10
Cadmium				1
Carbon Tetrachloride				2
Carbaryl				5
Chlordane				0.2

Attachment A
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Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Chlorobenzene				10
Chlorodibromomethane				10
Chloroform				10
Chlorpyrifos				0.05
Chromium (Total)				3
Chromium (Tri) (*1)				N/A
Chromium (Hex)				3
Copper				2
Chrysene				5
p-Chloro-m-Cresol				10
4,6-Dinitro-o-Cresol				50
p-Cresol				10
Cyanide (*2)				10
4,4'- DDD				0.1
4,4'- DDE				0.1
4,4'- DDT				0.02
2,4-D				0.7
Demeton (O and S)				0.20
Diazinon				0.5/0.1
1,2-Dibromoethane				10
m-Dichlorobenzene				10
o-Dichlorobenzene				10
p-Dichlorobenzene				10
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine				5
1,2-Dichloroethane				10
1,1-Dichloroethylene				10

Attachment A
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Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Dichloromethane				20
1,2-Dichloropropane				10
1,3-Dichloropropene				10
Dicofol				1
Dieldrin				0.02
2,4-Dimethylphenol				10
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate				10
Diuron				0.09
Endosulfan I (alpha)				0.01
Endosulfan II (beta)				0.02
Endosulfan Sulfate				0.1
Endrin				0.02
Ethylbenzene				10
Fluoride				500
Guthion				0.1
Heptachlor				0.01
Heptachlor Epoxide				0.01
Hexachlorobenzene				5
Hexachlorobutadiene				10
Hexachlorocyclohexane (alpha)				0.05
Hexachlorocyclohexane (beta)				0.05
gamma-Hexachlorocyclohexane (Lindane)				0.05
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene				10
Hexachloroethane				20
Hexachlorophene				10

Attachment A
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Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Lead				0.5
Malathion				0.1
Mercury				0.005
Methoxychlor				2
Methyl Ethyl Ketone				50
Mirex				0.02
Nickel				2
Nitrate-Nitrogen				100
Nitrobenzene				10
N-Nitrosodiethylamine				20
N-Nitroso-di-n-Butylamine				20
Nonylphenol				333
Parathion (ethyl)				0.1
Pentachlorobenzene				20
Pentachlorophenol				5
Phenanthrene				10
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB's) (*3)				0.2
Pyridine				20
Selenium				5
Silver				0.5
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene				20
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane				10
Tetrachloroethylene				10
Thallium				0.5
Toluene				10
Toxaphene				0.3

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Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)				0.3
Tributyltin (see instructions for explanation)				0.01
1,1,1-Trichloroethane				10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane				10
Trichloroethylene				10
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol				50
TTHM (Total Trihalomethanes)				10
Vinyl Chloride				10
Zinc				5

(*1) Determined by subtracting hexavalent Cr from total Cr.

(*2) Cyanide, amenable to chlorination or weak-acid dissociable.

(*3) The sum of seven PCB congeners 1242, 1254, 1221, 1232, 1248, 1260, and 1016.

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Section 2. Priority Pollutants

For pollutants identified in Tables 4.0(2)A-E, indicate type of sample.

Grab Composite

Date and time sample(s) collected:

Table 4.0(2)A – Metals, Cyanide, Phenols

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Antimony				5
Arsenic				0.5
Beryllium				0.5
Cadmium				1
Chromium (Total)				3
Chromium (Hex)				3
Chromium (Tri) (*1)				N/A
Copper				2
Lead				0.5
Mercury				0.005
Nickel				2
Selenium				5
Silver				0.5
Thallium				0.5
Zinc				5
Cyanide (*2)				10
Phenols, Total				10

(*1) Determined by subtracting hexavalent Cr from total Cr.

(*2) Cyanide, amenable to chlorination or weak-acid dissociable

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Table 4.0(2)B – Volatile Compounds

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Acrolein				50
Acrylonitrile				50
Benzene				10
Bromoform				10
Carbon Tetrachloride				2
Chlorobenzene				10
Chlorodibromomethane				10
Chloroethane				50
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether				10
Chloroform				10
Dichlorobromomethane [Bromodichloromethane]				10
1,1-Dichloroethane				10
1,2-Dichloroethane				10
1,1-Dichloroethylene				10
1,2-Dichloropropane				10
1,3-Dichloropropylene [1,3-Dichloropropene]				10
1,2-Trans-Dichloroethylene				10
Ethylbenzene				10
Methyl Bromide				50
Methyl Chloride				50
Methylene Chloride				20
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane				10
Tetrachloroethylene				10
Toluene				10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane				10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane				10
Trichloroethylene				10
Vinyl Chloride				10

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Table 4.0(2)C – Acid Compounds

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
2-Chlorophenol				10
2,4-Dichlorophenol				10
2,4-Dimethylphenol				10
4,6-Dinitro-o-Cresol				50
2,4-Dinitrophenol				50
2-Nitrophenol				20
4-Nitrophenol				50
P-Chloro-m-Cresol				10
Pentalchlorophenol				5
Phenol				10
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol				10

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Table 4.0(2)D – Base/Neutral Compounds

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Acenaphthene				10
Acenaphthylene				10
Anthracene				10
Benzidine				50
Benzo(a)Anthracene				5
Benzo(a)Pyrene				5
3,4-Benzofluoranthene				10
Benzo(ghi)Perylene				20
Benzo(k)Fluoranthene				5
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane				10
Bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether				10
Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether				10
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate				10
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether				10
Butyl benzyl Phthalate				10
2-Chloronaphthalene				10
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether				10
Chrysene				5
Dibenzo(a,h)Anthracene				5
1,2-(o)Dichlorobenzene				10
1,3-(m)Dichlorobenzene				10
1,4-(p)Dichlorobenzene				10
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine				5
Diethyl Phthalate				10
Dimethyl Phthalate				10
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate				10
2,4-Dinitrotoluene				10
2,6-Dinitrotoluene				10
Di-n-Octyl Phthalate				10
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine (as Azo-benzene)				20
Fluoranthene				10
Fluorene				10
Hexachlorobenzene				5
Hexachlorobutadiene				10

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Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Hexachlorocyclo-pentadiene				10
Hexachloroethane				20
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene				5
Isophorone				10
Naphthalene				10
Nitrobenzene				10
N-Nitrosodimethylamine				50
N-Nitrosodi-n-Propylamine				20
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine				20
Phenanthrene				10
Pyrene				10
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene				10

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Table 4.0(2)E - Pesticides

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Aldrin				0.01
alpha-BHC (Hexachlorocyclohexane)				0.05
beta-BHC (Hexachlorocyclohexane)				0.05
gamma-BHC (Hexachlorocyclohexane)				0.05
delta-BHC (Hexachlorocyclohexane)				0.05
Chlordane				0.2
4,4-DDT				0.02
4,4-DDE				0.1
4,4,-DDD				0.1
Dieldrin				0.02
Endosulfan I (alpha)				0.01
Endosulfan II (beta)				0.02
Endosulfan Sulfate				0.1
Endrin				0.02
Endrin Aldehyde				0.1
Heptachlor				0.01
Heptachlor Epoxide				0.01
PCB-1242				0.2
PCB-1254				0.2
PCB-1221				0.2
PCB-1232				0.2
PCB-1248				0.2
PCB-1260				0.2
PCB-1016				0.2
Toxaphene				0.3

Section 3. Dioxin/Furan Compounds

A. Are any of the following compounds used by a contributing industrial user or significant industrial user that is part of the collection system for the facility that you have reason to believe are present in the influent to the wastewater treatment plant?

Yes No

If yes, identify which compound(s) are potentially sent to the facility.

- 2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy acetic acid
Common Name 2,4,5-T, CASRN 93-76-5
- 2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) propanoic acid
Common Name Silvex or 2,4,5-TP, CASRN 93-72-1
- 2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) ethyl 2,2-dichloropropionate
Common Name Erbon, CASRN 136-25-4
- 0,0-dimethyl 0-(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl) phosphorothioate
Common Name Ronnel, CASRN 299-84-3
- 2,4,5-trichlorophenol
Common Name TCP, CASRN 95-95-4
- hexachlorophene
Common Name HCP, CASRN 70-30-4

For each compound identified, provide a brief description of the conditions of its/their presence at the facility.

B. Do you know or have any reason to believe that 2,3,7,8 Tetrachlorodibenzo-P-Dioxin (TCDD) or any congeners of TCDD may be present in your effluent?

Yes No

If yes, provide a brief description of the conditions for its presence.

If you responded yes to either Subsection A or B, complete Table 4.0(2)F.

For pollutants identified in Table 4.0(2)F, indicate type of sample.

Grab Composite

Date and time sample(s) collected:

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TABLE 4.0(2)F - DIOXIN/FURAN COMPOUNDS

Compound	Toxic Equivalency Factors	Wastewater Concentration (ppq)	Wastewater Equivalents (ppq)	Sludge Concentration (ppt)	Sludge Equivalents (ppt)	MAL (ppq)
3,7,8 TCDD	1					10
2,3,7,8 PeCDD	0.5					50
3,7,8 HxCDDs	0.1					50
2,3,4,6,7,8 pCDD	0.01					50
3,7,8 TCDF	0.1					10
2,3,7,8 PeCDF	0.05					50
3,4,7,8 PeCDF	0.5					50
3,7,8 HxCDFs	0.1					50
3,4,7,8 HpCDFs	0.01					50
OCDD	0.0003					100
OCDF	0.0003					100
CB 77	0.0001					0.5
CB 81	0.0003					0.5
CB 126	0.1					0.5
CB 169	0.03					0.5
Total						

*For PCBs, if all are non-detects, enter the highest non-detect preceded by a "<".

FACT SHEET AND EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S PRELIMINARY DECISION

For draft Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) Permit No. WQ0010619003, EPA I.D. No. TX0052787, to discharge to water in the state.

Issuing Office: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
P.O. Box 13087
Austin, Texas 78711-3087

Applicant: City of Weslaco
1912 Joe Stephens Avenue
Weslaco, Texas 78599

Prepared By: Melinda Luxemburg, P.E.
Municipal Permits Team
Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148)
Water Quality Division
(512) 239-4541

Date: December 21, 2023

Permit Action: Renewal

1. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR RECOMMENDATION

The Executive Director has made a preliminary decision that this permit, if issued, meets all statutory and regulatory requirements. The draft permit includes an expiration date of **five years from the date of issuance**.

2. APPLICANT ACTIVITY

The applicant has applied to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for a renewal of the existing permit that authorizes the discharge of treated domestic wastewater at an annual average flow not to exceed 4.9 MGD. The existing wastewater treatment facility serves the City of Weslaco.

3. FACILITY AND DISCHARGE LOCATION

The plant site is located at 907 North Airport Drive, Weslaco, in Hidalgo County, Texas 78599.

Outfall Location:

Outfall Number	Latitude	Longitude
001	26.184877 N	97.971014 W

The treated effluent is discharged to an unnamed drainage ditch, thence to North Floodway, thence to Laguna Madre in Segment No. 2491 of the Bays and Estuaries. The unclassified receiving water use is limited aquatic life use for the unnamed drainage ditch. The designated uses for Segment No. 2491 are primary contact recreation, exceptional aquatic life use, and oyster waters.

4. TREATMENT PROCESS DESCRIPTION AND SEWAGE SLUDGE DISPOSAL

The Weslaco North Wastewater Treatment Facility (WWTF) is an activated sludge process plant operated in the extended aeration mode. Treatment units include a lift station, bar screen/grit removal, one aeration basin, one oxidation ditch, three final clarifiers, one aerobic sludge digester, one belt filter press, two chlorine contact chambers, and a dechlorination chamber. The facility is in operation.

Sludge generated from the treatment facility is hauled by a registered transporter (Denali Water Solutions; Hauler Registration No. 24979) to various TCEQ-authorized beneficial land application sites operated by Denali Water Solutions, LLC in Hidalgo County and/or to a permitted landfill. The draft permit also authorizes the disposal of sludge at a TCEQ-authorized land application site, co-disposal landfill, wastewater treatment facility, or facility that further processes sludge.

5. INDUSTRIAL WASTE CONTRIBUTION

The draft permit includes pretreatment requirements that are appropriate for a facility of this size and complexity. The facility does not appear to receive significant industrial wastewater contributions.

6. SUMMARY OF SELF-REPORTED EFFLUENT ANALYSES

The following is a summary of the applicant's effluent monitoring data for the period June 2021 through May 2023. The average of Daily Average value is computed by the averaging of all 30-day average values for the reporting period for each parameter: flow, five-day carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand (CBOD₅), total suspended solids (TSS), ammonia-nitrogen (NH₃-N), and total zinc (TZ). The average of Daily Average value for *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*) in colony-forming units (CFU) or most probable number (MPN) per 100 ml is calculated via geometric mean. Mass-based limits are expressed as pounds per day (lbs/day). Concentration-based limits are expressed as milligrams per liter (mg/l).

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Average of Daily Average</u>
Flow, MGD	2.52
CBOD ₅ , mg/l	4.87
TSS, mg/l	2.77
NH ₃ -N, mg/l	0.88
Total Zinc, mg/l	0.08
<i>E. coli</i> , CFU or MPN per 100 ml	2.0

7. DRAFT PERMIT CONDITIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

The effluent limitations and monitoring requirements for those parameters that are limited in the draft permit are as follows:

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS & MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

The annual average flow of effluent shall not exceed 4.9 MGD, nor shall the average discharge during any two-hour period (2-hour peak) exceed 12,260 gpm.

City of Weslaco TPDES Permit No. WQ0010619003
 Fact Sheet and Executive Director's Preliminary Decision

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>30-Day Average</u>		<u>7-Day Average</u>	<u>Daily Maximum</u>
	<u>mg/l</u>	<u>lbs/day</u>	<u>mg/l</u>	<u>mg/l</u>
CBOD ₅	10	409	15	25
TSS	15	613	25	40
NH ₃ -N	3	123	6	10
TZ	0.53	22	N/A	1.12
Dissolved Oxygen (DO), min.	4.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
<i>E. coli</i> , CFU or MPN per 100 ml	126	N/A	N/A	399

The pH shall not be less than 6.0 standard units (SU) nor greater than 9.0 SU and shall be monitored once per week by grab sample. There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts and no discharge of visible oil.

The effluent shall contain a total chlorine residual of at least 1.0 mg/l after a detention time of at least 20 minutes (based on peak flow) and shall be monitored daily by grab sample. The permittee shall dechlorinate the chlorinated effluent to less than 0.1 mg/l total chlorine residual and shall monitor total chlorine residual daily by grab sample after the dechlorination process. An equivalent method of disinfection may be substituted only with prior approval of the Executive Director.

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Monitoring Requirement</u>
Flow, MGD	Continuous
CBOD ₅	Two/week
TSS	Two/week
NH ₃ -N	Two/week
TZ	One/quarter
DO	Two/week
<i>E. coli</i> , CFU or MPN per 100 ml	One/week

B. SEWAGE SLUDGE REQUIREMENTS

The draft permit includes Sludge Provisions according to the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 312, Sludge Use, Disposal, and Transportation. Sludge generated from the treatment facility is hauled by a registered transporter Denali Water Solutions; Hauler Registration No. 24979) to various TCEQ-authorized beneficial land application sites operated by Denali Water Solutions, LLC in Hidalgo County and/or to a permitted landfill. The draft permit also authorizes the disposal of sludge at a TCEQ-authorized land application site, co-disposal landfill, wastewater treatment facility, or facility that further processes sludge.

C. PRETREATMENT REQUIREMENTS

Permit requirements for pretreatment are based on TPDES regulations contained in 30 TAC Chapter 305, which references 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 403, "General Pretreatment Regulations for Existing and New Sources of Pollution" [*rev. Federal Register/ Vol. 70/ No. 198/ Friday, October 14, 2005/ Rules and Regulations, pages 60134-60798*]. The permit includes specific requirements that establish responsibilities of local government, industry, and the public to implement

the standards to control pollutants which pass through or interfere with treatment processes in publicly owned treatment works or which may contaminate the sewage sludge. This permit has appropriate pretreatment language for a facility of this size and complexity.

D. WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (BIOMONITORING) REQUIREMENTS

- (1) The draft permit includes chronic freshwater biomonitoring requirements as follows. The permit requires five dilutions in addition to the control (0% effluent) to be used in the toxicity tests. These additional effluent concentrations shall be 32%, 42%, 56%, 75%, and 100%. The low-flow effluent concentration (critical dilution) is defined as 100% effluent. The critical dilution is in accordance with the "Aquatic Life Criteria" section of the "Water Quality Based Effluent Limitations/Conditions" section.
 - (a) Chronic static renewal survival and reproduction test using the water flea (*Ceriodaphnia dubia*). The frequency of the testing is once per quarter for at least the first year of testing, after which the permittee may apply for a testing frequency reduction.
 - (b) Chronic static renewal 7-day larval survival and growth test using the fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*). The frequency of the testing is once per quarter for at least the first year of testing, after which the permittee may apply for a testing frequency reduction.
- (2) The draft permit includes the following minimum 24-hour acute freshwater biomonitoring requirements at a frequency of once per six months:
 - (a) Acute 24-hour static toxicity test using the water flea (*Daphnia pulex* or *Ceriodaphnia dubia*).
 - (b) Acute 24-hour static toxicity test using the fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*).

E. SUMMARY OF CHANGES FROM APPLICATION

None.

F. SUMMARY OF CHANGES FROM EXISTING PERMIT

The Standard Permit Conditions, Sludge Provisions, Other Requirements, and Biomonitoring sections of the draft permit have been updated. Pretreatment requirements have been continued in the draft permit.

The permittee's facility mailing address has been updated according to the information provided in the application.

Added effluent testing at new Other Requirement No. 11 because the required application effluent data was not included with the application. Upon review of the effluent data, the permit may be reopened to include additional monitoring requirements or effluent limitations, as needed.

The draft permit continues to authorize an annual average flow of 4.9 MGD. The draft permit continues the existing effluent limitations, based on a 30-day average, of 10 mg/l CBOD₅, 15 mg/l TSS, 3 mg/l NH₃-N, 0.53 TZ, 126 CFU or MPN of *E. coli* per 100 ml, and 4.0 mg/l minimum DO. The effluent shall contain a total chlorine residual of at least 1.0 mg/l after a detention time of at least 20 minutes based on peak flow and shall be dechlorinated to less than 0.1 mg/l total chlorine residual.

For Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs), effective December 21, 2025, the permittee must submit the written report for unauthorized discharges and unanticipated bypasses that exceed any effluent limit in the permit using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver.

Certain accidental discharges or spills of treated or untreated wastewater from wastewater treatment facilities or collection systems owned or operated by a local government may be reported on a monthly basis in accordance with 30 TAC § 305.132.

The draft permit includes all updates based on the 30 TAC § 312 rule change effective April 23, 2020.

8. DRAFT PERMIT RATIONALE

A. TECHNOLOGY-BASED EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS/CONDITIONS

Regulations promulgated in Title 40 of the CFR require that technology-based limitations be placed in wastewater discharge permits based on effluent limitations guidelines, where applicable, or on best professional judgment (BPJ) in the absence of guidelines.

Effluent limitations for maximum and minimum pH are in accordance with 40 CFR § 133.102(c) and 30 TAC § 309.1(b).

Consistent with the procedures for pH screening that were submitted to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) with a letter dated May 28, 2014, and approved by EPA in a letter dated June 2, 2014, requiring a discharge to an unclassified water body to meet pH limits of 6.0 – 9.0 standard units (SU) reasonably ensures instream compliance with *Texas Surface Water Quality Standards* (TSWQS) pH criteria. Therefore, the technology-based pH limitations of 6.0 to 9.0 SU will reasonably ensure compliance with the TSWQS.

B. WATER QUALITY SUMMARY AND COASTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

(1) WATER QUALITY SUMMARY

The treated effluent is discharged to an unnamed drainage ditch, thence to North Floodway, thence to Laguna Madre in Segment No. 2491 of the Bays and Estuaries. The unclassified receiving water use is limited aquatic life use for the unnamed drainage ditch. The designated uses for Segment No. 2491 are primary contact recreation, exceptional aquatic life use, and oyster

waters. The effluent limitations in the draft permit will maintain and protect the existing instream uses. All determinations are preliminary and subject to additional review and/or revisions.

A watershed of high priority has been identified in Segment No. 2491. The piping plover, *Charadrius melodus* Ord, a threatened aquatic-dependent species, is found in the watershed of Segment No. 2491; however, the facility is located in Hidalgo County and is not a petroleum facility, therefore, its discharge is not expected to have an effect on the piping plover. This determination is based on the United States Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS's) biological opinion on the State of Texas authorization of the TPDES (September 14, 1998, October 21, 1998, update). To make this determination for TPDES permits, TCEQ and EPA only considered aquatic or aquatic-dependent species occurring in watersheds of critical concern or high priority as listed in Appendix A of the USFWS biological opinion. The determination is subject to reevaluation due to subsequent updates or amendments to the biological opinion. The permit does not require EPA review with respect to the presence of endangered or threatened species.

Segment No. 2491 is currently listed on the State's inventory of impaired and threatened waters, the 2022 Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list. The listings are for elevated bacteria in the area adjacent to the Arroyo Colorado confluence (AU 2491_02). Depressed dissolved oxygen is listed in the upper portion of the bay north of the Arroyo Colorado confluence (AU 2491_01) and in the area adjacent to the Arroyo Colorado confluence (AU 2491_02). There is also a listing for bacteria (oyster waters) in the area adjacent to the Arroyo Colorado confluence (AU 2491OW_02). This application is for renewal of an existing authorization and does not represent an increase in the permitted levels of oxygen demanding constituents to the watershed of Segment No. 2491. In addition, this facility is designed to provide adequate disinfection and, when operated properly, should not add to the bacterial impairment of the segment.

The effluent limitations and conditions in the draft permit comply with EPA-approved portions of the 2018 Texas Surface Water Quality Standards (TSWQS), 30 TAC §§ 307.1 - 307.10, effective March 1, 2018; 2014 TSWQS, effective March 6, 2014; 2010 TSWQS, effective July 22, 2010; and 2000 TSWQS, effective July 26, 2000.

(2) CONVENTIONAL PARAMETERS

Effluent limitations for the conventional effluent parameters (i.e., Five-Day Biochemical Oxygen Demand or Five-Day Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand, Ammonia Nitrogen, etc.) are based on stream standards and waste load allocations for water quality-limited streams as established in the TSWQS and the State of Texas Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP).

The effluent limitations in the draft permit have been reviewed for consistency with the WQMP. The existing effluent limitations are contained in the approved WQMP.

The effluent limitations in the draft permit meet the requirements for secondary treatment and the requirements for disinfection according to 30 TAC Chapter 309, Subchapter A: Effluent Limitations.

(3) COASTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

The facility is not located in the Coastal Management Program boundary.

C. WATER QUALITY-BASED EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS/CONDITIONS

(1) GENERAL COMMENTS

The Texas Surface Water Quality Standards (30 TAC Chapter 307) state that surface waters will not be toxic to man, or to terrestrial or aquatic life. The methodology outlined in the "Procedures to Implement the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards, June 2010" is designed to ensure compliance with 30 TAC Chapter 307. Specifically, the methodology is designed to ensure that no source will be allowed to discharge any wastewater that: (1) results in instream aquatic toxicity; (2) causes a violation of an applicable narrative or numerical state water quality standard; (3) results in the endangerment of a drinking water supply; or (4) results in aquatic bioaccumulation that threatens human health.

(2) AQUATIC LIFE CRITERIA

(a) SCREENING

Discharge is to an unnamed drainage ditch, which is a perennial freshwater (FW) ditch, stream, or river. Water quality-based effluent limitations are calculated from freshwater aquatic life criteria found in Table 1 of the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards (30 TAC Chapter 307).

Acute freshwater criteria are applied at the edge of the zone of initial dilution (ZID), and chronic freshwater criteria are applied at the edge of the aquatic life mixing zone. The ZID for this discharge is defined as 20 feet upstream and 60 feet downstream from the point where the discharge enters the unnamed drainage ditch. The aquatic life mixing zone for this discharge is defined as 100 feet upstream and 300 feet downstream from the point where the discharge enters the unnamed drainage ditch.

TCEQ uses the mass balance equation to estimate dilutions at the edges of the ZID and aquatic life mixing zone during critical conditions. The estimated dilution at the edge of the aquatic life mixing zone is calculated using the permitted flow of 4.9 MGD and the 7-day, 2-year (7Q2) flow of 0.1 cubic feet per second (cfs) for unnamed drainage ditch. The estimated dilution at the edge of the ZID is calculated using the permitted flow of 4.9 MGD and 25% of the 7Q2 flow.

The following critical effluent percentages are being used:

Acute Effluent %: 99.67% Chronic Effluent %: 98.70%

Waste load allocations (WLAs) are calculated using the above estimated effluent percentages, criteria outlined in the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards, and partitioning coefficients for metals (when appropriate and designated in the implementation procedures). The WLA is the end-of-pipe effluent concentration that can be discharged when, after mixing in the receiving stream, instream numerical criteria will not be exceeded. From the WLA, a long-term average (LTA) is calculated using a log normal probability distribution, a given coefficient of variation (0.6), and a 90th percentile confidence level. The LTA is the long-term average effluent concentration for which the WLA will never be exceeded using a selected percentile confidence level. The lower of the two LTAs (acute and chronic) is used to calculate a daily average and daily maximum effluent limitation for the protection of aquatic life using the same statistical considerations with the 99th percentile confidence level and a standard number of monthly effluent samples collected (12).

Assumptions used in deriving the effluent limitations include segment values for hardness, chlorides, pH, and total suspended solids (TSS) according to the segment-specific values contained in the TCEQ guidance document "Procedures to Implement the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards, June 2010." The Segment No. 2491 values are 5011 mg/l for hardness (as calcium carbonate), 18700 mg/l chlorides, 8.0 standard units for pH, and 12 mg/l for TSS. This discharge is into a freshwater body that flows into a saltwater segment. Therefore, data from a representative freshwater segment such as Segment No. 2202 is recommended for screening the freshwater portion of the discharge route using the applicable TEXTOX menu for calculating the water quality-based effluent limitations. The Segment No. 2202 values are 713 mg/l for hardness (as calcium carbonate), 860 mg/l chlorides, 7.4 standard units for pH, and 72 mg/l for TSS. For additional details on the calculation of water quality-based effluent limitations, refer to the TCEQ guidance document.

TCEQ practice for determining significant potential is to compare the reported analytical data against percentages of the calculated daily average water quality-based effluent limitation. Permit limitations are required when analytical data reported in the application exceeds 85% of the calculated daily average water quality-based effluent limitation. Monitoring and reporting is required when analytical data reported in the application exceeds 70% of the calculated daily average water quality-based effluent limitation. See Attachment A of this Fact Sheet for the calculated water quality-based effluent limitations for aquatic life protection.

(b) PERMIT ACTION

No analytical data is available for screening against water quality-based effluent limitations because the facility did not provide the effluent data. Therefore, Other Requirement No. 11 has been included in the draft permit requiring the permittee to conduct effluent data sampling with results of the analytical testing submitted within 90 days after issuance of this permit. Upon review of the effluent data, the permit may be reopened to include additional monitoring requirements or limits for the protection of aquatic life, as needed.

The total zinc effluent limits in the existing permit were compared to the calculated water quality-based effluent limits for the protection of aquatic life for total zinc from Attachment A of this Fact Sheet. The comparison of the existing and calculated effluent limitations are shown in the below table. The existing total zinc effluent limitations are more protective and are continued in the draft permit.

Parameter	Daily Average		Daily Maximum
	mg/L	lbs/day	mg/L
Zinc, total (Existing)	0.53	22	1.12
Zinc, total (Calculated)	2.9	118	6.1

(3) AQUATIC ORGANISM BIOACCUMULATION CRITERIA

(a) SCREENING

Discharge is to an unnamed drainage ditch, which is a perennial freshwater (FW) ditch, stream, or river. Water quality-based effluent limitations for the protection of human health are calculated using criteria for the consumption of freshwater fish tissue found in Table 2 of the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards (30 TAC Chapter 307). Freshwater fish tissue bioaccumulation criteria are applied at the edge of the human health mixing zone. The human health mixing zone for this discharge is identical to the aquatic life mixing zone. TCEQ uses the mass balance equation to estimate dilution at the edge of the human health mixing zone during average flow conditions. The estimated dilution at the edge of the human health mixing zone is calculated using the permitted flow of 4.9 MGD and the harmonic mean flow of 0.2 cfs for the unnamed drainage ditch. The following critical effluent percentage is being used:

Human Health Effluent %: 97.43%

Water quality-based effluent limitations for human health protection against the consumption of fish tissue are calculated using the same procedure as outlined for calculation of water quality-based effluent limitations for aquatic life protection. A 99th percentile confidence

level in the long-term average calculation is used with only one long-term average value being calculated.

Significant potential is again determined by comparing reported analytical data against 70% and 85% of the calculated daily average water quality-based effluent limitation. See Attachment A of this Fact Sheet for the calculated water quality-based effluent limitations for protection of human health.

(b) PERMIT ACTION

No analytical data is available for screening against water quality-based effluent limitations because the facility did not provide the effluent data. Therefore, Other Requirement No. 11 has been included in the draft permit requiring the permittee to conduct effluent data sampling with results of the analytical testing submitted within 90 days after issuance of this permit. Upon review of the effluent data, the permit may be reopened to include additional monitoring requirements or limits for the protection of human health, as needed.

(4) DRINKING WATER SUPPLY PROTECTION

(a) SCREENING

Water Quality Segment No. 2491, which receives the discharge from this facility, is not designated as a public water supply. Screening reported analytical data of the effluent against water quality-based effluent limitations calculated for the protection of a drinking water supply is not applicable.

(b) PERMIT ACTION

None.

(5) WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (BIOMONITORING) CRITERIA

(a) SCREENING

TCEQ has determined that there may be pollutants present in the effluent that may have the potential to cause toxic conditions in the receiving stream. Whole effluent biomonitoring is the most direct measure of potential toxicity that incorporates the effects of synergism of effluent components and receiving stream water quality characteristics. Biomonitoring of the effluent is, therefore, required as a condition of this permit to assess potential toxicity.

The existing permit includes chronic freshwater biomonitoring requirements. A summary of the biomonitoring testing for the facility indicates that in the past 3 years, the permittee performed twelve chronic tests, with no demonstrations of significant toxicity (i.e., zero failures) by the water flea or fathead minnow.

REASONABLE POTENTIAL DETERMINATION

A reasonable potential (RP) determination was performed in accordance with 40 CFR §122.44(d)(1)(ii) to determine whether the discharge will reasonably be expected to cause or contribute to an exceedance of a state water quality standard or criterion within that standard. Each test species is evaluated separately. The RP determination is based on representative data from the previous three years of chronic whole effluent toxicity (WET) testing. This determination was performed in accordance with the methodology outlined in the TCEQ letter to the EPA dated December 28, 2015, and approved by the EPA in a letter dated December 28, 2015.

With no demonstrations of significant toxicity during the period of record for either test species (i.e., zero failures), a determination of no reasonable potential was made. All of the test results were used for this determination.

(b) PERMIT ACTION

The test species are appropriate to measure the toxicity of the effluent consistent with the requirements of the State water quality standards. The biomonitoring frequency has been established to reflect the likelihood of ambient toxicity and to provide data representative of the toxic potential of the facility's discharge. This permit may be reopened to require effluent limits, additional testing, and/or other appropriate actions to address toxicity if biomonitoring data show actual or potential ambient toxicity to be the result of the permittee's discharge to the receiving stream or water body.

(6) WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY CRITERIA (24-HOUR ACUTE)

(a) SCREENING

The existing permit includes 24-hour acute freshwater biomonitoring language. A summary of the biomonitoring testing for the facility indicates that in the past three years, the permittee has performed twelve 24-hour acute tests, with no demonstrations of significant mortality (i.e., zero failures).

(b) PERMIT ACTION

The draft permit includes 24-hour 100% acute biomonitoring tests for the life of the permit.

9. WATER QUALITY VARIANCE REQUESTS

No variance requests have been received.

10. PROCEDURES FOR FINAL DECISION

When an application is declared administratively complete, the Chief Clerk sends a letter to the applicant advising the applicant to publish the Notice of Receipt of Application and Intent to Obtain Permit in the newspaper. In addition, the Chief Clerk instructs the applicant to place a copy of the application in a public place for review and copying in the county where the facility is or will be located. This application will be in a public place throughout the comment period. The Chief Clerk also mails this notice to any interested persons and, if required, to landowners identified in the permit application. This notice informs the public about the application and provides that an interested person may file comments on the application or request a contested case hearing or a public meeting.

Once a draft permit is completed, it is sent, along with the Executive Director's preliminary decision, as contained in the technical summary or fact sheet, to the Chief Clerk. At that time, the Notice of Application and Preliminary Decision will be mailed to the same people and published in the same newspaper as the prior notice. This notice sets a deadline for making public comments. The applicant must place a copy of the Executive Director's preliminary decision and draft permit in the public place with the application.

Any interested person may request a public meeting on the application until the deadline for filing public comments. A public meeting is intended for the taking of public comment and is not a contested case proceeding.

After the public comment deadline, the Executive Director prepares a response to all significant public comments on the application, or the draft permit raised during the public comment period. The Chief Clerk then mails the Executive Director's response to comments and final decision to people who have filed comments, requested a contested case hearing, or requested to be on the mailing list. This notice provides that if a person is not satisfied with the Executive Director's response and decision, they can request a contested case hearing or file a request to reconsider the Executive Director's decision within 30 days after the notice is mailed.

The Executive Director will issue the permit unless a written hearing request or request for reconsideration is filed within 30 days after the Executive Director's response to comments and final decision is mailed. If a hearing request or request for reconsideration is filed, the Executive Director will not issue the permit and will forward the application and request to the TCEQ Commissioners for their consideration at a scheduled Commission meeting. If a contested case hearing is held, it will be a legal proceeding similar to a civil trial in state district court.

If the Executive Director calls a public meeting or the Commission grants a contested case hearing as described above, the Commission will give notice of the date, time, and place of the meeting or hearing. If a hearing request or request for reconsideration is made, the Commission will consider all public comments in making its decision and shall either adopt the Executive Director's response to public comments or prepare its own response.

For additional information about this application, contact Melinda Luxemburg, P.E. at (512) 239-4541.

11. ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

The following items were considered in developing the draft permit:

A. PERMIT(S)

TPDES Permit No. WQ0010619003 issued on November 6, 2018.

B. APPLICATION

Application received on June 13, 2023, and additional information received on July 21, 2023, July 24, 2023, July 27, 2023, and August 4, 2023.

C. MEMORANDA

Interoffice Memoranda from the Water Quality Assessment Section of the TCEQ Water Quality Division. Interoffice Memorandum from the Pretreatment Team of the TCEQ Water Quality Division.

D. MISCELLANEOUS

Federal Clean Water Act § 402; Texas Water Code § 26.027; 30 TAC Chapters 30, 305, 309, 312, and 319; Commission policies; and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidelines.

Texas Surface Water Quality Standards, 30 TAC §§307.1 - 307.10, TCEQ, effective March 1, 2018, as approved by EPA Region 6.

Texas Surface Water Quality Standards, 30 TAC §§307.1 - 307.10, TCEQ, effective March 6, 2014, as approved by EPA Region 6, for portions of the 2018 standards not approved by EPA Region 6.

Texas Surface Water Quality Standards, 30 TAC §§307.1 - 307.10, TCEQ, effective July 22, 2010, as approved by EPA Region 6, for portions of the 2014 standards not yet approved by EPA Region 6.

Texas Surface Water Quality Standards, 30 TAC §§307.1 - 307.10, TCEQ, effective August 17, 2000, and Appendix E, effective February 27, 2002, for portions of the 2010 standards not yet approved by EPA Region 6.

Short-Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms, Fourth Edition (EPA-821-R-02-013).

Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms, Fifth Edition (EPA-821-R-02-012).

Procedures to Implement the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards (IP), Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, June 2010, as approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, and the IP, January 2003, for portions of the 2010 IP not approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

City of Weslaco TPDES Permit No. WQ0010619003
Fact Sheet and Executive Director's Preliminary Decision

Texas 2022 Clean Water Act Section 303(d) List, Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, June 21, 2022; approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency on July 7, 2022.

Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission, *Guidance Document for Establishing Monitoring Frequencies for Domestic and Industrial Wastewater Discharge Permits*, Document No. 98-001.000-OWR-WQ, May 1998.

City of Weslaco TPDES Permit No. WQ0010619003
 Fact Sheet and Executive Director's Preliminary Decision

Attachment A
Calculated Water Quality Based Effluent Limitations

TEXTOX MENU #3 - PERENNIAL STREAM OR RIVER

The water quality-based effluent limitations developed below are calculated using:

Table 1, 2014 Texas Surface Water Quality Standards (30 TAC 307) for Freshwater Aquatic Life

Table 2, 2018 Texas Surface Water Quality Standards for Human Health

"Procedures to Implement the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards," TCEQ, June 2010

PERMIT INFORMATION

Permittee Name:	City of Weslaco
TPDES Permit No.:	WQ0010619003
Outfall No.:	001
Prepared by:	Melinda Luxemburg, P.E.
Date:	December 21, 2023

DISCHARGE INFORMATION

Intermittent Receiving Waterbody:	Unnamed drainage ditch, a perennial freshwater ditch [Human Health criteria apply for incidental fish only].
Segment No.:	2491 (use freshwater Segment No. 2202 values.)
TSS (mg/L):	72
pH (Standard Units):	7.4
Hardness (mg/L as CaCO ₃):	713
Chloride (mg/L):	860
Effluent Flow for Aquatic Life (MGD):	4.9
Critical Low Flow [7Q2] (cfs):	0.1
% Effluent for Chronic Aquatic Life (Mixing Zone):	98.70
% Effluent for Acute Aquatic Life (ZID):	99.67
Effluent Flow for Human Health (MGD):	4.9
Harmonic Mean Flow (cfs):	0.2
% Effluent for Human Health:	97.43
Human Health Criterion (select: PWS, FISH, or INC)	INC

CALCULATE DISSOLVED FRACTION (AND ENTER WATER EFFECT RATIO IF APPLICABLE):

<i>Stream/River Metal</i>	<i>Intercept (b)</i>	<i>Slope (m)</i>	<i>Partition Coefficient (Kp)</i>	<i>Dissolved Fraction (Cd/Ct)</i>	<i>Source</i>	<i>Water Effect Ratio (WER)</i>	<i>Source</i>
Aluminum	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.00	Assumed	1.00	Assumed
Arsenic	5.68	-0.73	21093.43	0.397		1.00	Assumed
Cadmium	6.60	-1.13	31711.32	0.305		1.00	Assumed
Chromium (total)	6.52	-0.93	62041.28	0.183		1.00	Assumed
Chromium (trivalent)	6.52	-0.93	62041.28	0.183		1.00	Assumed
Chromium (hexavalent)	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.00	Assumed	1.00	Assumed
Copper	6.02	-0.74	44215.44	0.239		1.00	Assumed
Lead	6.45	-0.80	92073.36	0.131		1.00	Assumed
Mercury	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.00	Assumed	1.00	Assumed
Nickel	5.69	-0.57	42787.85	0.245		1.00	Assumed
Selenium	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.00	Assumed	1.00	Assumed
Silver	6.38	-1.03	29305.39	0.322		1.00	Assumed
Zinc	6.10	-0.70	63076.45	0.180		1.00	Assumed

City of Weslaco TPDES Permit No. WQ0010619003
 Fact Sheet and Executive Director's Preliminary Decision

Attachment A
Calculated Water Quality Based Effluent Limitations

AQUATIC LIFE

CALCULATE DAILY AVERAGE AND DAILY MAXIMUM EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS:

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>FW Acute Criterion (µg/L)</i>	<i>FW Chronic Criterion (µg/L)</i>	<i>WLAa (µg/L)</i>	<i>WLAc (µg/L)</i>	<i>LTAa (µg/L)</i>	<i>LTAc (µg/L)</i>	<i>Daily Avg. (µg/L)</i>	<i>Daily Max. (µg/L)</i>
Aldrin	3.0	N/A	3.01	N/A	1.72	N/A	2.54	5.36
Aluminum	991	N/A	994	N/A	570	N/A	837	1772
Arsenic	340	150	859	383	492	295	433	917
Cadmium	57.7	0.959	190.1	3.19	108.9	2.46	3.61	7.64
Carbaryl	2.0	N/A	2.01	N/A	1.15	N/A	1.69	3.58
Chlordane	2.4	0.004	2.41	0.0041	1.38	0.0031	0.0046	0.0097
Chlorpyrifos	0.083	0.041	0.083	0.042	0.048	0.032	0.047	0.099
Chromium (trivalent)	2847	370	15615	2051	8948	1579	2322	4912
Chromium (hexavalent)	15.7	10.6	15.8	10.7	9.0	8.3	12.2	25.7
Copper	90.4	50.7	379.4	215.0	217.4	165.6	243.4	515
Cyanide (free)	45.8	10.7	46.0	10.8	26.3	8.3	12.3	26.0
4,4'-DDT	1.1	0.001	1.10	0.0010	0.632	0.0008	0.0011	0.0024
Demeton	N/A	0.1	N/A	0.101	N/A	0.078	0.115	0.243
Diazinon	0.17	0.17	0.171	0.172	0.098	0.133	0.144	0.304
Dicofol [Kelthane]	59.3	19.8	59.5	20.1	34.1	15.4	22.7	48.0
Dieldrin	0.24	0.002	0.241	0.0020	0.138	0.0016	0.0023	0.0049
Diuron	210	70	211	71	121	55	80	170
Endosulfan I (<i>alpha</i>)	0.22	0.056	0.221	0.057	0.126	0.044	0.064	0.136
Endosulfan II (<i>beta</i>)	0.22	0.056	0.221	0.057	0.126	0.044	0.064	0.136
Endosulfan sulfate	0.22	0.056	0.221	0.057	0.126	0.044	0.064	0.136
Endrin	0.086	0.002	0.086	0.0020	0.049	0.0016	0.0023	0.0049
Guthion [Azinphos Methyl]	N/A	0.01	N/A	0.010	N/A	0.008	0.011	0.024
Heptachlor	0.52	0.004	0.52	0.0041	0.299	0.0031	0.0046	0.0097
Hexachlorocyclohexane (<i>gamma</i>) [Lindane]	1.126	0.08	1.13	0.081	0.647	0.062	0.092	0.194
Lead	502	19.58	3845	151.3	2203	116.5	171.3	362
Malathion	N/A	0.01	N/A	0.010	N/A	0.008	0.011	0.024
Mercury	2.4	1.3	2.41	1.32	1.38	1.01	1.49	3.15
Methoxychlor	N/A	0.03	N/A	0.030	N/A	0.023	0.034	0.073
Mirex	N/A	0.001	N/A	0.0010	N/A	0.0008	0.0011	0.0024
Nickel	2467	274.0	10101	1133	5788	872	1282	2713
Nonylphenol	28	6.6	28.1	6.7	16.1	5.15	7.6	16.0
Parathion (ethyl)	0.065	0.013	0.065	0.013	0.037	0.010	0.015	0.032
Pentachlorophenol	13.0	10.0	13.1	10.1	7.5	7.8	11.0	23.3
Phenanthrene	30	30	30.1	30.4	17.2	23.4	25.4	53.6
Polychlorinated Biphenyls [PCBs]	2.0	0.014	2.01	0.014	1.15	0.011	0.016	0.034
Selenium	20	5	20.1	5.07	11.5	3.90	5.7	12.1
Silver	0.8	N/A	27.79	N/A	15.93	N/A	23.41	49.5
Toxaphene	0.78	0.0002	0.783	0.00020	0.448	0.00016	0.00023	0.00049
Tributyltin [TBT]	0.13	0.024	0.130	0.024	0.075	0.019	0.028	0.058
2,4,5 Trichlorophenol	136	64	136	65	78.2	49.9	73	155
Zinc	619	624	3441	3504	1972	2698	2899	6133

Attachment A Calculated Water Quality Based Effluent Limitations

HUMAN HEALTH (APPLIES FOR INCIDENTAL FRESHWATER FISH TISSUE)
 CALCULATE DAILY AVERAGE AND DAILY MAXIMUM EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS:

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Water and Fish Criterion (µg/L)</i>	<i>Fish Only Criterion (µg/L)</i>	<i>Incidental Fish Criterion (µg/L)</i>	<i>WLAh (µg/L)</i>	<i>LTAh (µg/L)</i>	<i>Daily Avg. (µg/L)</i>	<i>Daily Max. (µg/L)</i>
Acrylonitrile	1.0	115	1150	1180.34	1097.71	1613.64	3413.89
Aldrin	1.146E-05	1.147E-05	1.147E-04	1.18E-04	1.09E-04	1.61E-04	3.40E-04
Anthracene	1109	1317	13170	13517	12571	18480	39096
Antimony	6	1071	10710	10992.5	10223.1	15027.9	31793.7
Arsenic	10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Barium	2000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzene	5	581	5810	5963.3	5545.8	8152.4	17247.6
Benzidine	0.0015	0.107	1.07	1.0982	1.0214	1.5014	3.1764
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.024	0.025	0.25	0.257	0.239	0.351	0.742
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.0025	0.0025	0.025	0.0257	0.0239	0.035	0.074
Bis(chloromethyl)ether	0.0024	0.2745	2.745	2.8174	2.6202	3.852	8.149
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	0.60	42.83	428.3	439.60	408.83	600.98	1271.45
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate [Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate]	6	7.55	75.5	77.5	72.1	105.9	224.1
Bromodichloromethane [Dichlorobromomethane]	10.2	275	2750	2822.5	2625.0	3858.7	8164
Bromoform [Tribromomethane]	66.9	1060	10600	10880	10118	14874	31467
Cadmium	5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Carbon Tetrachloride	4.5	46	460	472.1	439.1	645.5	1365.6
Chlordane	0.0025	0.0025	0.025	0.0257	0.0239	0.035	0.074
Chlorobenzene	100	2737	27370	28092	26126	38405	81251
Chlorodibromomethane [Dibromochloromethane]	7.5	183	1830	1878.3	1746.8	2567.8	5432.5
Chloroform [Trichloromethane]	70	7697	76970	79001	73470	108002	228493
Chromium (hexavalent)	62	502	5020	5152	4792	7044	14902
Chrysene	2.45	2.52	25.2	25.86	24.05	35.4	74.8
Cresols [Methylphenols]	1041	9301	93010	95464	88781	130508	276109
Cyanide (free)	200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4,4'-DDD	0.002	0.002	0.02	0.0205	0.0191	0.0281	0.0594
4,4'-DDE	0.00013	0.00013	0.0013	0.00133	0.00124	0.00182	0.0039
4,4'-DDT	0.0004	0.0004	0.004	0.0041	0.0038	0.0056	0.0119
2,4'-D	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Danitrol [Fenpropathrin]	262	473	4730	4855	4515	6637	14041
1,2-Dibromoethane [Ethylene Dibromide]	0.17	4.24	42.4	43.519	40.472	59.494	125.87
<i>m</i> -Dichlorobenzene [1,3-Dichlorobenzene]	322	595	5950	6107	5679	8349	17663
<i>o</i> -Dichlorobenzene [1,2-Dichlorobenzene]	600	3299	32990	33860	31490	46290	97934
<i>p</i> -Dichlorobenzene [1,4-Dichlorobenzene]	75	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	0.79	2.24	22.4	22.99	21.38	31.43	66.50
1,2-Dichloroethane	5	364	3640	3736.0	3474.5	5107.5	10805.7
1,1-Dichloroethylene [1,1-Dichloroethene]	7	55114	551140	565679.3	526081.7	773340.2	1636114.2
Dichloromethane [Methylene Chloride]	5	13333	133330	136847.3	127268.0	187083.9	395803.4
1,2-Dichloropropane	5	259	2590	2658.3	2472.2	3634.2	7688.7
1,3-Dichloropropene [1,3-Dichloropropylene]	2.8	119	1190	1221.39	1135.90	1669.8	3532.6
Dicofol [Kelthane]	0.30	0.30	3	3.08	2.864	4.21	8.91
Dieldrin	2.0E-05	2.0E-05	2.0E-04	2.05E-04	1.91E-04	2.81E-04	5.94E-04
2,4-Dimethylphenol	444	8436	84360	86585	80524	118371	250431
Di- <i>n</i> -Butyl Phthalate	88.9	92.4	924	948	882	1297	2743
Dioxins/Furans [TCDD Equivalents]	7.80E-08	7.97E-08	7.97E-07	8.18E-07	7.61E-07	1.12E-06	2.37E-06

City of Weslaco TPDES Permit No. WQ0010619003
 Fact Sheet and Executive Director's Preliminary Decision

Attachment A
Calculated Water Quality Based Effluent Limitations

HUMAN HEALTH (APPLIES FOR INCIDENTAL FRESHWATER FISH TISSUE)
 CALCULATE DAILY AVERAGE AND DAILY MAXIMUM EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS:

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Water and Fish Criterion (µg/L)</i>	<i>Fish Only Criterion (µg/L)</i>	<i>Incidental Fish Criterion (µg/L)</i>	<i>WLAh (µg/L)</i>	<i>LTAh (µg/L)</i>	<i>Daily Avg. (µg/L)</i>	<i>Daily Max. (µg/L)</i>
Endrin	0.02	0.02	0.2	0.205	0.191	0.281	0.594
Epichlorohydrin	53.5	2013	20130	20661	19215	28246	59758
Ethylbenzene	700	1867	18670	19163	17821	26197	55424
Ethylene Glycol	46744	1.68E+07	1.68E+08	172431909	160361675	235731662	498724809
Fluoride	4000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Heptachlor	8.0E-05	0.0001	0.001	0.00103	0.00095	0.00140	0.00297
Heptachlor Epoxide	0.00029	0.00029	0.0029	0.0030	0.0028	0.0041	0.0086
Hexachlorobenzene	0.00068	0.00068	0.0068	0.0070	0.0065	0.0095	0.0202
Hexachlorobutadiene	0.21	0.22	2.2	2.258	2.100	3.087	6.53
Hexachlorocyclohexane (<i>alpha</i>)	0.0078	0.0084	0.084	0.086	0.080	0.118	0.249
Hexachlorocyclohexane (<i>beta</i>)	0.15	0.26	2.6	2.669	2.482	3.648	7.72
Hexachlorocyclohexane (<i>gamma</i>) [Lindane]	0.2	0.341	3.41	3.500	3.255	4.785	10.12
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	10.7	11.6	116	119.1	110.7	162.8	344
Hexachloroethane	1.84	2.33	23.3	23.91	22.24	32.69	69.2
Hexachlorophene	2.05	2.90	29	29.77	27.68	40.69	86.1
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol [Bisphenol A]	1092	15982	159820	164036	152554	224254	474442
Lead	1.15	3.83	38.3	299.9	278.9	410.0	867.4
Mercury	0.0122	0.0122	0.122	0.125	0.116	0.171	0.362
Methoxychlor	2.92	3.0	30	30.8	28.64	42.1	89.1
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	13865	9.92E+05	9.92E+06	10181694	9468975	13919393	29448513
Methyl <i>tert</i> -butyl ether [MTBE]	15	10482	104820	107585.2	100054.2	147079.7	311169
Nickel	332	1140	11400	47747	44405	65276	138100
Nitrate-Nitrogen (as Total Nitrogen)	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nitrobenzene	45.7	1873	18730	19224	17878	26281	55602
N-Nitrosodiethylamine	0.0037	2.1	21	21.554	20.045	29.466	62.341
N-Nitroso-di- <i>n</i> -Butylamine	0.119	4.2	42	43.108	40.090	58.933	124.68
Pentachlorobenzene	0.348	0.355	3.55	3.64	3.39	4.98	10.54
Pentachlorophenol	0.22	0.29	2.9	2.977	2.768	4.07	8.61
Polychlorinated Biphenyls [PCBs]	6.4E-04	6.4E-04	6.40E-03	0.0066	0.0061	0.0090	0.0190
Pyridine	23	947	9470	9719.8	9039.4	13288	28113
Selenium	50	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	0.23	0.24	2.4	2.463	2.291	3.37	7.12
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.64	26.35	263.5	270.45	251.52	369.73	782.2
Tetrachloroethylene [Tetrachloroethene]	5	280	2800	2873.9	2672.7	3928.9	8312.1
Thallium	0.12	0.23	2.3	2.361	2.195	3.227	6.83
Toluene	1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Toxaphene	0.011	0.011	0.11	0.113	0.105	0.154	0.327
2,4,5-TP [Silvex]	50	369	3690	3787	3522	5178	10954
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	200	784354	7843540	8050456	7486924	11005778	23284333
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5	166	1660	1703.8	1584.5	2329.3	4927.9
Trichloroethylene [Trichloroethene]	5	71.9	719	738.0	686.3	1008.9	2134.4
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	1039	1867	18670	19163	17821	26197	55424
TTHM [Sum of Total Trihalomethanes]	80	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Vinyl Chloride	0.23	16.5	165	169.353	157.498	231.522	489.819

**Attachment A
 Calculated Water Quality Based Effluent Limitations**

CALCULATE 70% AND 85% OF DAILY AVERAGE EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS:

Aquatic Life Parameter	70% of Daily Avg. (µg/L)	85% of Daily Avg. (µg/L)
Aldrin	1.77	2.15
Aluminum	586	712
Arsenic	303	368
Cadmium	2.53	3.07
Carbaryl	1.18	1.44
Chlordane	0.0032	0.0039
Chlorpyrifos	0.033	0.040
Chromium (trivalent)	1625	1974
Chromium (hexavalent)	8.5	10.3
Copper	170.4	206.9
Cyanide (free)	8.6	10.4
4,4'-DDT	0.0008	0.0010
Demeton	0.080	0.097
Diazinon	0.101	0.122
Dicofol [Kelthane]	15.9	19.3
Dieldrin	0.0016	0.0019
Diuron	56	68
Endosulfan I (alpha)	0.045	0.055
Endosulfan II (beta)	0.045	0.055
Endosulfan sulfate	0.045	0.055
Endrin	0.0016	0.0019
Guthion [Azinphos Methyl]	0.008	0.010
Heptachlor	0.0032	0.0039
Hexachlorocyclohexane (gamma) [Lindane]	0.064	0.078
Lead	119.9	145.6
Malathion	0.008	0.010
Mercury	1.04	1.27
Methoxychlor	0.024	0.029
Mirex	0.0008	0.0010
Nickel	898	1090
Nonylphenol	5.30	6.4
Parathion (ethyl)	0.010	0.013
Pentachlorophenol	7.7	9.4
Phenanthrene	17.7	21.5
Polychlorinated Biphenyls [PCBs]	0.011	0.014
Selenium	4.01	4.87
Silver	16.39	19.90
Toxaphene	0.00016	0.00019
Tributyltin [TBT]	0.019	0.023
2,4,5 Trichlorophenol	51.4	62
Zinc	2029	2464

**Attachment A
 Calculated Water Quality Based Effluent Limitations**

Human Health Parameter	70% of Daily Avg. (µg/L)	85% of Daily Avg. (µg/L)
Acrylonitrile	1129.55	1371.59
Aldrin	1.13E-04	1.37E-04
Anthracene	12936	15708
Antimony	10519.5	12773.7
Arsenic	N/A	N/A
Barium	N/A	N/A
Benzene	5706.7	6929.5
Benzidine	1.0510	1.2762
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.246	0.298
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.0246	0.0298
Bis(chloromethyl)ether	2.6962	3.2739
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	420.68	510.83
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate [Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate]	74.2	90.0
Bromodichloromethane [Dichlorobromomethane]	2701.1	3279.9
Bromoform [Tribromomethane]	10411	12643
Cadmium	N/A	N/A
Carbon Tetrachloride	451.8	548.6
Chlordane	0.0246	0.0298
Chlorobenzene	26883	32644
Chlorodibromomethane [Dibromochloromethane]	1797.5	2182.6
Chloroform [Trichloromethane]	75601	91801
Chromium (hexavalent)	4931	5987
Chrysene	24.75	30.06
Cresols [Methylphenols]	91356	110932
Cyanide (free)	N/A	N/A
4,4'-DDD	0.0196	0.0239
4,4'-DDE	0.00128	0.00155
4,4'-DDT	0.0039	0.0048
2,4'-D	N/A	N/A
Danitol [Fenpropathrin]	4646	5641
1,2-Dibromoethane [Ethylene Dibromide]	41.646	50.570
m-Dichlorobenzene [1,3-Dichlorobenzene]	5844	7097
o-Dichlorobenzene [1,2-Dichlorobenzene]	32403	39347
p-Dichlorobenzene [1,4-Dichlorobenzene]	N/A	N/A
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	22.00	26.72
1,2-Dichloroethane	3575.3	4341.4
1,1-Dichloroethylene [1,1-Dichloroethene]	541338.1	657339.1
Dichloromethane [Methylene Chloride]	130958.8	159021.4
1,2-Dichloropropane	2543.9	3089.1
1,3-Dichloropropene [1,3-Dichloropropylene]	1168.84	1419.3
Dicofol [Kelthane]	2.947	3.58
Dieldrin	1.96E-04	2.39E-04
2,4-Dimethylphenol	82860	100615
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate	908	1102
Dioxins/Furans [TCDD Equivalents]	7.83E-07	9.51E-07

Attachment A
Calculated Water Quality Based Effluent Limitations

Human Health <i>Parameter</i>	70% of Daily Avg. ($\mu\text{g/L}$)	85% of Daily Avg. ($\mu\text{g/L}$)
Endrin	0.196	0.239
Epichlorohydrin	19772	24009
Ethylbenzene	18338	22268
Ethylene Glycol	165012164	200371913
Fluoride	N/A	N/A
Heptachlor	0.00098	0.00119
Heptachlor Epoxide	0.00285	0.00346
Hexachlorobenzene	0.0067	0.0081
Hexachlorobutadiene	2.161	2.624
Hexachlorocyclohexane (<i>alpha</i>)	0.083	0.100
Hexachlorocyclohexane (<i>beta</i>)	2.554	3.101
Hexachlorocyclohexane (<i>gamma</i>) [Lindane]	3.349	4.067
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	113.9	138.4
Hexachloroethane	22.89	27.79
Hexachlorophene	28.48	34.59
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol [Bisphenol A]	156978	190616
Lead	287.0	348.5
Mercury	0.120	0.146
Methoxychlor	29.47	35.8
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	9743575	11831484
Methyl tert-butyl ether [MTBE]	102955.8	125017.8
Nickel	45693	55484
Nitrate-Nitrogen (as Total Nitrogen)	N/A	N/A
Nitrobenzene	18397	22339
N-Nitrosodiethylamine	20.627	25.046
N-Nitroso-di-n-Butylamine	41.253	50.093
Pentachlorobenzene	3.49	4.23
Pentachlorophenol	2.848	3.459
Polychlorinated Biphenyls [PCBs]	0.0063	0.0076
Pyridine	9301.6	11294.8
Selenium	N/A	N/A
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	2.357	2.862
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	258.81	314.27
Tetrachloroethylene [Tetrachloroethene]	2750.2	3339.5
Thallium	2.259	2.743
Toluene	N/A	N/A
Toxaphene	0.108	0.131
2,4,5-TP [Silvex]	3624	4401
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	7704045	9354911
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1630.5	1979.9
Trichloroethylene [Trichloroethene]	706.2	857.5
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	18338	22268
TTHM (Sum of Total Trihalomethanes)	N/A	N/A
Vinyl Chloride	162.066	196.794